County of Dauphin, Pennsylvania

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORTFor The Year Ended December 31, 2019



Prepared By The Office Of The Controller TIMOTHY L. DEFOOR, CONTROLLER

www.dauphincounty.org



Y COUNTY OF DAUPHIN, PENNSYLVANIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

PREPARED BY THE OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER

TIMOTHY L. DEFOOR



Timothy L. DeFoor Controller

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN, PENNSYLVANIA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTEROPLICATION	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	4 =
Letter of Transmittal	1 - 5
County of Dauphin Organization Chart	6
County of Dauphin Officials	7
Map of Dauphin County	8
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	9
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	10-12
Management's Discussion and Analysis	13 - 27
Basic Financial Statements	00
Statement of Net Position	29
Statement of Activities	30
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	31 - 32
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	33
Governmental Funds	34
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	0.5
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	35
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	36
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	27
- Proprietary Funds	37
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	38 - 39 40
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	40
Combining Statement of Net Position – Component Units	42
Combining Statement of Net Position – Component Units Combining Statement of Activities – Component Units	43
Notes to Financial Statements	45 - 144
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	146
Schedule of Employer Contributions	147
Schedule of Investment Returns	148
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	149
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	4.50
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund	150
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	454
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – Children and Youth Fund	151
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	450
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – Low Income Housing Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	152
	153
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – Gaming Fund	155
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – MH/A/DP Fund	154
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	155-156
Notes to Required Supplementary information	100-100
Other Supplementary Information	
Combining and Individual Nonmajor Governmental Funds Financial Statements and Schedules	150
and Schedules Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	159 160
Combining Dalance Officer - Normajor Governmental Funds	100

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN, PENNSYLVANIA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL OF STICAL (CONTINUED)	<u>Page</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)	
Other Supplementary Information (Continued) Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	161
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	101
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – Capital Projects Fund	162
Combining Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Financial Statements and Schedules	164
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	165-166
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
- Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	167-168
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – State Grant Fund	169
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – Liquid Fuels Fund	170
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – Domestic Relations Fund	171
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	470
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – Hazard Material Emergency Response Fund	172
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	172
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – Human Service Development Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	173
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – Aging Fund	174
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	174
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – Drug and Alcohol Fund	175
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – Hotel Tax Fund	176
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – Emergency 911 Operating & Act 56 Wireless Fund	177
Schedule of Departmental Expenditures –	
Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund	178-186
Combining and Individual Nonmajor Enterprise Fund Financial Statements	188
Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	189
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position –	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	190
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	191 - 192
Combining Agency Fund Statements	194
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	195-198
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Years	200
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Years	201-202
Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source – Last Ten Years	203
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years	204
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years	205-206
General Government Expenditures by Function – Last Ten Years	207
General Governmental Revenues by Source – Last Ten Years	208
Governmental Funds Tax Revenue by Source – Last Ten Years	209
Property Values – Last Ten Years	210
Real Estate Millage Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Years	211
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates – Last Ten Years	212 213
Principal Property Taxpayers County Real Estate Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Years	213 214
County Library Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Years	214
County Library Tax Levics and Concentric - Last Ten Tears	210

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN, PENNSYLVANIA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION (CONTINUED)	
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Years	216
Ratio of General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value of Real Estate and General	
Obligation Debt Per Capita – Last Ten Years	217
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	218-219
Computation of Legal Debt Margin – Last Ten Years	220
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Years	221
Principal Employers	222
Full-Time Employees by Function/Program – Last Ten Years	223-224
Operating Indicators by Function – Last Ten Years	225-227
Capital Asset Statistics by Function – Fleet – Last Ten Years	228
Capital Asset Statistics by Function – Square Footage – Last Ten Years	229-230



(717) 780-6570

Harrisburg, PA 17101-2091

Controller Timothy L. DeFoor

Chief deputy controller James E. Markel

> Solicitor Kevin R. Helm, Esquire

August 21, 2020

TO THE CITIZENS AND COMMISSIONERS OF DAUPHIN COUNTY:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) representing the County of Dauphin, Pennsylvania, for the year ended December 31, 2019, is hereby submitted. The CAFR was prepared by the Office of the Dauphin County Controller.

The CAFR contains Dauphin County's management's representation of County finances. All the County funds and financial activities are included in this report, as well as a reflection of the countywide services provided for our citizens. Therefore, County management claims full responsibility for the accurateness of the data presented and the reliability of the information. Our goal is to fairly present the County's financial position, changes in financial position, and to allow the reader to clearly understand the County's financial affairs.

The County's CAFR is prepared in accordance with the U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and the requirements of the Government Finance Officers Association. Because the cost of internal control should not outweigh its benefits, the County's internal control has been designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements will not contain material misstatements.

Commonwealth statutes require an audit be performed by independent certified public accountants. The County's management selected Zelenkofske Axelrod, LLC, a group of licensed certified public accountants to perform this task. The goal of the audit is to ensure the accuracy of the basic financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019. The independent auditor's report is presented at the front of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the basic financial statements of the County complies with the federally mandated Uniform Guidance (Single Audit) Standards that require the independent auditor to report on the government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements. These reports are available in the separately issued Single Audit Report.

To comply with GAAP, management has provided an introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The letter of transmittal complements the MD&A section and is to be read together. The County's MD&A can be found following the independent auditor's report

Dauphin County Profile

Dauphin County is a third-class county located in south central Pennsylvania, approximately 100 miles west of Philadelphia and 200 miles east of Pittsburgh. The County was founded in 1785 by John Harris, Jr. who named it "Dauphin" to honor the eldest son (Louis Joseph, Dauphin of France) of the King of France, King Louis XVI, after France came to the aid of the American colonies during the American Revolution. Today, Dauphin County covers 525 square miles and is home to over 278,000 residents in forty (40) municipalities, including the state capital, Harrisburg.

Registered voters in Dauphin County elect the following public officials to four year terms: three (3) County Commissioners, District Attorney, Treasurer, Prothonotary, Coroner, Clerk of Courts, Register of Wills and Clerk of the Orphans' Court, Sheriff, Controller and Recorder of Deeds. These public officials, except for the Commissioners, are frequently referred to as "row officers." The Commissioners act as the managers and administrators of county government. Each row officer is tasked with various responsibilities, which include maintaining official public records, collecting taxes, fees and court-imposed fines, aiding in the administration of justice, supervising fiscal affairs, and many other county-related public service functions pursuant to the Pennsylvania County Code. Each year the County Commissioners shall adopt a budget no later than December 31st for the following year. The adopted budget shall be made available for public inspection at least twenty (20) days prior to the date set for adoption. In December 2018, the Dauphin County Commissioners passed a \$247 million county-wide budget for 2019 that held the line on taxes for a 14th consecutive year.

As part of the County structure, the Dauphin County Department of Community & Economic Development (DCDCED) assists county-wide businesses and municipalities in the areas of both economic and community development. The Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority (DCIDA) was organized in 1967 as the finance arm of the DCDCED. The DCIDA's work includes providing tax-exempt and taxable bonds, as well as mortgage financing for manufacturing companies and non-profit organizations to establish corporate headquarters in Dauphin County. The Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation assists in channeling grant funding to municipalities and organizations in need of economic development assistance and support, promotes tourism within the County, and serves as a bridge between communities and local government. The Dauphin County Redevelopment Authority's mission is to revitalize blighted areas for residential, recreational, commercial, or industrial uses, and to provide affordable housing and improved quality of life for the citizens of Dauphin County. The Dauphin County Land Bank Authority's purpose is to facilitate the return of vacant, blighted, abandoned and tax-delinquent properties to productive use, thereby combating community deterioration, creating economic growth and stabilizing the housing and job market. The Dauphin County Infrastructure Bank, the first of its kind in the country, is a revolving loan program established in partnership with the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation to provide low-interest loans to local municipalities within the County for infrastructure improvement projects. Completed infrastructure projects have included storm sewer improvements, bridge replacements, and intersection upgrades.

Factors Affecting Financial Conditions

Dauphin County is home to over 278,000 people, and is located within a few hours commute of Baltimore, MD, Washington, D.C., New York City, NY, Pittsburgh, PA, and Philadelphia, PA. Harrisburg, PA (Dauphin County) was listed as the 44th "Best Place to Live" in the country by "U.S. News and World Report". There are 18,873 businesses established in Dauphin County, with a labor force of 144,800 people. The unemployment rate as of December 31, 2019 was 4.0%, which was lower than the Pennsylvania average of 4.4% and above the national average of 3.7%.

The top industries in Dauphin County are health care, social services, retail, accommodation, food services, and public administration. The top employers are the Pennsylvania State Government, Penn State Health Milton S. Hershey Medical Center, Hershey Entertainment & Resorts Co., The Hershey Company, UPMC Pinnacle Hospitals, and the Federal Government. These booming businesses are key factors in keeping the County's unemployment rate below the state average.

Dauphin County is also a popular tourist destination with attractions such as the Pennsylvania Farm Show Complex & Expo Center, National Civil War Museum, Hershey Park and Hershey's Chocolate World, City Island, Indian Echo Caverns, Hollywood Casino at Penn National Race Course, ZooAmerica, Lake Tobias Wildlife Park, the Appalachian Trail, and numerous breweries and vineyards. Dauphin County has led traveler spending in its region as reported by the Pennsylvania Tourism Office at \$2.48 billion for 2018, maintaining its ranking as the third (#3) largest tourist destination in Pennsylvania. The Pennsylvania Tourism Economic Impact Report for 2018 estimated that travel and tourism in Dauphin County supported 26,816 jobs, \$1.29 billion in wages, \$265 million in state and local taxes, and \$290 million in federal tax revenue.

Education is valued in Dauphin County, with forty-six colleges and thirty-nine universities located within fifty miles. Seven colleges and universities, including Dixon University Center, Harrisburg Area Community College, Harrisburg University of Science and Technology, Penn State Harrisburg, Temple University Harrisburg, Widener University School of Law, and Penn State College of Medicine, are located within the County. Pennsylvania State University is ranked in the top ten of employers in the County for number of employees. These schools create opportunities for high-paying jobs, which is evident based upon the median average income of \$58,916.

Many first-time homebuyers benefited from Dauphin County's First-Time Homebuyers Program helping them achieve the dream of home ownership. The program provides qualified homebuyers loan assistance of up to \$3,000 to put toward the price of a home or closing costs. The program helped 120 residents realize their dream of home ownership in 2019, which was slightly down from the record 124 residents in 2018. Of those 120 residents, 50 purchased homes within the City of Harrisburg. The program is primarily funded through a \$13 Affordable Housing fee added to all mortgages and deeds recorded in the county. When a home is sold or refinanced, the loan is recouped. In 2019, home sales resulted in \$195,468 being repaid to the program. From 2010 to 2019, the program has helped approximately 900 County residents buy their first home.

The Dauphin County Commissioners awarded \$6.4 million in grants from its share of gaming revenue generated from Hollywood Casino at Penn National. Some of the projects receiving funding were:

- \$203,000 for Harrisburg City to upgrade its phone system and create an off-site backup digital storage facility for vital information.
- \$125,000 to Tri-County Housing and Development Corporation to help fund a \$1.4 million project to build 12 townhomes for low- and moderate-income families.
- \$161,121 for infrastructure and flood control for Millersburg Borough to control flooding, build a retaining wall, and other stream bank and drainage improvements.
- \$275,000 for West Hanover Township to extend its sewer system and help property owners with connection costs.

Also, as part of Dauphin County's economic development and quality of life initiatives the Commissioners purchased the 300-acre vacant State Hospital grounds in April 2019. The State Hospital grounds was first opened in 1851 and has several buildings listed on the National Historic Register and cannot be demolished, including the building housing the former Dorothea Dix Museum, and main administration building. Dauphin County is planning to renovate and repurpose one of the historic buildings as a boutique hotel.

In addition to the independent audit of the basic financial statements, Dauphin County has the following reports and audits performed to assure fiscal responsibility and adequate internal controls:

- Cost Allocation Plan, which is used to establish cost allocations and billings for each County department.
- Dauphin County Pension Plan Report and Investment Performance Report, which are used to evaluate the County's pension plan and fund.
- Dauphin County Employees' Retirement System Financial Accounting Report on Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 67 & 68.
- Dauphin County Employees' Retirement System Report on Actuarial Valuation Including Determination of County Actuarially Determined Contribution.
- · Dauphin County Employees' Retirement System Actuarial Experience Study.

Financial Reporting Awards

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Dauphin County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. This was the second year that the County achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's

requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting

The GFOA has given an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting to Dauphin County for its popular annual financial report for the year ended December 31, 2018. The Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government popular reports. In order to receive an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting, a governmental unit must publish a popular annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability and reader appeal.

An Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. Dauphin County received its first Popular Award for the year ended 2016. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Popular Annual Financial Reporting requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award.

Acknowledgements

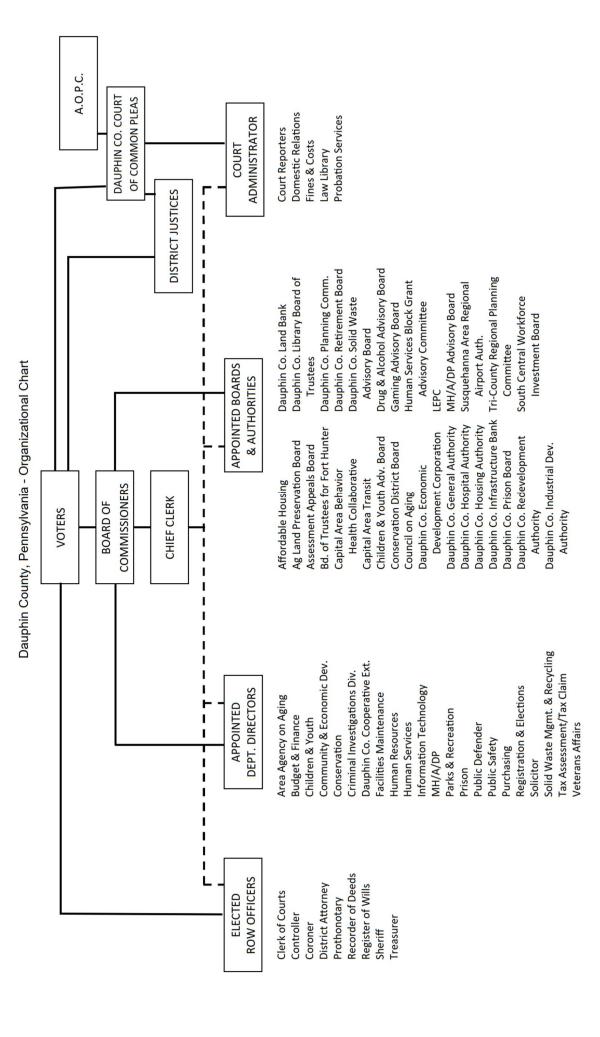
This CAFR was made possible due to the cooperation of the Dauphin County Controller's Office staff, the Dauphin County Commissioners, and all County offices and departments. I would also like to acknowledge the efforts of my staff and our independent auditors, for the successful submission of Dauphin County's CAFR for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, and their continued efforts to improve upon the County's financial reporting.

Sincerely,

Timothy L. DeFoor

Dauphin County Controller

Timothy L. DeFoor

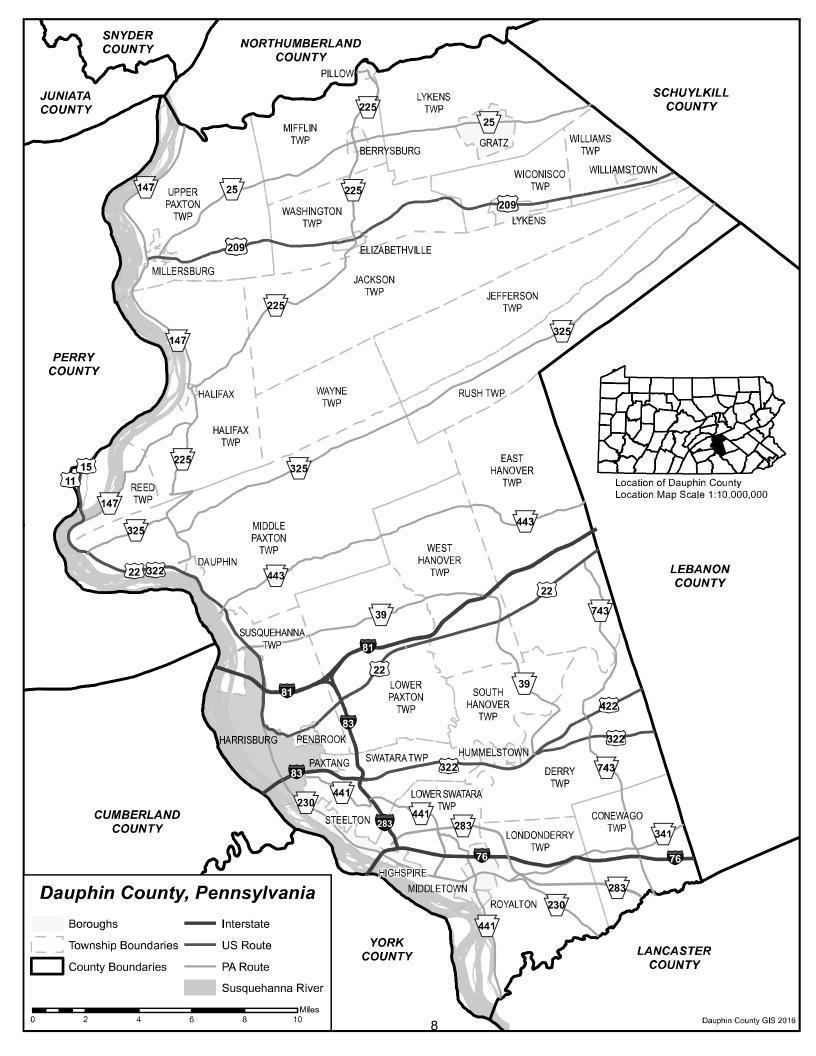




ELECTED OFFICIALS

Commissioners	Jeff Haste, Chairman
	Mike Pries, Vice Chairman
	George P. Hartwick, III, Secretary
Clerk of Courts	Dale Klein
Controller	Timothy L. DeFoor
Coroner	Graham Hetrick
District Attorney	Francis Chardo
Judges of Court	Honorable Richard A. Lewis, President Judge
	Honorable Jeannine Turgeon
	Honorable Scott Arthur Evans
	Honorable John F. Cherry
	Honorable Deborah E. Curcillo
	Honorable Andrew H. Dowling
	Honorable William T. Tully
	Honorable Edward M. Marsico, Jr.
	Honorable John Joseph McNally
	Honorable Royce L. Morris
	Honorable Lawrence F. Clark, Senior Judge
Prothonotary	Matthew Krupp
Recorder of Deeds	James Zugay
Register of Wills	Jean Marfizo King, MBA
Sheriff	Nicholas Chimienti Jr.

Treasurer......Janis Creason





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Dauphin Pennsylvania

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Zelenkofske Axelrod LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

EXPERIENCE | EXPERTISE | ACCOUNTABILITY

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners County Controller County of Dauphin Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Dauphin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Dauphin's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The County of Dauphin's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the discretely presented component unit financial statements of the Dauphin County General Authority, which represent 44.63 percent, (1,238.78) percent and 23.79 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. We also did not audit the financial statements of the Pension Trust Fund, which represents 90.88 percent, 60.72 percent, and 94.40 percent of the assets, fund balances/net position, and revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information. These financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Dauphin County General Authority and the Pension Trust Fund is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Dauphin County General Authority and the Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



Zelenkofske Axelrod LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

EXPERIENCE | EXPERTISE | ACCOUNTABILITY

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Dauphin, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Pronouncements

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2019 the County of Dauphin adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations", Statement No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61", and Statement No. 95 "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance". Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions, schedule of investment returns, schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios, and budgetary comparison information on pages 13 through 27, 146, 147, 148, 149, and 150 through 156 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Zelenkofske Axelrod LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

EXPERIENCE | EXPERTISE | ACCOUNTABILITY

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Dauphin's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, nonmajor fund budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of departmental expenditures, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, nonmajor calendar year fund budgetary comparison schedules, and schedule of departmental expenditures are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, nonmajor calendar year fund budgetary comparison schedules, and schedule of departmental expenditures are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, nonmajor fiscal year budgetary comparison information, and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 21, 2020 on our consideration of the County of Dauphin's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Dauphin's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Zelenhofske Axeliod LLC

ZELENKOFSKE AXELROD LLC

Harrisburg, Pennsylvania August 21, 2020

Management's Discussion & Analysis

Introduction

This section of the financial statements for the County of Dauphin (the County) presents a narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial performance for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. We recommend that it be read in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements and notes to financial statements in order to obtain a thorough understanding of the County's financial condition at December 31, 2019.

Financial Highlights

- Dauphin County's property tax rate of 6.876 mills was not raised in 2019.
- On December 12, 2018, the Board of Commissioners approved the \$168,061,763 General Fund Budget for 2019 maintaining the 6.876 millage rate for the fourteenth straight year. A \$16,986,306 drawdown on fund balance was necessary in order to cover the initial expenditure budget. 28 new positions were approved at a cost of approximately \$2.06 million. 24 of these positions were for the Prison in an effort to cut down on overtime costs, which exceeded \$3.1 million in 2018. The approved 2019 budget was \$10.25 million or 5.35% less than the final 2018 budget. The decrease is due primarily to the termination of a \$28 million childcare network grant on June 30, 2018.
- The County guarantees on the Harrisburg Incinerator Debt were eliminated with the December 2013 incinerator sale and parking asset lease agreement settled by the city. Dauphin County has some limited guarantees on the parking deal that are explained in more detail in the footnotes to the audit. The County is obligated however, to pay 4% interest annually on a \$24 million bond issue that was part of the incinerator sale. These \$480,000 payments are due semi-annually on 6/15 and 12/15 of each year through 2033, at which time the entire principal amount is due. The County made the 11th and 12th of these payments in 2019.
- The 2013 incinerator sale agreement requires the County to pay for ash disposal costs starting 7/1/18. Approximately \$1.36 million was paid to the Lancaster County Solid Waste Management Authority (LCSWMA) for ash disposal costs in 2019. LCSWMA bought the Harrisburg Incinerator in 2013 and has been operating it ever since.
- In February 2019, the County entered into a Swap Agreement with RBC. The notional amount of the agreement is \$24 million. It is tied to the County's guaranty on the Lancaster County Solid Waste Management Authority's Series B of 2013, which covered the purchase of the Harrisburg Incinerator. The swap commences on December 15, 2019 with the County paying SIFMA and receiving 65% of the ISDA-Swap rate from RBC. Payments are due quarterly, with the first one scheduled for March 15, 2020. In June 2020, the County elected to terminate the Swap Agreement and received a termination fee of \$131,000.
- In December 2019, the County settled on the \$4,325,000 Series A & B Notes of 2019. This is a bank loan with PNC Bank. The Series A Note totaled \$3,625,000 and provided funding for the County's Bridge Bundle Program. The last payment on these notes is 6/1/24. The Series B Note totals \$700,000 and it provided funds for Dauphin Borough's project within the County's bridge bundle program. The repayment schedule for Series B runs through 6/1/34. Dauphin County is subsidizing a portion of this debt for Dauphin Borough.
- At December 31, 2019, the General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance was \$14,398,093. This is up from the \$11,359,603 balance at the end of 2018.
- The County's total governmental activities unrestricted net position decreased by \$12,352,618 in 2019. Unrestricted net position at year-end was (\$35,335,623).

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial section of this report consists of four parts:

- Management's discussion and analysis (this section)
- Basic financial statements (including notes)
- Required supplementary information
- Other Supplementary information

Management's discussion and analysis is a guide to reading the financial statements and provides related information to help the reader to better understand the County government. The basic financial statements include notes that provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the financial data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Required supplementary information is provided on the County's pension plan and budget to actual figures for major funds. In addition to these required elements, an other supplementary section is included with combining and other statements that provide particulars about non-major funds.

The basic financial statements present two different views of the County.

- **Government-wide financial statements**, the first two statements, provide information about the County's overall financial status as well as the financial status of the County's component units.
- **Fund financial statements,** the remaining statements, focus on individual parts of County government. They provide more detail on operations than the government-wide statements. There are three types of fund financial statements:
 - Governmental funds statements show how general government services such as public safety were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.
 - o <u>Proprietary fund statements</u> offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the county operates like a business, such as the County's parking garage.
 - <u>Fiduciary funds statements</u> reflect activities involving resources that are held by the County as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, including employees of the County like the pension plan. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources cannot be used to support the County's programs.

Table A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and how they are related to one another.

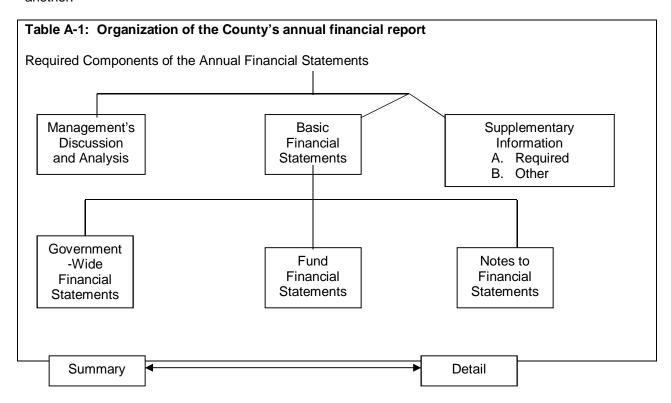


Table A-2 summarizes the major features of the County's financial statements, including the area of the County's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

Table A-2: Major features of the government-wide and fund financial statements

	Government-wide	Fund Financial State	ments	
	Statements	Governmental	Proprietary	Fiduciary
Scope	Entire entity and component units (except fiduciary funds)	The day-to-day operating activities of the County, such as public safety and courts	The activities of the County, such as the Parking Garage.	Instances in which the County administers resources on behalf of others, such as the employee pension plan
Required Financial Statements	- Statement of net position - Statement of activities	- Balance Sheet - Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance	- Statement of net position -Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position -Statement of cash flows	- Statement of fiduciary net position - Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset and liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Current assets and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow and outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or soon thereafter; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year; regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

The remainder of this overview explains the structure and contents of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

- The <u>statement of net position</u> includes all of the County's assets and liabilities, except fiduciary funds, with the difference between the two reported as net position. This statement serves a purpose similar to that of the balance sheet of a private-sector business.
- The <u>statement of activities</u> focuses on how the County's net position changed during the year. Because it separates program revenue (revenue generated by specific programs through charges for services, grants and contributions) from general revenue (revenue provided by taxes and other sources not tied to a particular program), it shows to what extent each program has to rely on local taxes for funding.

All changes to net position are reported using the accrual method of accounting, which requires that revenues be reported when they are earned and expenses be reported when the goods and/or services are received, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Net position is one way to measure the County's financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position is one indicator of whether the County financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, other non-financial factors such as changes in the County's real property tax base and general economic conditions must be considered to assess the overall position of the County.

The primary government and its component units are included in the government-wide financial statements. Component units reflect the activities of legally separate government entities over which the County can exercise influence and/or be obligated to provide financial support. The County has five discretely presented component units including the Conservation District; the General Authority; MH/A/DP Case Management Unit; Industrial Development Authority; and the Economic Development Corporation. Complete and detailed financial statements for the individual component units are available for public inspection in the County Controller's Office. (See Note 1, Notes to the Financial Statements.)

There are two categories of activities for the primary government.

- <u>Governmental activities</u> include the County's basic services such as general and judicial administration, corrections, public safety, public works, and human services. Property taxes, state, and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- <u>Business-type activities</u> such as the County's parking facility charges a fee to customers to help cover the costs of services.

Net position of the governmental activities differs from the governmental fund balances because governmental fund level statements only report transactions using or providing current financial resources. Also, capital assets are reported as expenditures when financial resources (money) are expensed to purchase or build said assets. Likewise, the financial resources that may have been borrowed are considered revenue when they are received. The principal and interest payments are both considered expenditures when paid. Depreciation is not calculated as it does not provide or reduce current financial resources. Finally, capital assets and long-term debt do not affect fund balances.

Government-wide statements are reported using an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting that involves the following steps to format the statement of net position:

- Capitalize current outlays of capital assets
- Report long-term debt as a liability
- Depreciate capital assets and allocate the depreciation to the proper program/activities
- Calculate revenue and expense using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting
- Allocate net position balances as follows:
 - Net investment in capital assets
 - Restricted net position balances are those with constraints placed on the use by external sources (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of governments), or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation
 - Unrestricted net position balances are those that do not meet any of the above restrictions

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide more detailed information on the County's most significant funds, *not the County as a whole.* Funds are accounting devices, i.e., a group of related accounts, the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by state law. Other funds are established to control and manage resources designated for specific purposes. Fund financial statements are reported using current financial resources and modified accrual accounting established by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for governments.

The County has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds include most of the County's basic services and focus on: (1) the flow in and out of cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash, and: (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting basis, and a current financial resources measurement focus. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine the financial resources available in the near future to finance the County's programs.

The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that follows the governmental fund financial statements.

The County adopts an annual budget for the General, certain special revenue, and capital project funds, as required by the state law. Budgetary comparisons of the County's major funds are presented as required supplementary information.

- <u>Proprietary Funds</u> report business-type programs and activities that charge fees designed to recover the cost of providing services. They report using full accounting.

- <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> are funds for which the County is the trustee or fiduciary. These include the Employee Retirement Fund and certain agency funds, or clearing accounts for assets held by the County in its role as custodian until the funds are allocated to the private parties, organizations, or government agencies to which they belong. The County is responsible to ensure the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. This fiduciary activity is reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. These funds are excluded from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Implementation of GASB No. 34

The year ending December 31, 2002 marked the first year that the County reported its financial statements in accordance with GASB No. 34.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Net Position

The County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources were \$257,044,655 at December 31, 2019. Of this amount, \$106,943,073 was capital assets and construction-in-progress.

GASB Statement No. 34 requires that all capital assets, including infrastructure, be valued and reported within the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements, but allows infrastructure to be added over several years. In 2006, the County fully adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34.

		0-	Table A-3							
			unty of Dauphin's Statement of Net Po	sition						
	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total									
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	Total % Change			
Current & Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 118,941,627 106,092,142	\$ 123,413,480 102,318,666	\$ 5,958,611 4,955,672	\$ 2,740,406 4,624,407	\$ 124,900,238 111,047,814	\$ 126,153,886 106,943,073	1.0% -3.7%			
Total Assets	225,033,769	225,732,146	10,914,283	7,364,813	235,948,052	233,096,959	-1.21%			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	31,445,465	23,947,696	-	-	31,445,465	23,947,696	-23.8%			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	31,445,465	23,947,696	-	-	31,445,465	23,947,696	-23.8%			
Long-Term Debt Outstanding Other Liabilities	179,947,337 29.209.540	165,746,881 30.737,202	5,217,382 2,745,198	4,974,102 404.329	185,164,719 31,954,738	170,720,983 31.141.531	-7.8% -2.5%			
Total Liabilities	209,156,877	196,484,083	7,962,580	5,378,431	217,119,457	201,862,514	-7.0%			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,208,629	14,737,732	-		2,208,629	14,737,732	567.3%			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,208,629	14,737,732	-	-	2,208,629	14,737,732	567.3%			
Net Position:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	45,789,044	41,714,436	1,299,058	801,366	47,088,102	42,515,802	-9.7%			
Restricted	23,574,629	32,079,214		.	23,574,629	32,079,214	36.1%			
Unrestricted	(24,249,945)	(35,335,623)	1,652,645	1,185,016	(22,597,300)	(34,150,607)	51.1%			
Total Net Position	\$ 45,113,728	\$ 38,458,027	\$ 2,951,703	\$ 1,986,382	\$ 48,065,431	\$ 40,444,409	-15.9%			

The following statement of activities represents changes in net position for the year ended December 31, 2019. It shows revenues by source and expenses by function for governmental activities, business-type activities and the government as a whole.

			Table A County of D Condensed Statem	auphin's				
	Governmental Activities			Business-Type A	ctivities	Total Primary Gov	Total % Change	
		2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	
Revenues								
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$	27,227,628 \$	27,691,103 \$	94,745,827 \$	44,169,559 \$	121,973,455 \$	71,860,662	-41.1%
Operating Grants & Contributions		121,817,770	112,316,798	41,254	68,831	121,859,024	112,385,629	-7.8%
Capital Grants & Contributions		6,348,212	5,414,126	-	-	6,348,212	5,414,126	-14.7%
General Revenues								
Property Taxes		103,088,831	105,637,703	-	-	103,088,831	105,637,703	2.5%
Hotel Taxes		12,077,750	12,562,023	-	-	12,077,750	12,562,023	4.0%
In Lieu of Taxes		2,225,269	2,198,474	-	-	2,225,269	2,198,474	-1.2%
Unrestricted Investment Income		1,844,697	2,340,838	48,610	62,021	1,893,307	2,402,859	26.9%
Gain/(Loss) on Asset Disposal		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous		3,734,897	2,055,487	<u> </u>	-	3,734,897	2,055,487	-45.0%
Total Revenues		278,365,054	270,216,552	94,835,691	44,300,411	373,200,745	314,516,963	-15.7%
Program Expenses								
General Government		16,935,084	16,700,619	_	_	16,935,084	16,700,619	-1.4%
Judicial		66,653,315	71,356,859	_	_	66,653,315	71,356,859	7.1%
Public Safety		50,692,732	58,083,978	_	_	50,692,732	58,083,978	14.6%
Public Works		1,755,369	1,451,749	1,314,452	1,309,121	3,069,821	2,760,870	-10.1%
Human Services		103,618,358	95,063,379	93,152,224	42,709,799	196,770,582	137,773,178	-30.0%
Culture & Recreation		16,789,417	18,492,470	00,102,221	12,1 00,1 00	16,789,417	18,492,470	10.1%
Conservation & Development		12,988,612	11,473,611	-	_	12,988,612	11,473,611	-11.7%
Interest on Long Term Debt		3,185,232	3,043,211	-	_	3,185,232	3,043,211	-4.5%
Bond Issuance Costs		-	185,000	-	_	-	185,000	100.0%
Other Programs		_	-	913,588	2,268,189	913,588	2,268,189	148.3%
Total Program Expenses		272,618,119	275,850,876	95,380,264	46,287,109	367,998,383	322,137,985	-12.5%
Change in Net Position before Transfers		5,746,935	(5,634,324)	(544,573)	(1,986,698)	5,202,362	(7,621,022)	-246.5%
Transfers		(4.470.404)	(4.004.077)	4 470 404	4 004 077			
Transfers In/(Out)		(1,479,181)	(1,021,377)	1,479,181	1,021,377	-	-	
Change in Net Position		4,267,754	(6,655,701)	934,608	(965,321)	5,202,362	(7,621,022)	-246.5%
Net Position at beginning of year, before		61,581,768	45,113,728	2,017,095	2,951,703	63,598,863	48,065,431	-24.4%
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		(20,735,794)	-	-	-	(20,735,794)		100.0%
Cumulative effect of correction of error		_	_	_	_	_	_	100.0%
Cumulative effect of correction of effor		-	-	-	-	-	-	100.076
Net position at beginning of year, as restated		40,845,974	45,113,728	2,017,095	2,951,703	42,863,069	48,065,431	12.1%
Net Position - Ending	\$	45,113,728 \$	38,458,027 \$	2,951,703 \$	1,986,382 \$	48,065,431 \$	40,444,409	-15.9%

Net Program Expenses

Net program expenses indicate the amount of support required from taxes and other general revenues for a program of the government. In 2019, general property taxes brought in \$105,637,703. Table A-5 depicts the net program expenses for the year ended December 31, 2019

Table A-5: 2019 Net Cost of Gov	ernm	ental and Busine	ss-T	ype Activities
Program		Total Cost of Services	Net	Cost of Services
Governmental Activities				
General Government	\$	16,700,619	\$	10,292,358
Judicial		71,356,859		49,872,561
Public Safety		58,083,978		45,092,740
Public Works		1,451,749		(1,482,595)
Human Services		95,063,379		14,225,819
Culture & Recreation		18,492,470		14,719,811
Conservation & Development		11,473,611		(5,520,056)
Interest on Long Term Debt		3,043,211		3,043,211
Bond Issuance Cost		185,000		185,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$	275,850,876	\$	130,428,849
Business-Type Activities				
Public Works	\$	3,490,183	\$	2,086,007
Human Services		42,709,799	\$	(82,628)
Culture and Recreation		87,127		45,340
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	46,287,109	\$	2,048,719
Total Primary Government	\$	322,137,985	\$	132,477,568

The County relied on property taxes and other general revenues to fund 41.1% of its governmental and business-type activities in 2019.

The property tax is based on the assessed value of real property. The County's 2019 millage rate of 6.876 is unchanged from 2018 and is well below the Commonwealth-set cap of 25 mills for operating costs.

Property taxes and other general revenues covered 61.6% of general government spending in 2019. The remainder of the cost was funded by grants and fees for specific services. 69.9% of judicial system spending came from the property tax and other general revenues with the remainder coming from grants, fines and court costs. Property taxes and other general revenue covered 77.6% of public safety costs with the remainder coming from grants and fees covering room and board at the County Prison.

Public Works required no tax or other general revenue dollars to cover its expenses in 2019. This area of the County's operations includes the management of a parking garage; the maintenance and replacement of county bridges; and the solid waste and recycling programs.

Program expenses for Culture & Recreation and Interest on Long-Term Debt were 79.6% and 100%, respectively, funded by property taxes and other general revenues, while Human Services expenses required only 15.0% from these sources, with most of the remainder being picked up by state and federal grants.

Conservation and Development program expenses required no tax dollars in 2019. This area of County Government includes Gaming monies from the Hollywood Casino located in Dauphin County.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As mentioned earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflow, and balances of resources available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved/undesignated fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. The General Fund had a fund balance of \$47.2 million in 2019, an increase in fund balance of \$495 thousand from 2018. The General Fund had excess revenues over expenditures of \$1.2 million in 2019 before other financing sources/(uses), compared to excess revenues over expenditures of \$5.1 million in 2018. This decrease is primarily due to increases in expenses in both Public Safety and Debt Service.

The Children and Youth Fund had expenditures of \$46.5 million in 2019 and \$45.0 million in 2018.

The Low Income Housing Fund had total assets and liabilities of \$6.8 million and \$5.4 million, respectively, in 2019, compared to \$6.5 million and \$5.2 million, respectively, in 2018. These increases are the result of the Fund issuing and deferring additional Home Grant Program and Affordable Housing Program loans during 2019.

The Gaming Fund had expenditures of \$5.9 million in 2019, compared to \$6.6 million in 2018. The decrease in expenditures can be attributed to lower payments to the Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority for Gaming projects.

The MH/A/DP Fund had expenditures of \$27.8 million in 2019 and \$25.2 million in 2018.

Governmental Fund Revenues

Governmental fund revenues by source at December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 were as follows. Table A-6 also presents changes from 2018 to 2019.

Table A-6												
Co	ounty o	f Dauphin's										
Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds												
Source		2019		2018	(Changes from						
Source		2019		2010	- 2	2018 to 2019						
Property Taxes	\$	105,926,477	\$	105,236,657	\$	689,820						
Hotel Taxes		12,562,023		12,077,750		484,273						
Intergovernmental		119,929,398		128,165,982		(8,236,584)						
Charges for Services		22,610,620		21,689,219		921,401						
License and Permits		156,495		160,732		(4,237)						
Court Costs and Fines		4,923,988		5,377,677		(453,689)						
Interest and Rents		2,357,430		1,844,697		512,733						
Miscellaneous Revenue		2,055,487		3,601,147		(1,545,660)						
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		-		133,750		(133,750)						
Issuance of Capital Lease Debt		1,156,106		506,156		649,950						
Issuance of General Obligation Notes		7,693,000		-		7,693,000						
Transfers In		24,330,240		18,871,705		5,458,535						
Total Revenues	\$	303,701,264	\$	297,665,472	\$	6,035,792						

Governmental fund revenues totaled \$303,701,624 for the year ended December 31, 2019. This is an increase of \$6,035,792 million from the revenue total in 2018.

The 'Intergovernmental' revenue is showing a large decrease for 2019 due primarily to the 6/30/2018 termination of the Childcare Network Grant.

The 'Issuance of General Obligation Notes' line shows a significant increase as the County issued new debt in 2019 and no new debt in 2018.

The 'Miscellaneous Revenue' line shows a significant decrease for 2019 due primarily to a one-time receipt in 2018 from the Harrisburg Strong Plan.

Governmental Fund Expenditures

Governmental fund expenditures by function at December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2019 were as follows. Table A-7 also presents changes from 2018 to 2019.

Table A-7 also presents changes from 2016 to 2019.													
C	County of Dauphin's												
Expenditures by Function, Governmental Funds													
Function		2019		2018	Changes from 2018 to 2019								
General Government	\$	13,724,414	\$	14,822,441	\$	(1,098,027)							
Judicial		66,041,213		64,651,665		1,389,548							
Public Safety		51,395,630		47,702,335		3,693,295							
Public Works		915,140		1,217,556		(302,416)							
Human Services		93,445,367		102,816,585		(9,371,218)							
Culture & Recreation		18,221,632		16,769,900		1,451,732							
Conservation & Development		11,324,949		12,944,387		(1,619,438)							
Debt Service Principal		12,577,024		12,035,082		541,942							
Debt Service Interest		3,737,706		3,915,241		(177,535)							
Bond Issuance Costs		185,000		-		185,000							
Capital Projects		3,569,287		1,422,705		2,146,582							
Transfers out		25,351,617		20,350,886		5,000,731							
Total Expenditures	\$	300,488,979	\$	298,648,783	\$	1,840,196							
		_		_									

Governmental fund expenditures totaled \$300,488,979 for the year ended December 31, 2019. This represents an increase of \$1,840,196 million from 2018.

The 'Human Services' category is showing a large decrease in expenditures of \$9 million in 2019 due to the 6/30/2018 termination of the Childcare Network Grant.

The 'Capital Projects' line shows a large increase in 2019 due to a new Greenbelt related project.

The 'Conservation & Development' line shows a decrease in 2019 due primarily to fewer projects being completed using Gaming funds.

Enterprise Funds

The Health Choices Fund had revenues and expenses of \$42.8 million and \$42.7 million, respectively, in 2019, compared to \$93.3 million and \$93.2 million, respectively, in 2018. These decreases were the result of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania restructuring the administration of the Health Choices Fund as of 07/01/2019.

The Human Services Building Fund had total assets and liabilities of \$4.8 million and \$5.0 million, respectively, in 2019, compared to \$5.2 million and \$5.4 million, respectively, in 2018. These decreases can be attributed to the County making debt service payments on the General Obligation Bond.

Governmental Fund Balances

Table A-8 reflects ending balances for governmental funds and net position for proprietary funds at December 31, 2019.

Table A-8										
	G	Sovernmental	Proprietary							
Fund		Funds		Funds						
General Fund	\$	47,261,828	\$	-						
Low Income Housing		1,389,809								
Gaming Fund		17,685,020		-						
Other Governmental Funds		21,504,297		-						
Health Choices Fund		-		100,907						
Human Services Building Fund		-		(196,082)						
Other Enterprise Funds		-		2,081,557						
Total	\$	87,840,954	\$	1,986,382						
		_		_						

The County's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$87,840,954 at December 31, 2019. Of that total, \$14,398,093 was unassigned in the General Fund and is available to meet the County's current and future needs. This unassigned portion is an increase of \$2,563,278 from the total at the end of 2018. The Proprietary Funds are showing a combined net position of \$1,986,382 at year-end, which is a decrease of \$965,321 from the prior year's balance.

A detailed breakdown of ending fund balance for the \$21,504,297 in 'Other Governmental Funds' and the \$2,081,557 in 'Other Enterprise Funds' can be found in the 'Other Supplementary Information' section of the financial statements. (See Other Supplementary Information, pages 160 and 189.)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The County's investment in capital assets at December 31, 2019, net of accumulated depreciation, was \$106,943,073, which is down \$4,104,741 from 2018. Capital assets consist primarily of land, buildings, and equipment. Table A-9 is a summary of capital assets at December 31, 2019.

Table A-9 County of Dauphin's Capital Assets													
		Governmen	ıtal	Activities		Business-Type Activities			<u></u>	Total % Change			
		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019	Change
Construction in Progress	\$	3,794,364	\$	2,391,224	\$	1,942,103	\$	2,030,907	\$	5,736,467	\$	4,422,131	-22.9%
Infrastructure - Construction-		461,126		1,476,081						461,126		1,476,081	220.1%
in-Progress Intangibles		728,378		837.419		_		_		728.378		837.419	15.0%
Land		2,465,236		2,465,236		111,492		111,492		2,576,728		2,576,728	0.0%
Infrastructure		22,377,529		22.409.204		-		-		22.377.529		22.409.204	0.1%
Buildings & Improvements		104,958,376		106,858,956		19,518,815		19,541,355		124,477,191		126,400,311	1.5%
Machinery & Equipment		62,963,113		63,178,129		1,711,340		1,711,340		64,674,453		64,889,469	0.3%
Furniture & Fixtures		-		-		-		-		-		-	0.0%
Leasehold Assets		28,937,170		29,885,608		30,069		30,069		28,967,239		29,915,677	3.3%
Accumulated Depreciation		(120,593,150)		(127,183,191)		(18,358,147)		(18,800,756)		(138,951,297)		(145,983,947)	-5.1%
Total Capital Assets	\$	106,092,142	\$	102,318,666	\$	4,955,672	\$	4,624,407	\$	111,047,814	\$	106,943,073	-3.7%
Total Capital Assets	<u> </u>	100,032,142	Φ	102,310,000	Φ	4,333,072	Φ	4,024,407	φ	111,047,014	Φ	100,543,073	-3.17

'Infrastructure - Construction in Progress' increased by approximately \$1 million in 2019, the bulk of which was due to the initiation of construction on a multi-year bridge rehabilitation project. The 'Infrastructure'

category houses the many County-owned bridges scattered throughout the County. The County does not own any roads.

The major capital assets in the 'Buildings & Improvements' section above consisted of the Courthouse, Administration Building, Probation Complex, EMA Center, Judicial Center, County Warehouse, and the County Prison. Smaller buildings are located at the County Park sites and the various MDJ Offices.

Other detailed information about the County's capital assets can be found in Notes to Financial Statements, Capital Assets, Note 5, page 86.

Debt Administration. At December 31, 2019, the County had \$170,658,843 of long-term liabilities outstanding. This was a decrease of \$14,505,876 from the prior year ending balance of \$185,164,719, which is due primarily to a reduction in the Net Pension Liability. Table A-10 details activity related to the long-term debt.

Table A-10 County of Dauphin's 2019 Statement of Long Term Debt and Capital Leases									
Туре	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		
General Obligation Debt	\$	71,745,000	\$	7,693,000	\$	(10,215,000)	\$	69,223,000	
Unamortized Bond Premium/Discount (Net)		3,674,950		-		(861,317)		2,813,633	
Liquid Fuels Revenue Note		8,411,113		-		(1,234,888)		7,176,225	
Compensated Absences		9,787,291		10,102,485		(9,796,511)		10,093,265	
Estimated Workers Comp. Claims		1,135,464		437,366		(323,863)		1,248,967	
Net Pension Liability		49,316,730		58,586,092		(70,064,114)		37,838,708	
Net OPEB Obligation		26,666,495		2,653,158		(1,214,115)		28,105,538	
Capital Leases		14,427,676		1,156,106		(1,362,135)		14,221,647	
Total Long Term Debt & Capital Leases	\$	185,164,719	\$	80,628,207	\$	(95,071,943)	\$	170,720,983	
		·		·	_	·	•		

The amount of indebtedness a county may incur is limited by Pennsylvania law to 300 percent (non-electoral) and 400 percent (net non-electoral and lease rental) of a three-year average of the total revenue received, exclusive of governmental grants for a specific purpose. The County's non-electoral debt limit at December 31, 2019 was over \$1 billion, and the total non-electoral debt outstanding was approximately \$76 million, which is well below the limit.

At year-end, the County had \$69,223,000 in general obligation bonds and notes outstanding. This figure is down from 2018 as principal continues to be retired.

More detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements. (See Notes to Financial Statements, Long-term Liabilities, Note 7, page 95.)

Bond Rating. The County's bond rating through Standard & Poor's is 'AA/Stable Outlook' as of December 31, 2019. The current combined net non-electoral and net lease rental debt limit is approximately \$1.4 billion.

Budgetary Highlights

The County budget director revises the budget on an ongoing basis. These revisions include common budget transfers from one line-item to another, and amendments to the bottom-line of individual funds. The line-item transfers are submitted by department directors and, if reasonable, are entered into the system. No commissioner approval is required for these types of budget revisions. Budget Amendments, which represent increases or decreases to the bottom-line of an individual fund, are entered as new sources of revenue are identified or unplanned operating expenditures become evident. New grants are a common source of budget amendments. The County Board of Commissioners approves these amendments on a quarterly basis.

On December 12, 2018, the Board of Commissioners approved the \$168,061,763 General Fund Budget for 2019 maintaining the 6.876 millage rate for the fifteenth straight year. A \$16,986,306 drawdown on fund balance was necessary in order to cover the initial expenditure budget. 28 new positions were approved at a cost of approximately \$2.06 million. 24 of these positions were for the Prison in an effort to cut down on overtime costs, which exceeded \$3.1 million in 2018. The approved 2019 budget was \$10.25 million or 5.35% less than the final 2018 budget. The decrease is due primarily to the termination of a \$28 million childcare network grant on June 30, 2018.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Economic Conditions

Unemployment in Dauphin County stands at approximately 4.0%. Pennsylvania's average unemployment rate as of December 2019 was 4.4% and the national unemployment rate was 3.7%.

Homeownership in Dauphin County is 63.5% with the median value of owner-occupied housing units being \$168,000. There are currently an estimated 278,299 residents within Dauphin County. The estimated median household income is \$58,916.

The County houses many institutions of higher education. Penn State University has a four-year campus in Middletown and Harrisburg University is in the heart of downtown Harrisburg. Harrisburg Area Community College (HACC) is also located in Harrisburg, while Dickinson University and Widener University are in Dauphin County. Eastern University, Temple University, The University of Phoenix, and Albright University all maintain campuses in the Harrisburg area, offering select undergraduate and graduate degree programs. In addition, the Dixon University Center, also centrally located in Harrisburg, is a regional hub of undergraduate and graduate degree programs where students can earn degrees from many statewide institutions such as Shippensburg University, Millersville University, Indiana University of PA, Elizabethtown University, East Stroudsburg University, West Chester University, Clarion University, and a few others.

Situated in the south-central Region of Pennsylvania, Dauphin County is strategically located close to major domestic and international markets. Within a 500-mile radius of the region lies 40% of the United States population and more than 60% of Canada's population. This fact makes Dauphin County a major distribution hub for the movement of goods. It is estimated that approximately 61,000 freight carriers pass through the County daily and 10% of the nation's gross national product moves through Dauphin County.

These details have come together earning the Harrisburg-Carlisle MSA region many distinctions. SiteSelection.com ranked Harrisburg-Carlisle #6 on its top metro areas in 2010 for new and expanded facilities; Markwatch.com ranked Harrisburg #9 on its Best U.S. Cities to Do Business list (2010); Forbes ranked the area No. 5 among America's most livable cities (2010); Forbes also ranked the area No. 2 among Americas best places to raise a family (2010); and the Sports Business Journal named the area the #1 Minor League Sports Market (2011). These lists consider numerous factors such as low unemployment rates, shorter commute times, plentiful entertainment and recreation opportunities, etc.

To support these growth patterns, new economic development projects continue to evolve such as the expansion of TecPort, The Hershey Center for Applied Research, Hollywood Casino, and other ongoing developments and redevelopments of commercial space throughout the County. There are also proposals for the continued development of the mid-town and downtown sections of Harrisburg, including the construction of additional retail/office space, the Federal Building being relocated in the Mid-Town area and the expansion of HACC Mid-Town campus. Advances also exist for a proposed regional rail service, Red Rose Capital Corridor and Corridor 2 (Premium Bus Service), Middletown Inter-Modal Center and many alternative energy projects, including the Dauphin County IDA who completed a 2 mega-watt Solar Farm. The Lykens Hotel 29 Mixed Income rental Units Development Project called the Union House Apartments was completed in May 2017. The expansion of two Rail Intermodal Centers (one in Harrisburg and one in Swatara Township) will help serve the expanding Crescent Corridor. Harrisburg International Airport continues to increase freight traffic and maintain a stable passenger flow. The Dauphin County Redevelopment Authority will be developing the old State Hospital grounds. There are 295 acres of land and 42 historical buildings that will be developed in this project. This will be one of the largest

redevelopment projects in Dauphin County History. These developments will provide economic vitality for Dauphin County for years to come.

Next Year's Budget

On December 18, 2019, the Board of Commissioners approved the \$186,647,348 General Fund Budget for 2020 maintaining the 6.876 millage rate for the fifteenth straight year. A \$15,008,563 drawdown on fund balance was necessary to cover the initial expenditure budget. Six new positions were approved at a cost of approximately \$415,000. The approved 2020 budget was \$3.5 million or 1.92% greater than the final 2019 budget.

As stated previously in this discussion, the existing County guarantees on the Harrisburg Incinerator Debt went away with the December 2013 incinerator sale and parking asset lease agreement settled by the city. Dauphin County has some limited guarantees on the parking deal that are explained in more detail in the footnotes to the audit. The County is obligated however to pay 4% interest annually on a \$24 million bond issue that was part of the incinerator sale. These \$480,000 payments are due semi-annually on 6/15 and 12/15 of each year through 2033, at which time the entire principal amount is due. To date, the County has made twelve of these payments.

Also, as part of the incinerator deal, the County is required to cover the ash disposal costs for the facility. The County's obligation started on 7/1/18, and direct payments have been made since January 2019. To date, these payments have been averaging approximately \$120,000 per month.

The first quarterly settlement payment on the 2019 Constant Maturity Swap agreement with RBC was due on March 15, 2020. The settlement showed a net gain to the County of \$276.18 for the period 12/15/19 – 3/15/20. RBC paid that amount to the County on 3/16/20. As previously discussed, the Swap agreement was terminated on June 2020, and the County received a \$131,000 termination fee.

On March 19, 2020, the County settled on the Series A, B, & C Bonds of 2020 totaling \$40 million. The \$30,605,000 Series A bonds refunded the Series of 2014 bonds and provided \$30 million of new money for the County's energy savings project and building renovations. The Series B bonds totaled \$3,570,000 and were used to refund the Series of 2013 bonds. The \$5,825,000 Series C bonds refunded the Series A of 2014 bonds. The Series A & B bonds run through 11/15/28, while the last of the Series C bonds matures on 11/15/24.

The global pandemic due to the spread of the Covid-19 coronavirus (COVID-19) in 2020 led to temporary closures of all businesses that were not deemed life sustaining. This could affect the County sources of revenue negatively The outlook of 2020 continues to be cautiously optimistic, however, the Board of Commissioners keeps a watchful eye on a day to day basis and receives updates from Budget and Finance, who provides forecasting and trend analysis.

The County of Dauphin has received \$25,132,865 in July 2020. The County is using these funds towards testing supplies, personal protective equipment (PPE's), cleaning supplies, technological costs, hazard pay for essential staff and laboratory costs.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability. Questions concerning this financial information or requests for additional information should be directed to:

County of Dauphin Controller's Office 101 Market Street, Room 106 Harrisburg, PA 17101 **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2019

	DECEMBER 31, 20		ary Government		
	Governmental		ary Government Business-type		Component
	<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Units</u>
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 55,228,583 1,260,014		2,638,046 \$	57,866,629 \$ 1,260,014	4,349,741 432,829
Inventory Receivables:	-		-	-	60,445
Accounts, Net of Allowance Taxes	14,649,424 7,421,410		78,509	14,727,933 7,421,410	429,457
Notes	8,018,000		-	8,018,000	-
Interest and Dividends	- 74.075	_	-	- 74.075	31,416
Program Loans Other Loans	71,275 5,370,674		-	71,275 5,370,674	1,365,319 -
Internal Balances	37,752		(37,752)	-	-
Due From Other Governments Due From Primary Government	19,914,939	9	61,603	19,976,542	1,299,810 195,464
Due From Component Units	7,544,031	1	-	7,544,031	-
Investment in Direct Financing Leases, Current	- 883,861	4	-	- 883,861	596,789
Prepaid Items Other Assets	5,054		-	5,054	273,273
Due From Related Party	· -		-	-	583,007
Loans Receivable, Net of Current Portion Investment in Direct Financing Leases, Net of Current Portion	-		-	-	4,974,645 13,405,579
Restricted Cash	3,008,463	3	-	3,008,463	15,138,896
Restricted Investments	-		-	-	1,982,288
Restricted Due From Related Party Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	7,169,960	0	2,142,399	9,312,359	1,078,671 3,380,152
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	95,148,706		2,482,008	97,630,714	28,056,520
Total Assets	225,732,146	6	7,364,813	233,096,959	77,634,301
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Pensions	22,312,904		-	22,312,904	-
OPEB Deferred Loss on Refunding	956,299 678,493		-	956,299 678,493	- 68,838
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	23,947,696			23,947,696	68,838
	23,947,090	ט	<u> </u>	23,947,090	00,030
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts Payable	10,831,545	5	355,027	11,186,572	1,502,635
Accrued Liabilities	4,831,287		49,302	4,880,589	2,351,442
Unearned Revenues	10,733,054	4	-	10,733,054	583,536
Obligation to Construct Due to Primary Government	-		-	-	454,841 7,544,031
Due to Related Party	-		-	-	1,570,900
Due to Other Governments Due to Component Unit	- 195,464	1	-	- 195,464	18,871
Funds Held in Escrow	992,537		-	992,537	-
Funds Held in Fiduciary Capacity	1,323,344	4	-	1,323,344	-
Security Deposits Other Liabilities	- 1,829,971	1	-	- 1,829,971	10,590
Long-term liabilities	1,020,01			1,020,071	
Portion Due or payable within one year:	1,354,152	า		1,354,152	
Obligation Under Capital Lease General Obligation Debt	12,073,655		253,754	12,327,409	4,924,611
Notes Payable	1,254,955			1,254,955	427,922
Accrued Compensated Absences Liability for Workers' Compensation Claims	631,284 340,948		1,747	633,031 340,948	-
Portion Due or payable after one year:	040,040	,		040,040	
Obligation Under Capital Lease	12,867,495	_	4 000 400	12,867,495	- 45 700 454
General Obligation Debt Notes Payable	55,016,736 5,921,270		4,692,488 -	59,709,224 5,921,270	45,729,454 8,581,696
Loans Payable	-		-	-	1,618,500
Accrued Compensated Absences Liability for Workers' Compensation Claims	9,434,121 908,019		26,113	9,460,234 908,019	-
Net Pension Liability	37,838,708		-	37,838,708	- -
Net OPEB Liability	28,105,538	В	-	28,105,538	<u> </u>
Total Liabilities	196,484,083	3	5,378,431	201,862,514	75,319,029
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Pensions	13,242,592		-	13,242,592	-
OPEB Deferred Gain on Refunding	1,495,140	J	-	1,495,140	- 1,134,358
·	14,737,732	n		44 707 700	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	14,/3/,/32	2	<u> </u>	14,737,732	1,134,358
Net Investment in Capital Assets	41,714,436	8	801,366	42,515,802	(16,449,568)
Restricted for:	41,714,430	J	001,300	42,313,002	(10,449,300)
Judicial	2,672,030		-	2,672,030	-
Public Safety Public Works	3,199,884 9,773,524		-	3,199,884 9,773,524	-
Human Service	177,264	4	-	177,264	488,596
Conservation and Development	10,570,691	1	-	10,570,691	4,165,841
Gaming Program Revolving Loan Program	-		-	-	4,181,107 678,723
Infrastructure Bank Program	-		-	-	1,773,363
Lease Operations Capital Projects	- 4,360,249	a	-	4,360,249	460,773
Permanent Fund, nonexpendable	4,360,249 1,325,572		-	4,360,249 1,325,572	-
Unrestricted	(35,335,623		1,185,016	(34,150,607)	5,950,917
Total Net Position	\$ 38,458,027	7 \$	1,986,382 \$	40,444,409 \$	1,249,752
	-				

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

			Program Revenues						Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
				Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital	F						
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services				Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units			
Primary government:			_	Commoditions		Contributions	7.00.7.000	71011711100					
Governmental activities:													
General Government	\$ 16,700,619	\$ 6,381,69	1 \$	26,570	\$	_	\$ (10,292,358)	\$ -	\$ (10,292,358)				
Judicial	71,356,859	13,441,19		8,043,108	Ψ	_	(49,872,561)	· -	(49,872,561)				
Public Safety	58,083,978	3,914,20		9,077,035		-	(45,092,740)	_	(45,092,740)				
Public Works	1,451,749	-,,		502,508		2,431,836	1,482,595	_	1,482,595				
Human Services	95,063,379	2,273,67	7	78,563,883		-	(14,225,819)	_	(14,225,819)				
Culture and Recreation	18,492,470	410,250		380,119		2,982,290	(14,719,811)	_	(14,719,811)				
Conservation and Development	11,473,611	1,270,09		15,723,575		-	5,520,056	-	5,520,056				
Bond Issuance Costs	185,000	· · ·		· · ·		-	(185,000)		(185,000)				
Interest Expense	3,043,211	_		-		-	(3,043,211)	-	(3,043,211)				
Total governmental activities	275,850,876	27,691,103	3	112,316,798		5,414,126	(130,428,849)	-	(130,428,849)				
Business-type activities:													
Human Services - Health Choices Fund	42,709,799	42,792,42	7	-		-	-	82,628	82,628				
Public Works - Human Service Building	1,309,121	1,247,283	3	-		-	-	(61,838)	(61,838)				
Other Nonmajor Funds:													
Public Works	2,181,062	88,06	2	68,831		-	-	(2,024,169)	(2,024,169)				
Culture and Recreation	87,127	41,78		<u> </u>		-		(45,340)	(45,340)				
Total Nonmajor Funds	2,268,189	129,84	9	68,831		-		(2,069,509)	(2,069,509)				
Total business-type activities	46,287,109	44,169,559	9	68,831		-		(2,048,719)	(2,048,719)				
Total Primary government	\$ 322,137,985	\$ 71,860,662	2 \$	112,385,629	\$	5,414,126	\$ (130,428,849)	\$ (2,048,719)	\$ (132,477,568)				
Component Units:													
Conservation District	\$ 1,136,866	\$ 498,210) \$	746,974	\$	-				\$ 108,318			
General Authority	8,922,703	8,755,350		-	•	-				(167,353)			
Mental Health/Mental Retardation	, ,	, ,								, , ,			
Case Management Unit	12,410,594	-		12,435,654		-				25,060			
Industrial Development Authority	6,749,713	587,899	9	7,725,818		-				1,564,004			
Dauphin County Economic Development													
Corporation	5,466,582	311,90	<u> </u>	5,583,173		<u>-</u>				428,497			
Total Component Units	\$ 34,686,458	\$ 10,153,36	5 \$	26,491,619	\$	-				1,958,526			
	General revenues:			_									
	Taxes:												
	Property taxes, levied for g	general purposes	105,637,703	-	105,637,703	-							
	Hotel taxes						12,562,023	-	12,562,023	-			
	In-lieu of taxes Investment income				2,198,474	-	2,198,474	-					
						2,340,838	62,021	2,402,859	156,235				
	Miscellaneous						2,055,487	-	2,055,487	-			
	Transfers in/(out)						(1,021,377)	1,021,377					
	Total general revenues an						123,773,148	1,083,398	124,856,546	156,235			
	Change in net position	l					(6,655,701)	(965,321)	(7,621,022)	2,114,761			
	Net position - beginning						45,113,728	2,951,703	48,065,431	(865,009)			
	Net position - ending						\$ 38,458,027	\$ 1,986,382	\$ 40,444,409	\$ 1,249,752			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Children and	Low Income			Other Nonmajor	Total Governmental
<u>Assets</u>	<u>General</u>	<u>Youth</u>	<u>Housing</u>	<u>Gaming</u>	MH/A/DP	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 15,246,441	\$ 2,500	\$ 1,246,223 \$	14,952,510 \$	2,341,528 \$	21,439,381	55,228,583
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	1,276,606	1,276,606
Receivables							
Accounts, net	14,044,793	149,130	19,695	-	163,454	272,352	14,649,424
Taxes, net	7,421,410	-	-	-	-	-	7,421,410
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	71,275	71,275
Note	8,018,000	-	-	-	-	-	8,018,000
Other Loans	-	-	5,370,674	-	-	-	5,370,674
Due From Other Funds	6,851,213	215,944	-	-	132,594	316,208	7,515,959
Due From Other Governments	1,492,999	10,541,595	-	3,666,750	86,027	4,127,568	19,914,939
Due From Component Units	7,381,144	-	162,887	-	-	-	7,544,031
Prepaid Items	770,444	91,718	-	-	-	21,699	883,861
Other Assets	5,054	-	-	-	-	-	5,054
Restricted Assets					-		
Cash	2,959,497	-	-	-	-	48,966	3,008,463
Total Assets	\$ 64,190,995	\$ 11,000,887	\$ 6,799,479 \$	18,619,260 \$	2,723,603 \$	27,574,055	130,908,279

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2019

Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>General</u>		Children and Youth	Low Income Housing	Gaming	<u>M</u> F	I/A/DP	Other Nonmajor <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Liabilities										
Accounts Payable	\$ 3,255,8	32 \$	4,028,443	\$ 38,996	\$ 16,468	\$	845,049	\$ 2,646,757	\$	10,831,545
Accrued Liabilities	3,534,6	12	342,790	-	-		109,727	532,764		4,519,893
Unearned Revenues - Other	140,5	36	-	5,370,674	917,772	!	1,705,278	2,598,794		10,733,054
Due to Other Funds	689,0	25	6,629,654	-	-		63,549	95,979		7,478,207
Due to Component Units	-		-	-	-		-	195,464		195,464
Funds Held in Escrow	992,5	37	-	-	-		-	-		992,537
Funds Held in Fiduciary Capacity	1,323,3		-	-	-		-	-		1,323,344
Other Liabilities	1,829,9	71	-	-	-		-	-		1,829,971
Total Liabilities	11,765,8	57	11,000,887	5,409,670	934,240		2,723,603	6,069,758		37,904,015
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	5,163,3	10	-	-	-		-	-		5,163,310
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,163,3	10	-	-	-		-	-		5,163,310
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable	17,855,1	72	_	-	-		_	1,325,572		19,180,744
Restricted		_	_	1,389,809	10,506,454		-	20,178,725		32,074,988
Assigned	15,008,5	63	-	-	7,178,566		-	-		22,187,129
Unassigned	14,398,0	93	-	-	-		-	-		14,398,093
Total Fund Balances	47,261,8	28	-	1,389,809	17,685,020)	-	21,504,297		87,840,954
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 64,190,9	95 \$	11,000,887	\$ 6,799,479	\$ 18,619,260	\$	2,723,603	\$ 27,574,055	\$	130,908,279

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 87,840,954
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Land	2,465,236	
Intangible Assets	837,419	
Construction in progress - Infrastructure Construction in progress	1,476,081 2,391,224	
Infrastructure, net of \$9,807,172 accumulated depreciation	12,602,032	
Buildings and improvements, net of \$56,027,483 accumulated depreciation	50,831,473	
Machinery and Tools, net of \$43,382,700 accumulated depreciation	19,795,429	
Leasehold assets, net of \$17,965,836 accumulated amortization	11,919,772	
Total capital assets		102,318,666
The County is self insured for the costs of worker's compensation. The liability for workers' compensation is included in the statement of net position		
in the following amount:		(1,248,967)
Some of the County's taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and		
therefore are reported as unavailable revenue - property taxes in the funds.		5,163,310
Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but		
rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities - both current		
and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position.		
Balances at December 31, 2019 are: Accrued interest on bonds	(311,394)	
Derivative Instrument	(16,592)	
General obligation debt	(64,398,000)	
Less: Deferred loss on refunding	678,493	
Liquid Fuel Revenue Bonds	(7,176,225)	
Capital leases payable Compensated absences	(14,221,647) (10,065,405)	
Unamortized bond premium/discount (net)	(2,692,391)	
Net Pension Liability	(37,838,708)	
Less: Deferred outflows of resources - Pensions	22,312,904	
Plus: Deferred inflows of resources - Pensions	(13,242,592)	
Net OPEB Liability	(28,105,538)	
Less: Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Plus: Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	956,299 (1,495,140)	
Tids. Deletied illilows of resources - Of ED	(1,400,140)	(155,615,936)
Total net position of governmental activities	=	\$ 38,458,027

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	FOR	ΙH	E YEAR ENDE	ED D	ECEMBER :	31, 2	2019			
		_							Other	Total
		C	Children and		w Income				Nonmajor	Governmental
	<u>General</u>		Youth_	<u> </u>	<u>lousing</u>		<u>Gaming</u>	MH/A/DP	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Revenues										
Property Taxes	\$ 105,926,477	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$ - (
Hotel Taxes	-		=		-		=	-	12,562,023	12,562,023
Intergovernmental	15,310,673		36,654,869		162,887		13,176,592	25,814,693	28,809,684	119,929,398
Charges for Services	19,828,303		947,556		435,414		-	1,175,455	223,892	22,610,620
License and Permits	156,495		-		-		-	-	-	156,495
Court Costs and Fines	3,563,109		-		-		-	-	1,360,879	4,923,988
Interest and Rents	1,196,141		-		26,449		441,672	82,900	610,268	2,357,430
Miscellaneous Revenue	 291,396		-		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,764,091	2,055,487
Total Revenues	146,272,594		37,602,425		624,750		13,618,264	27,073,048	45,330,837	270,521,918
Expenditures										
Current:										
General Government	13,692,317		_		_		_	_	32,097	13,724,414
Judicial	57,991,031		_		_		418,776	_	7,631,406	66,041,213
Public Safety	43,674,119		_		_		-10,770	_	7,721,511	51,395,630
Public Works	-5,07,115						_	_	915,140	915,140
Human Services	5,197,435		46,533,120					27,899,007	13,815,805	93,445,367
Culture and Recreation	2,379,332		40,333,120		-		-	21,099,001	15,842,300	18,221,632
Conservation and Development	5,354,191		-		526,655		E 444 102	-	13,042,300	11,324,949
Debt Service	5,354,191		-		520,055		5,444,103	-	=	11,324,949
	40 400 000		40.070						270.070	40.577.004
Principal	12,192,080		12,072		-		-	-	372,872	12,577,024
Interest	3,646,891		10,031		-		-	-	80,784	3,737,706
Bond Issuance Costs	60,000		-		-		-	-	125,000	185,000
Capital Outlay	 894,744		-		-		-	-	2,674,543	3,569,287
Total Expenditures	145,082,140		46,555,223		526,655		5,862,879	27,899,007	49,211,458	275,137,362
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)										
Expenditures	 1,190,454		(8,952,798)		98,095		7,755,385	(825,959)	(3,880,621)	(4,615,444)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers In	9,480,239		9,031,802		-		-	1,112,371	4,705,828	24,330,240
Transfers Out	(14,581,252)		(79,004)		-		(9,117,478)	(286,412)	(1,287,471)	(25,351,617)
Issuance of General Obligation Notes	4,068,000		-		-		-	- '	3,625,000	7,693,000
Issuance of Capital Lease Debt	 337,997		-		-		-	-	818,109	1,156,106
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(695,016)		8,952,798		-		(9,117,478)	825,959	7,861,466	7,827,729
Net change in fund balances	495,438		-		98,095		(1,362,093)	-	3,980,845	3,212,285
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 46,766,390		<u>-</u>		1,291,714		19,047,113		17,523,452	84,628,669
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 47,261,828	\$	-	\$	1,389,809	\$	17,685,020 \$; -	\$ 21,504,297	87,840,954
				_						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 3,212,285
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$7,342,763) is exceeded by capital outlays (\$3,569,287) in the current period.		(3,773,476)
Debt proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Debt issued:		
Capital Leases	(1,156,106)	
General Obligation Debt	(7,693,000)	
Repayments: Capital Leases General Obligation Debt Liquid Fuels Notes	1,362,135 9,980,000 1,234,888	
Net adjustment	1,234,000	3,727,917
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The differences for the items discussed above are: Compensated absences expense Other postemployment benefits expense Pension Expense Decrease in fair value of derivative instrument Amortization of debt premium/discount Amortization of deferred loss on refunding Accrued interest on long-term debt Combined adjustment	(300,136) (346,822) (9,451,096) (16,592) 847,199 (189,975) 37,272	(9,420,150)
,		(0,120,100)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, revenues are not reported until they become available. In the statement of activities, however, revenues are recorded regardless of when financial resources are available. This is the change in unearned real estate tax revenue from 12/31/18 to 12/31/19.		(288,774)
The County is self insured for the costs of worker's compensation. The increase in liability related to the worker's compensation is reported as an increase in expenditures of the governmental activities.	-	(113,503)
Change in net position of governmental activities	=	\$ (6,655,701)

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Health Choices Fund		Human Service Building			Other Nonmajor Funds	Total		
ASSETS Current Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts Receivables Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Other Assets	\$	231,535 - - - 61,603 -	\$	1,743,779 62,908 13,535 - -	\$	662,732 15,601 10,743 - -	\$	2,638,046 78,509 24,278 61,603	
Total current assets		293,138		1,820,222		689,076		2,802,436	
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated (Net)		- -		2,018,807 1,003,488		123,592 1,478,520		2,142,399 2,482,008	
Total noncurrent assets				3,022,295		1,602,112		4,624,407	
Total assets		293,138		4,842,517		2,291,188		7,426,843	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Accrued Compensated Absences Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments General Obligation Debt		130,201 - - - 62,030 - -		56,652 35,705 - - 253,754		168,174 13,597 1,747 -		355,027 49,302 1,747 62,030 - 253,754	
Total current liabilities		192,231		346,111		183,518		721,860	
Noncurrent liabilities: General Obligation Debt Accrued Compensated Absences		- -		4,692,488		- 26,113		4,692,488 26,113	
Total noncurrent liabilities	- <u></u>			4,692,488		26,113		4,718,601	
Total liabilities		192,231		5,038,599		209,631		5,440,461	
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted		- 100,907		(800,746) 604,664		1,602,112 479,445		801,366 1,185,016	
Total net position	\$	100,907	\$	(196,082)	\$	2,081,557	\$	1,986,382	

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Health Choice Fund	Human Service Building	Other Nonmajor Funds	Total
Operating Revenues Charges for Services Miscellaneous Revenue	\$ 42,792,427 -	\$ 1,247,283 -	\$ 129,849 -	\$ 44,169,559 -
Total Operating Revenues	42,792,427	1,247,283	129,849	44,169,559
Operating Expenses Personnel Services Contracted Services Supplies and Materials Repairs and Maintenance Utilities Other Services and Charges Claims Expense Depreciation and Amortization	253,834 14,496 535 525 334 30,839 42,409,236	91,399 2,543 106,920 169,432 487,857 - 320,330	440,839 89,917 1,905 108,858 26,807 1,477,584	694,673 195,812 4,983 216,303 196,573 1,996,280 42,409,236 442,609
Total Operating Expenses	42,709,799	1,178,481	2,268,189	46,156,469
Operating Income (Loss)	82,628	68,802	(2,138,340)	(1,986,910)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Interest Income Interest Expense Grants	1,256 - -	48,673 (130,640)	12,092 - 68,831	62,021 (130,640) 68,831
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	1,256	(81,967)	80,923	212
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	83,884	(13,165)	(2,057,417)	(1,986,698)
Transfers In Transfers Out	- (81,400)	<u>-</u>	1,102,777	1,102,777 (81,400)
Total Transfers In (Out)	(81,400)		1,102,777	1,021,377
Change In Net Position	2,484	(13,165)	(954,640)	(965,321)
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	98,423	(182,917)	3,036,197	2,951,703
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 100,907	\$ (196,082)	\$ 2,081,557	\$ 1,986,382

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Health Choice Fund		Human Service Building		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities							
Receipts from Health Choices Services	\$	42,792,427	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 42,792,427
Receipts from Recycling Services		-		-		84,159	84,159
Receipts from Recreational Activities		-		-		41,787	41,787
Receipts from Space and Parking Rentals		-		1,262,257		-	1,262,257
Payments to Employees		(304,951)		-		(431,729)	(736,680)
Payments to Suppliers		(46,729)		(965,044)		(1,557,775)	(2,569,548)
Payments for Claims		(42,409,236)		-		-	(42,409,236)
Internal Activity - Payments to other funds		6,784		8,992		-	 15,776
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		38,295		306,205		(1,863,558)	 (1,519,058)
Cash Flow From Noncapital Financing Activities							
Grants		-		-		68,831	68,831
Operating Transfers In (Out)		(81,400)		-		1,099,631	 1,018,231
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities		(81,400)		-		1,168,462	 1,087,062
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities							
Purchase of Capital Assets		-		(77,704)		(33,640)	(111,344)
Interest Paid		=		(130,640)		-	(130,640)
Principal Payments on General Obligation Debt		-		(249,118)		<u>-</u>	 (249,118)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities				(457,400)		(00.040)	(404 400)
Activities				(457,462)		(33,640)	 (491,102)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities							
Interest Income		1,256		48,673		12,092	 62,021
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		1,256		48,673		12,092	 62,021
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(41,849)		(102,584)		(716,644)	(861,077)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		273,384		1,846,363		1,379,376	3,499,123
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	231,535	\$	1,743,779	\$	662,732	\$ 2,638,046

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Health Choice Fund	Human Service Building	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Totals	
Reconciliation of Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 82,628	\$ 68,802	\$	(2,138,340)	\$	(1,986,910)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)				,		, , ,
to Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities						
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	-	320,330		122,279		442,609
Change in assets and liabilities						
Accounts Receivable	2,333,427	14,974		(7,596)		2,340,805
Accounts Payable	(51,117)	(106,247)		147,296		(10,068)
Accrued Expenses	-	(646)		3,272		2,626
Accrued Vacation and Sick Pay	-	-		5,838		5,838
Due To/Due From Other Funds	6,784	8,992		-		15,776
Due To Other Governments	 (2,333,427)	<u>-</u>		3,693		(2,329,734)
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating						
Activities	\$ 38,295	\$ 306,205	\$	(1,863,558)	\$	(1,519,058)

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Retirement Trust Fund	Agency Funds		
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments, at fair value Interest and Dividends Receivable Employee Contributions Receivable	\$	3,379,045 359,222,359 153,810 259,093	\$	8,841,088 - - - -	
Total Assets	_\$	363,014,307	\$	8,841,088	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable Benefits Payable Funds Held in Escrow Due To Other Governments	\$	- 484,083 - -	\$	695,390 - 4,335,524 3,810,174	
Total Liabilities		484,083		8,841,088	
NET POSITION					
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$	362,530,224			

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Retirement Trust Fund				
Additions:					
Contributions:					
Employee	\$	5,402,698			
Employer		6,694,390			
Total Contributions		12,097,088			
Investment Income:					
Net Appreciation in Fair Value of Investments		53,867,596			
Interest and Dividends		4,799,760			
		58,667,356			
Less: Investment Expense		700,330			
Net Investment Income		57,967,026			
Total Additions		70,064,114			
Deductions:					
Benefits		19,650,422			
Administrative Expenses		220,389			
Total Deductions		19,870,811			
Net Change		50,193,303			
Net Position Restricted for Pensions - Beginning of Year		312,336,921			
Net Position Restricted for Pensions - End of Year	\$	362,530,224			

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS DECEMBER 31, 2019

<u>Assets</u>	Conservation <u>District</u>	General <u>Authority</u>	Case Management <u>Unit</u>	Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>	Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation	<u>Total</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,936,272	\$ 1,350,572	\$ 219,304	\$ 702,584	\$ 141,009	\$ 4,349,741
Investments	432,829		-	-	-	432,829
Inventory Receivables:	-	60,445	-	-	-	60,445
Accounts, Net of Allowance	672	40,375	381,110	7,300	-	429,457
Interest and Dividends	3,940	2,375	-	25,101	-	31,416
Loans, Current	-	-	-	1,365,319	-	1,365,319
Due from Other Governments Investment in Direct Financing Leases, Current	155,338	- 225,271	866,964	- 371,518	277,508	1,299,810 596,789
Prepaid Items	4,810	225,270	42,939	254	-	273,273
Due from Primary Government	-	-	-		195,464	195,464
Due from Related Party Loans Receivable, Net of Current Portion	-	-	-	552,507 4,974,645	30,500	583,007 4,974,645
Investment in Direct Financing Leases, net of Current Portion	-	5,260,877	-	6,526,202	1,618,500	13,405,579
Restricted Cash	279,909	3,903,551	-	7,879,298	3,076,138	15,138,896
Restricted Investments	-	1,982,288	-	-	1 079 671	1,982,288 1,078,671
Restricted Due From Related Party Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	-	3,116,455	-	263,697	1,078,671	3,380,152
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	644,717	18,483,893	341,005	7,267,498	1,319,407	28,056,520
Total Assets	3,458,487	34,651,372	1,851,322	29,935,923	7,737,197	77,634,301
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred Charge on Refunding		68,838				68,838
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		68,838				68,838
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts Payable	14,073	716,048	69,264	561,023	142,227	1,502,635
Accrued Liabilities	-	1,378,069	928,273	27,186	17,914	2,351,442
Unearned Revenues - Other	325,535	157,052	24,184	-	76,765	583,536
Obligation to Construct Due to Primary Government	- 194,108	454,841 -	-	- 7,187,036	- 162,887	454,841 7,544,031
Due to Related Party	-	-	-	1,353,719	217,181	1,570,900
Due to Other Governments	-	-	-	-	18,871	18,871
Security Deposits Long-term liabilities	-	-	-	10,590	-	10,590
Portion Due or payable within one year:						
General Obligation Debt	-	1,664,111	-	-	3,260,500	4,924,611
Notes Payable Loans Payable	-	-	-	427,922	-	427,922
Portion Due or payable after one year:	-	-	-	-	-	-
General Obligation Debt	-	44,697,454	-	-	1,032,000	45,729,454
Notes Payable	-	-	-	8,581,696	-	8,581,696
Loans Payable			· 	1,618,500		1,618,500
Total Liabilities	533,716	49,067,575	1,021,721	19,767,672	4,928,345	75,319,029
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>						
Deferred Charge on Refunding		1,134,358	·	<u> </u>		1,134,358
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,134,358	<u> </u>			1,134,358
Net Investment in Conits Appets	044.747	(04.005.400)	044.005	0.000.700	(450 500)	(40,440,500)
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	644,717	(21,085,493)	341,005	3,800,796	(150,593)	(16,449,568)
Human Service	-	-	488,596	-	-	488,596
Conservation and Development	8,985	-	-	4 404 407	4,156,856	4,165,841
Gaming Program Revolving Loan Program	-	-	-	4,181,107 678,723	-	4,181,107 678,723
Lease Operations	-	-	-	460,773	-	460,773
Infrastructure Bank Program		1,773,363	-	-		1,773,363
Unrestricted	2,271,069	3,830,407	<u> </u>	1,046,852	(1,197,411)	5,950,917
Total Net Position	\$ 2,924,771	\$ (15,481,723)	\$ 829,601	\$ 10,168,251	\$ 2,808,852	\$ 1,249,752

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			Program Revenues					and Changes in Net Position												
		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Conservation District		General Authority		Case Management Unit		Industrial Development Authority		Economic Development Corporation		Total
Conservation District Conservation and Development	\$	1,136,866	\$	498,210	\$	746,974	\$	-	\$	108,318	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	108,318
General Authority General Authority Operations		8,922,703		8,755,350		-		-		-		(167,353)		-		-		-		(167,353)
Case Management Unit Human Services		12,410,594		-		12,435,654		-		-		-		25,060		-		-		25,060
Industrial Development Authority Conservation and Development		6,749,713		587,899		7,725,818		-		-		-		-		1,564,004		-		1,564,004
Economic Development Corporation Tourism and Economic Development		5,466,582		311,906		5,583,173		-		-		-		-		-		428,497		428,497
Total Component Units	\$	34,686,458	\$	10,153,365	\$	26,491,619	\$	-	\$	108,318	\$	(167,353)	\$	25,060	\$	1,564,004	\$	428,497	\$	1,958,526
	Unr Chanç Net po	ral revenues: restricted investr Total general rege in net position osition - beginnin osition - ending	venue 1		S				\$	46,885 46,885 155,203 2,769,568 2,924,771	\$	- (167,353) (15,314,370) (15,481,723)	\$	25,060 804,541 829,601	\$	82,250 82,250 1,646,254 8,521,997 10,168,251	\$	27,100 27,100 455,597 2,353,255 2,808,852	\$	156,235 156,235 2,114,761 (865,009) 1,249,752

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of significant accounting policies follows:

A. Reporting Entity

The County of Dauphin (the "County") operates under the direction of an elected Board of Commissioners, and provides the following services: general administrative services, tax assessments and collections, judicial, public improvements, public safety and human services programs.

Consistent with the guidance contained in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No.14 and No. 34*, the criteria used by the County to evaluate the possible inclusion of related entities (Authorities, Boards, Councils, etc.) within its reporting entity are financial accountability and the nature and significance of the relationship. In determining financial accountability in a given case, the County reviews the applicability of the following criteria.

The County is financially accountable for:

- · Organizations that make up the legal County entity.
- Legally separate organizations if County officials appoint a voting majority
 of the organization's governing body and the County is able to impose its
 will on the organization or if there is a potential for the organization to
 provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens
 on, the County as defined below.

Impose Its Will — If the County can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization.

Financial Benefit or Burden—Exists if the County (1) is entitled to the organization's resources or (2) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization or (3) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Organizations that are fiscally dependent on the County and there is a
potential for the organization to provide a specific financial benefits to or
impose specific financial burdens on the County.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the reporting entity has been defined to include all the funds for which the County is financially accountable or for which there is a significant relationship. Specific information on the nature of the various potential component units and a description of how the aforementioned criteria have been considered in determining whether or not to include or exclude such units in the County's financial statements are provided in the following paragraphs.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units

Component units that are not blended as part of the primary government are discretely presented, which entails reporting component unit financial data in a column separate from the financial data of the primary government. The component units presented in this way are the following:

<u>Dauphin County Conservation District ("District")</u>: The District was formed by the County Commissioners in 1952 pursuant to the Conservation District Law ("Law"). The seven-member board is made up of one County Commissioner and six members appointed by the County Commissioners from a list of nominees received from organizations approved by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The District was formed to manage the conservation of natural resources in the County. The Law gives the Commonwealth certain powers to supervise and direct the operations of the District. Employees of the District are County employees subject to the County Salary Board. The Law also gives the County Commissioners the ability to unilaterally disband the District if they believe a substantial portion of landowners desire such action.

The District operates and reports on a calendar year basis. The separate audited financial statements of the District may be obtained by contacting the District at 1451 Peters Mountain Road, Dauphin, Pennsylvania 17018.

Dauphin County General Authority ("General Authority"):

The Dauphin County General Authority (Authority) was incorporated on March 7, 1984, by the County. The five-member board is appointed by the County Commissioners. The Authority was created for the purpose of acquiring, financing, holding, constructing, improving, maintaining and operating, owning, and leasing, either in the capacity of lessor or lessee, projects of the kind and character contemplated by law for a general purpose authority, as authorized and permitted by, and also as limited by, provisions of the Pennsylvania Municipality Authorities Act, the Act of May 2, 1945, P.L. 382, as amended. Accordingly, the Authority is not subject to income taxes. The Authority is a special purpose government engaged in business-type activities.

The County guarantees the full payment of the principal and interest on the 1993 Bonds and subsequent refunding bond issues, which funded the golf course construction, in the event that the Authority fails to pay the amount of principal and interest due. The Authority has agreed to pay the County 90% of the revenues, net of operating expenses and debt service, earned by the Authority in connection with the golf course. The County Commissioners must approve all of the General Authority's bond issues, but neither the County nor the General Authority has an ongoing liability for these bond issues other than the golf course debt.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u> (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County General Authority ("General Authority")</u> (Continued):

The General Authority reports on a calendar year basis. The separate audited financial statements of the General Authority may be obtained by contacting the General Authority at 530 South Harrisburg Street, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17113.

<u>Case Management Unit ("CMU")</u>: CMU was established to provide case management services to persons with mental illness and intellectual disabilities in the County of Dauphin. CMU performs initial intake and evaluation for all clients served by the Dauphin County Mental Health/Autism/Developmental Programs, plans and coordinates services for clients with direct service providers and monitors the progress of clients within the Dauphin County system. CMU grants credit to its funding sources without collateral.

The eleven-member board is appointed by the County Commissioners. In addition, the County Commissioners have the ability to significantly influence the programs, projects, activities, and level of services performed by CMU.

CMU operates on a fiscal year ending June 30. The separate audited financial statements of CMU may be obtained by contacting CMU at 1100 South Cameron Street, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17104.

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA"): The IDA was organized in 1967 as a standing authority of Dauphin County. It operates in compliance with the Industrial Development Authority Law, Act No. 102, August 23, 1967. The five-member board is appointed by the County Commissioners. The IDA serves as a financing vehicle for industrial development in Dauphin County. The IDA arranges financing through tax exempt and taxable bonds as well as mortgages for manufacturers, non-profits and companies establishing corporate headquarters in the County. The IDA participates in new construction and rehabilitation each year through its industrial recruitment and expansion projects. The IDA also owns several commercial properties which it leases. The County pays for all significant management and administrative costs required to operate the IDA on a day-to-day basis. IDA's management and support staff are employees of the County. In addition the County guarantees the IDA's debts.

The IDA operates on a fiscal year ending September 30. The separate audited financial statements of the IDA may be obtained by contacting the IDA at 112 Market Street, 7th Floor, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17101.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u> (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC"):</u> The DCEDC is a nonprofit organization which operates in compliance with Section 7502 of the Nonprofit Corporation Law of 1972 and Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The five-member board is appointed by the County Commissioners. The DCEDC, an economic development corporation, was established to partner in real estate development projects and to channel grant funding to communities and organizations in need of community and economic development assistance. The DCEDC also administers programs to promote tourism and regional development.

The DCEDC is administered by the County of Dauphin through the Dauphin County Department of Community and Economic Development. The County pays for all significant management and administrative costs required to operate the DCEDC on a day-to-day basis as the DCEDC's management and support staff are employees of the County. The County also provides significant operating revenue to the DCEDC, primarily through distributions of hotel tax collections. In addition, the County guarantees the DCEDC's 2004 Guaranteed Parking Revenue Note (see Note 29).

The DCEDC operates and reports on a calendar year end basis. The separate audited financial statements of the DCEDC may be obtained by contacting the DCEDC at 112 Market Street, 7th Floor, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17101.

B. Related Organizations

The Board of County Commissioners is also responsible for appointing the members of the governing boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability does not extend beyond making appointments. The County does not designate management nor does it have the ability to significantly influence the operations of these entities. In addition, the County does not supply any funding (either directly or as a result of special financing relationships) and has no responsibility for fiscal matters for these entities (i.e., not responsible for deficits or entitled to surpluses, no guarantees of debt, etc.). These organizations include:

Authorities

Dauphin County Housing Authority
Dauphin County Redevelopment Authority
Dauphin County Hospital Authority
Dauphin County Library System
Dauphin County Land Bank Authority

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Related Organizations (Continued)

Advisory Boards
Dauphin County Parks and Recreation
Dauphin County Planning Commission
Council on Aging Board
Child Care Advisory Committee
Children and Youth Advisory Board
Mental Health/Autism/Developmental Programs Advisory Board
Woodside Juvenile Detention Center Advisory Board
Drugs and Alcohol Advisory Board
Fort Hunter Board

C. Joint Ventures

The County is a participant with other municipalities in joint ventures that provide services to the constituents of all the participants. The County has no interest in the equity of these organizations and therefore they should not be included in its financial reporting entity. Separately published audit reports of the Joint Ventures are available for public inspection in the Controller's Office. Condensed financial information relative to these entities is included in the notes herein:

Name of Organization	Cumberland, Dauphin Harrisburg Transit Authority	Tri-County Regional Planning Commission
Services Provided	Bus Services	Regional Planning
Dauphin County Board Representation	3 of 7 Members	9 of 19 Members
Fiscal Year	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2019
Current Assets	\$ 3,346,502	\$ 1,364,818
Total Assets	\$ 21,896,914	\$ 1,364,818
Net Position/Fund Balance	\$ 14,437,452	\$ 448,615
Operating Revenues	\$ 6,617,824	\$ 3,576,270
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (18,249,733)	\$ 46,080
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (1,332,617)	\$ 53,038
Dauphin County Contribution to Operations	\$ 365,384	\$ 331,936
Dauphin County Working Capital Advances	None	None

D. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

The basic financial statements of the County have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u>

The basic financial statements include both government-wide financial statements, which are based on the County as a whole, and fund financial statements. GASB Statement No. 34 focuses on the County as a whole and on major individual funds (within the fund financial statements).

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The focus of the government-wide financial statements is more on sustainability of the County as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from activities of the fiscal period. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements except certain interfund services provided and used between functions. The County's policy is to eliminate internal activity by distinguishing overhead costs which are eliminated during consolidation from interfund services provided and used. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and other charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental and businesstype activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, which incorporates noncurrent assets as well as long-term debt and obligations. Interfund balances between governmental funds and interfund balances between enterprise funds are not included in the total primary government column of the government-wide statement of net position.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given functional category (public safety, general government, etc.) or business-type activity (health choices, human service building, etc.) are offset by program revenues. Indirect expenses are allocated to specific functions based on the County's approved Central Services Cost Allocation Plan. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific functional category or business-type activity. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given functional category or business-type activity and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular functional category or business-type activity. Taxes and other items that are not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the County are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance/net position, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Emphasis under GASB Statement No. 34 is on major funds in the governmental or enterprise categories. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds in each category are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining nonmajor fund financial statements.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County considers property taxes as available if collected within 60 days after year-end. The availability period for all other significant revenue sources in governmental funds is 180 days. Property taxes due but not collected within 60 days after year-end are considered unavailable revenue and recorded as a deferred inflow of resources. Licenses, permits, and fines and costs are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of Federal, State and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Interest earnings are recorded as earned.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt are recognized as fund liabilities when due. As the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, reconciliations are presented which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to reconcile the governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements.

The County's enterprise funds, presented in the enterprise fund financial statements, are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds include the costs of providing services, such as personnel, contracting and supplies as well as depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (pension trust fund and agency fund). Since, by definition, the assets of these funds are held for the benefit of a third party (individuals, private organizations, and/or other governments) and cannot be used to satisfy obligations of the County, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements. The County's fiduciary funds are presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

The following governmental major funds are used by the County:

- The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial revenues of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues of this fund are primarily derived from real estate taxes, state and federal grants, and fees for services. Many of the basic activities of the County are accounted for in this fund including operation of general County government, boards, commissions, the court systems, and health and welfare services.
- The Children and Youth Families Fund is used to account for amounts received from various federal, state, and local sources. These funds are restricted to provide support services to at-risk juveniles.
- The Low Income Housing Fund is used to account for specific revenues related to improving economic development opportunities and expanding the supply of low and middle income housing. Revenues are restricted for those specific purposes.
- The Gaming Fund is used to account for revenue received from the operation of Hollywood Casino in East Hanover Township. These funds are to be used at the sole discretion of the Dauphin County Commissioners. The Gaming Advisory Committee advises the County on the need for municipal grants for health, safety, transportation, and other projects in the public interest generated as a result of gaming.
- The MH/A/DP Fund is used to account for amounts received from various federal, state, and local sources. These funds are restricted to provide support services for mental health, autism, and developmental programs.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The following major proprietary funds are used by the County:

- Health Choices Fund accounts for the fiscal activities of the County Behavioral Health Program.
- Human Services Building Fund accounts for the fiscal activities of the County's Human Services Building.

These proprietary funds are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that costs of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges and cost reimbursement plans.

In addition to the major funds discussed above, the County also reports fiduciary funds. Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. These include the Retirement Trust Fund and Agency Funds. The Retirement Trust Fund is accounted for in essentially the same manner as the proprietary funds since capital maintenance is critical. The Pension Trust Fund's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

- The Retirement Trust Fund is used to account for the retirement pension plan contributions of the County and its employees.
- The Agency Funds are used to account for the collection of delinquent taxes for the County and on behalf of school districts and municipalities as well as the cash held by elected row officers awaiting disbursement to the County, other governments, or citizens for whom it was collected.

F. <u>Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balances</u>

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the accompanying statement of cash flows, the County considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)

2. Receivables and Payables

· Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts.

3. Investments

The County invests its idle funds in various instruments, including external investment pools. The County's investments are reported at fair value or net asset value, except the investments in external investment pools, as discussed in Note 2, which are valued at amortized cost and are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the financial statements.

4. Prepaid Items

Prepaid items consist primarily of contracts longer than one year and certain payment to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods. Prepaid items in the governmental fund types are recorded as expenditures monthly (consumption method) and are classified as nonspendable in fund balance.

5. Restricted Assets

Restricted Assets represent revenues set-aside for liquidation of specific obligations, as detailed in Note 3.

6. Capital Assets

Capital Assets, which include property, plant and equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. bridges) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets with initial, individual costs that equal or exceed \$5,000 and estimated useful lives of over one year are recorded as capital assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs or estimated costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Depreciation is not recognized for intangible (e.g. easements) assets since they have an indefinite life.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of the capital asset of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. <u>Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balances (Continued)</u>

6. Capital Assets (continued)

Capital assets of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Years</u>
Infrastructure	40
Buildings and Improvements	40
Machinery and Equipment	3 - 20
Leasehold Assets	5 - 20

The County evaluates long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The estimated future undiscounted cash flows associated with the asset would be compared to the asset's carrying amount to determine if a write down to a new depreciable basis is required. If required, an impairment charge is measured by the difference between the carrying value and the estimated fair value of the assets. There were no identified impairment charges.

7. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable have been reported net of allowance for doubtful accounts.

8. Compensated Absences

County policy permits employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned, but unused, vacation and sick leave. These benefits are payable to employees upon separation of services, with the exception of sick time meeting the requirements for the Sick Leave Sell Back Program. Employees who have in excess of thirty six (36) days of accumulated sick leave may sell up to twenty (20) days per year back to the County. The Sick Leave Sell Back Program is contingent upon approval of the Board annually and payment is made in November. All leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The computed liability is in compliance with GASB 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. <u>Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balances</u> (Continued)

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method and issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

10. Unearned Revenues

Revenues that are received but not earned are unearned in the County's financial statements. In the County's governmental funds, unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the governmental funds' balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

11. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements are reported as transfers.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. <u>Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balances</u> (Continued)

12. Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balance This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Commissioners. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Commissioners remove or change the specific use by taking the same type of action (resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed.
- Assigned Fund Balance This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Commissioners delegated the responsibility to approve/or remove assigned fund balance that reflect the Commissioner's intended use of the resources to the Budget Director.
- Unassigned Fund Balance This classification represents amounts that are available for any purpose.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance.

In the General Fund, the County strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance sufficient to cover operating expenditures for 45 days.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. <u>Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balances</u> (Continued)

12. Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

The government-wide and business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- Restricted Net Position This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This category represents net position of the County, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the County's policy is to apply restricted net position first, then unrestricted net position as they are needed.

13. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has three items that qualify for reporting in this category: deferred outflows related to pensions, deferred outflows relating to Other Postemployment Benefits and deferred outflows on refunding bonds. Deferred outflows related to pensions are described further in Note 16. The components of deferred outflows of resources, other than the difference between the projected and actual investments earnings on investments, are amortized into pension expense over the weighted average remaining service life of all members of the plan beginning the year in which the deferred amount occurs (current year). The annual difference between the projected and actual earnings on plan investments is amortized over a five-year closed period beginning the year in which the difference occurs (current year). Deferred outflows related to Other Postemployment Benefits are described further in Note 17. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. <u>Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balances</u> (Continued)

13. <u>Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources</u> (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has four items that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred inflows related to pensions are described further in Note 16. The components of deferred inflows of resources, other than the difference between the projected and actual investments earnings on investments, are amortized into pension expense over the weighted average remaining service life of all members of the plan beginning the year in which the deferred amount occurs (current year). The annual difference between the projected and actual earnings on plan investments is amortized over a five-year closed period beginning the year in which the difference occurs (current year). Deferred inflows of resources relating to Other Postemployment Benefits are described further in Note 17. A deferred charge ("gain") on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, the governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes as a deferred inflow of resources. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

14. Accounting Estimates

The presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

G. Adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements

The County adopted the requirements of GASB Statement No. 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations". The adoption of this statement had no effect on previously reported amounts.

The County adopted the requirements of GASB Statement No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61." The adoption of this statement had no effect on previously reported amounts.

The County adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 95 "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance", which extends the effective dates of certain accounting and financial reporting provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that were first effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The adoption of this statement had no effect on previously reported amounts.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Pending Changes in Accounting Principles

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities". The County is required to adopt statement No. 84 for its calendar year 2020 financial statements.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, "Leases". The County is required to adopt statement No. 87 for its calendar year 2022 financial statements.

In April 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements." The County is required to adopt statement No. 88 for its calendar year 2020 financial statements.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period." The County is required to adopt statement No. 89 for its calendar year 2021 financial statements.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations". The County is required to adopt statement No. 91 for its calendar year 2022 financial statements.

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020". The County is required to adopt statement No. 92 for its calendar year 2022 financial statements.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates". The County is required to adopt the provisions of Statement No. 93 for its calendar year 2021 financial statements, except for the requirements of paragraphs 11b, 13, and 14, which are effective for the County's calendar year 2022 financial statements.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements". The County is required to adopt statement No. 94 for its calendar year 2023 financial statements.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements". The County is required to adopt statement No. 96 for its calendar year 2023 financial statements.

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32". The County is required to adopt the remaining provisions of Statement No. 97 for its calendar year 2022 financial statements.

The County has not yet completed the various analysis required to estimate the financial statement impact of these new pronouncements.

Component Units – Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

Dauphin County Conservation District

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the District are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Component Units - Summary of Significant Accounting Principles (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County Conservation District</u> (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers all highly liquid investments, including investments in external investment pools, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent revenues set aside for the liquidation of specific obligations.

<u>Investments</u>

The District invests its idle funds in various instruments, including in external investment pools. The District's investments in external investment pools are valued at amortized cost and are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the financial statements. The District invests in non-negotiable certificates of deposit through the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service. The certificates of deposit are valued at cost, plus interest, as they are considered to be non-participating contracts for which redemption terms do not consider market rates.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include buildings and building improvements, land improvements, machinery and equipment, and leasehold assets, are recorded on the statement of net position. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with a value of \$5,000 or more and have a useful life longer than one year. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized. Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method.

Unearned Revenues

Revenues that are received but not earned are unearned in the District's financial statements. In the District's governmental fund, unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenses. In subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for the unearned revenue is

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Component Units - Summary of Significant Accounting Principles (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County Conservation District</u> (Continued)

<u>Unearned Revenues (Continued)</u>

removed from the District's balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District did not have any items that qualified for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District did not have any items that qualified for reporting in this category.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those amounts.

Compensated Absences

The employees of the District are County employees. The District reimburses the County for a portion of salaries and fringe benefits during the year. Therefore, the amount related to compensated absences is recorded on the County's financial statements.

Net Position / Fund Balance

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

 Net Investment in Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. <u>Component Units – Summary of Significant Accounting Principles</u> (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County Conservation District</u> (Continued)

Net Position / Fund Balance (Continued)

- Restricted Net Position This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This category represents net position of the District, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints in the governmental fund financial statements:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance Amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balance Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decisionmaking authority (i.e. the Board of Directors). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the same level of action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned Fund Balance Amounts the District intends to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Financial Coordinator pursuant to authorization established by the Board of Directors.
- Unassigned Fund Balance Amounts that are available for any purpose.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. <u>Component Units – Summary of Significant Accounting Principles</u> (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County Conservation District</u> (Continued)

Net Position / Fund Balance (Continued)

balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

On March 1, 2012, the District developed and adopted an assigned fund balance policy, under which the District's policy is to maintain an assigned fund balance sufficient to cover 90 days of operating expenses during a period of economic downturn. Periodically, the amount of fund balance assigned is adjusted by the Board of Directors. The assigned fund balance can only be spent based on action by the Board of Directors.

Dauphin County General Authority

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are included on their balance sheet.

The financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Conduit Debt Issues

The Authority participates in various Bond issues for which it has limited liability. Acting solely in an agency capacity, the Authority serves as a financing conduit, bringing the ultimate borrower and the ultimate lender together for which it receives an administrative fee. Although the Authority is a party to the Trust indenture with the trustee, the agreements are structured such that there is no recourse against the Authority in the case of default. As such, the corresponding debt is not reflected on the Authority's balance sheet, but is summarized in Note 6.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Component Units - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County General Authority</u> (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Authority considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value. The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Direct Financing Lease Transactions

The Authority accounts for its leases with various agencies as direct financing leases (See Note 8).

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. The Authority provides for depreciation and amortization over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. Upon sale or retirement, the cost and related accumulated depreciation or amortization of such assets are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is credited or charged to income for the period. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to income as incurred. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

Depreciation and amortization were calculated on the straight-line method using the following useful lives:

	Estimated Useful Lives
Land Improvements	7-30 years
Buildings	30 years
Building Improvements	15 years
Golf Course Equipment	5-7 years
Other Equipment	7-10 years

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Component Units - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County General Authority</u> (Continued)

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out method. Inventory consists of consumable supplies used for operations and maintenance and also represents items for sale. Inventory is expensed when the items are used or sold.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue consists of unredeemed gift certificates and unearned membership revenue. The Authority sells gift cards with no expiration dates or administration fees. Revenue is recognized from gift cards when they are redeemed by the customer. Additionally, the Authority sells annual memberships for the golf course. Revenue is recognized evenly each month between the period of April through October based upon the date the memberships was sold. Unearned membership revenue consists of those memberships sold from September through December that will not be utilized until the subsequent golf season.

Net Position

Net position is classified in the following three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets, consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction, and improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent proceeds at the end of the reporting period, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent amount is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Instead, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component (restricted or unrestricted) as the unspent amount. Restricted consists of net position for which constraints are placed thereon by external parties, such as lenders, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations and enabling legislation, including self-imposed legal mandates, less any related liabilities. Unrestricted consists of all other net position which is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

For the time period that the revenue bonds are outstanding and the trust indenture is in effect in each fund, the net position of the fund is presented as restricted for fund operations.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. <u>Component Units - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Dauphin County General Authority (Continued)

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from primary activities. For the Authority, these revenues are charges for services, investment income and miscellaneous revenues. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the Authority.

Case Management Unit

Basis of Presentation

CMU's financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. CMU applies all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from county program funded contracts is recognized as reimbursable costs are incurred as established by regulations promulgated by the Pennsylvania Department of Human Services. Reimbursable costs are reduced by other program income including third-party reimbursements, private payments and interest income.

Net patient service revenue consists of Healthchoices, medical assistance and client fees. These revenues are reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payers. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and are adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

Capital Assets

Capital assets of CMU include furniture and equipment and leasehold improvements and are reported in the financial statements at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Capital assets are defined

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Component Units - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Case Management Unit (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of 3 years. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets of CMU are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Furniture and Equipment	3-10
Leasehold Improvements	10

Income Taxes

CMU qualifies as a tax-exempt Organization under Section 501c (3) of the Internal Revenue Code; therefore no provision for federal income taxes has been established. Further CMU annually files a Form 990, as applicable. The form filed is subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service generally for three years after it is filed. Management asserts that they have no uncertain tax positions requiring the establishment of a liability or disclosure in the financial statements. Management believes it is no longer subject to income tax examinations for year ends prior to June 30, 2016.

Compensated Absences

CMU policy permits employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned, but unused vacation and sick leave. These benefits are payable to employees upon separation of services. All leave pay is accrued when incurred in the financial statements.

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")

Basis of Accounting

The IDA operations are reported as a proprietary fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Component Units - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")</u> (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The IDA considers all highly-liquid debt instruments with a maturity date of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2019 consist of cash held in bank accounts.

Loans Receivable

Loans receivable that management has the intent and ability to hold for the foreseeable future or until maturity or payoff are reported at outstanding principal. Account balances generally are written off when management judges such balances uncollectible, such as an account in bankruptcy. Management continually monitors and reviews loan receivable balances. Interest at rates ranging from 2.5 - 3.5% is charged on unpaid balances and is recognized in revenue upon receipt. The IDA's management evaluates this risk and, when determined to be necessary, provides an allowance for loans which may become uncollectible. Loans receivable are shown net of an allowance of \$65,835.

Direct Financing Lease Transactions

The IDA accounts for its leases with the County of Dauphin as direct financing leases in accordance with GASB No. 62.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates and assumptions in the IDA's financial statements related to the collectability of loans and other receivables and the useful lives of capital assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Capital Assets

Capital Assets which include office equipment and furnishings and buildings and building improvements, are recorded at original cost at the time title reverts to the IDA and said assets are in operating condition. The IDA records all capital outlays as capital assets. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Component Units - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")</u> (Continued)

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings	40
Buildings and Improvements	15
Office Equipment and Furnishings	3 - 7
Solar Farm Project	25

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other obligations are reported as noncurrent liabilities in the statement of net position.

Net Position

Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

- a. Net Investment in Capital Assets This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- b. Restricted Net Position This category represents net position of the IDA that is restricted for project or other purposes.
- c. *Unrestricted Net Position* This category represents net position of the IDA that is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the IDA's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The IDA did not have an item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The IDA did not have an item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Component Units - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC")

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

DCEDC's financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when they are earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. The DCEDC applies Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) pronouncements.

All activities of the DCEDC are accounted for within one proprietary (enterprise) fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the DCEDC is determined by its measurement focus. The transactions of the DCEDC are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the balance sheet. Net Position (i.e., total assets and deferred outflows of resources net of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) is segregated into "net investment in capital assets"; "restricted"; and unrestricted" components. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activities of the DCEDC. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the DCEDC's policy to use restricted resources, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed for their intended purposes.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Component Units - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC")</u> (Continued)

Cash

DCEDC considers all highly-liquid debt instruments purchased with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at their original cost and are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value at the date of donation. Assets with an initial, individual cost that equal or exceed \$5,000 and estimated useful lives of over one year are recorded as capital assets and depreciated. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Furniture and Equipment 3-7 years
Buildings 39 years
Works of Art 7 years

Long-Term Liabilities

In the financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Net Position

The financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

- a. Net Investment in Capital Assets This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- Restricted Net Position This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Component Units - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC")</u> (Continued)

Net Position (Continued)

c. *Unrestricted Net* Position – This category represents net position of the DCEDC, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When an expenditure is incurred for purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the DCEDC's policy to use restricted resources first.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The DCEDC did not have an item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The DCEDC did not have an item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those amounts.

Income Taxes

The DCEDC is exempt from the federal income under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Certain revenue deemed to be unrelated to a nonprofit corporation's tax-exempt purposed could be subject to federal income taxes, however DCEDC management believes that there is no tax liability as of December 31, 2019.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The County's investments at December 31, 2019 were as follows:

Governmental Funds	
Fort Hunter Permanent Fund	
Fixed Income Mutual Funds - Bonds	\$ 584,583
Equity Mutual Funds - Stocks	692,023
Total Permanent Fund	1,276,606
Total Governmental Funds	1,276,606
Fiduciary Funds	
Retirement Fund	
U.S. Government Securities	13,529,391
Corporate Bonds	11,829,665
Bond Mutual Fund	8,022,116
Equity Funds	245,304,211
Savings, CD's and Time Deposits	2,224,177
Other	78,312,799
Total Retirement Fund	359,222,359
Total Fiduciary Funds	359,222,359
Total Investments	\$ 360,498,965

As of December 31, 2019, the County had the following debt investments and maturities within its excess operating fund accounts:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)							
	Fair		ess					N	lore	
Investment Type	Value	Than 1		1-5		6-10		Th	an 10	
Fixed Income Mutual Funds - Bonds	\$ 584,583	\$		\$	_	\$	584,583	\$	-	
Total	\$ 584,583	\$	-	\$	-	\$	584,583	\$		

As of December 31, 2019, the County had the following debt investments and maturities within its retirement plan accounts:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)									
Investment Type		Fair Value		Less Than 1		1-5		6-10	More Than 10			
U.S. Government Agencies	\$	13,529,391	\$	-	\$	1,435,117	\$	6,760,373	\$	5,333,901		
Corporate Bonds		11,829,665		-		5,476,342		2,915,249		3,438,074		
Total	\$	25,359,056	\$	-	\$	6,911,459	\$	9,675,622	\$	8,771,975		

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County's Operating Funds Investment Policy states that maturities shall be set to generally match the projected cash flow requirements for the County as determined by the County Controller.

The County's Retirement Plan Investment Policy Statement ("Retirement Investment Policy") states that emphasis shall be placed on providing adequate and timely investment cash flow to permit benefit payments from the Retirement Plan when due and sufficient reserves to meet unanticipated benefit payments. The average effective duration of fixed income securities shall be no more than 25 percent greater or 50 percent less than the effective duration of Barclays 5-10 Year Treasury Index for Treasuries or Barclays 1-3 Government/Credit Index for bonds. The plan is in conformity with established guidelines.

Credit Risk. The County's Operating Investment Policy limits investments to direct obligations of the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities; other obligations that are either insured or guaranteed by the United States Government; deposits with banks within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania properly insured in accordance with the requirements of the County Code or properly collateralized in accordance with the County Code and Act 72 of 1971 P.S. Section 3836-1, et seq.; or investments with the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust ("PLGIT").

The Investment Policy limits the average quality of fixed income securities to a minimum rating of "A2" or better, the third broad investment grade as determined by Moody's. The Investment Policy allows investments in bonds with ratings below Baa, but limits them to no more than twenty percent of total fixed income securities.

As of December 31, 2019, none of the County's fixed income bond mutual funds in the governmental funds were rated by Moody's.

As of December 31, 2019, the County's retirement plan investments had a credit rating as follows:

Investment Type	Credit Quality Rating	% of Investment Type
U.S. Government Treasuries	AAA	100%
U.S. Government Agencies	AAA	30%
U.S. Government Agencies	Not Rated	70%
Corporate Bonds	Α	13%
Corporate Bonds	AA	10%
Corporate Bonds	AAA	31%
Corporate Bonds	BAA	18%
Corporate Bonds	Not Rated	28%
Bond Mutual Fund	Not Rated	100%

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk. For deposits and investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2019, \$20,150,910 of the County's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk, as they are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution and uninsured. None of the County's retirement or governmental fund investments were exposed to custodial credit risk at December 31, 2019. The County does not have a written policy to limit its exposure to custodial credit risk.

The County's cash equivalents of \$36,923,470 were not subject to custodial credit risk as they were invested with the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust ("PLIGT"), a 2a7-like external investment pool. PLGIT does not place any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals from the pool. The County's investment in PLGIT is measured at amortized cost, which approximates fair market value. The County has no regulatory oversight for the pool, which is governed by a Board of Trustees and is administered by PFM Asset Management, LLC. PLGIT is audited annually by Ernst & Young, LLP. The pool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Separately issued financial statements of PLGIT are available to the public via its website. For the year ended December 31, 2019, all of the County's investments in PLGIT were rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The County's Operating Investment Policy does not allow a single issuer or guarantor to represent more than 10% of the total value of holdings at the time of acquisition.

The County's Retirement Investment Policy states that no issuer, other than the U.S. Government or other Federal agencies, may represent more than 5% of the total market value of the fixed income portfolio. The policy has no limit upon investments in U.S. Treasury securities as a percentage of fixed income securities at cost or market value, except that any single coupon issue thereof may constitute no more than 30% of any administrator's fixed income investments at market value and any single Treasury zero coupon issue 10% at market value. Federal agency securities are limited to 25% per agency, and to 10%, at market value, per any single Federal Agency issue.

At December 31, 2019, the County is not subject to concentration of credit risk.

Fair Value Measurement

The County categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The County had the following recurring fair value measurements for its operating accounts as of December 31, 2019:

Fixed income mutual funds – bonds of \$584,583 and equity mutual funds – stocks of \$692,023 are valued using quotes market prices (Level 1 inputs).

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

The County had the following recurring fair value measurements for its retirement accounts as of December 31, 2019:

				ng				
Investments by Fair Value Level 12/31/19		12/31/19	Level 1		Level 2			Level 3
U.S. Government Securities	\$	13,529,391	\$	-	\$	13,529,391	\$	-
Corporate Bonds		11,829,665		-		11,829,665		-
Bond Mutual Funds		8,022,116	8	,022,116		-		-
Equity Funds		245,304,211	245	,304,211		-		-
Savings, CD's, and Time Deposits		2,224,177		-		2,224,177		_
Total Investments by Fair Value Level		280,909,560	253	,326,327		27,583,233		-
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value								
Limited Partnership		16,849,898						
CCA Life Settlements II Fund		21,250,000						
Hancock Timberland and Farmland Trust LP		4,189,509						
IFM Global Infrastructure LP Class A Interests		10,540,196						
JPNCB Strategic Property Fund		25,483,196						
Total Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value		78,312,799						
Total Investments	\$	359,222,359						

Bond mutual funds and equity funds are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. U.S. government securities, corporate bonds, and savings, CD's, and time deposits are valued using quoted market prices for similar securities.

Limited Partnership. This investment is in a limited partnership that invests in in-force, non-variable universal life insurance policies insuring the lives of individuals of at least seventy years of age who have a life expectancy as of the date of purchase of between three and fifteen years at a price greater than the cash surrender value offered by the life insurance companies but less than the face amount of or the death benefit payable under such policies. The fair value of this investment has been determined using the net asset value per share of the investments. Redemptions can be made quarterly upon 120 days advance notice; however, redemptions can only be made within 12 months of a contribution to the limited partnership with approval by the General Partner. Redemptions within 12 months of a contribution to the limited partnership may be assessed a charge of 5 percent of the redemption amount. As of December 31, 2019, this investment was not within the 12 month redemption restriction period.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

CCA Life Settlements II Fund - The principal investment objective of the Fund is to seek to achieve long term capital appreciation, substantially through investment in policies and usually by holding such policies until maturity (the death of the insured). The fair value of this investment has been determined using the net asset value per share of the investments. Shares in the Fund may not be redeemed or repurchased at the initiative of shareholders. Notwithstanding the above, the Directors may determine, at any time, in their absolute discretion, where the Fund has received the proceeds of realization of some or all of its underlying investments, to distribute such amount of those proceeds and of any other assets or cash of the Fund as they think appropriate to the shareholders by repurchasing shares at the most recently available net asset value per share for the relevant class as at the valuation point on the relevant dealing day. At least five business days' written notice of the intention of the Directors to repurchase Shares in this manner shall be given to Shareholders and Shareholders shall be obliged to accept such repurchases. The ICAV may, in calculating the repurchase price, deduct applicable duties and charges from the net asset value per share. No repurchase fee will be payable in respect of any such repurchase.

Hancock Timberland and Farmland Fund LP - The Partnership is organized for the object and purpose of making investments, directly or through one or more subsidiaries or other entities, in real estate assets, of any kind, in accordance with the investment guidelines, owning, operating, developing, leasing, maintaining, managing, supervising, exchanging and or disposing of such investments directly or through sun entities. The fair value of this investment has been determined using the net asset value per share of the investments. Upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the HTFF Inc., the holders of the preferred shares shall be entitled to receive, out of the assets of HTFF Inc. legally available for distribution to its stockholders, a distribution in cash in the amount of \$1,000 plus an amount equal to all dividends accrued and unpaid thereon to the date of payment, plus, if applicable, the redemption premium then in effect, before any distribution of assets is made to holders of the common stock or any other class or series of stock of HTFF Inc. that ranks junior to the preferred shares as to liquidation rights. The redemption premium is \$50.00 per share until December 31, 2020 and \$-0- thereafter.

IFM Global Infrastructure LP Class A Interests - This investment is in an investment trust fund whose objective is to seek maximum long-term capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio of global infrastructure assets in the energy sector. The fair value of this investment has been determined using the net asset value per share of the investments. Redemptions of this investment are governed by the terms of the limited partnership agreement.

JPNCB Strategic Property Fund - Strategic Property Fund (SPF or the Fund) is an open-end investment fund that seeks to make equity and debt investments in various interests in core real properties located in the United States. The fair value of this investment has been determined using the net asset value per share of the investments. Redemptions of this investment can be made by Fund investors from the Fund once per quarter subject to available cash, as determined by the Investment Adviser. To the extent that withdrawal/repurchase requests exceed available cash, distributions are made on a pro rata basis. Available cash is defined as excess cash after provision for outstanding future capital commitments and other operating reserves.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

<u>Component Units – Deposit and Investment Risk</u>

Dauphin County Conservation District

Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk. For deposits and investments of the District, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At December 31, 2019, the District's cash balance was \$580,662 and its bank balance was \$605,084. Of this bank balance, \$355,084 was exposed to custodial credit risk, as it was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution and uninsured.

The District's cash equivalents of \$1,635,519 were not subject to custodial credit risk, as they were invested with the Pennsylvania Treasurer's INVEST Program for Local Governments and Nonprofits ("INVEST"), an external investment pool. The District's fair value of its position in the pool is measured at amortized cost and is the same as the value of the pool shares. The INVEST program does not place any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals from the program. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania provides external regulatory oversight of the INVEST program. Separately issued financial statements of the INVEST program are available to the public via its website.

At December 31, 2019, the Conservation District held \$432,829 in certificates of deposit, through the Certificates of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS) which are classified as investments on the statement of net position. The certificates of deposit are not exposed to custodial credit risk as the funds are invested in certificates of deposit of multiple financial institutions under the FDIC limit.

Interest Rate Risk. The District's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. For December 31, 2019 all of the District's investments in the state investment pool were rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Dauphin County General Authority

Deposits and Investments

Cash and investments are held by trustees, pursuant to provisions of various Trust Indentures, except for the Administrative Fund cash account, the Dauphin Highlands Golf Course cash account, and the 100 Chestnut Street Fund cash account which are administered by the Authority's Financial Administrator.

The Municipality Authorities Act (the "Act") provides for investment of governmental funds into certain authorized investment types, including U.S. Treasury bills, other short-term U.S. government obligations, short-term commercial paper issued by a public corporation, banker's acceptances, insured or collateralized time deposits, and certificates of deposits. The Act allows pooling of governmental funds for investment purposes. The Act does not prescribe regulations relating to demand deposits.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

<u>Component Units – Deposit and Investment Risk</u> (Continued)

Dauphin County General Authority (Continued)

Deposits

Custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At December 31, 2019, the book balance of the Authority's unrestricted deposits was \$1,350,572 and the bank balance was \$1,359,526. Of the unrestricted bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$1,109,526 was collateralized under Act 72 of the 1971 session of the Pennsylvania General Assembly for the protection of public depositors. At December 31, 2019, the book balance of the Authority's restricted deposits was \$3,903,551 and the bank balance was \$3,903,551. Of the restricted bank balance, \$284,497 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$3,619,054 was collateralized under Act 72.

<u>Investments</u>

The Authority's Level 1 investments reported at December 31, 2019 are as follows:

	Fair Value
Restricted	
Money market funds	\$ 1,982,288

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to an investment transaction will fail and the government will not recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Authority does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk. The Authority's investments in money market funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities in book entry or paper form.

Concentration of credit risk. The Authority places no limit on the amount the Authority may invest in any one issuer.

Credit Risk. The Authority does not have a formal policy that would limit investment choices with regard to credit risk. The Authority's money market funds are unrated as of December 31, 2019.

Interest rate risk. The Authority does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Authority's money market funds have an average maturity of less than one year.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

<u>Component Units – Deposit and Investment Risk</u> (Continued)

Case Management Unit

Cash Concentrations

Custodial Credit Risk – For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, CMU will not be able to recover the value of its deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2019, CMU's cash balance was \$219,304 and its bank balance was \$253,833. Of this bank balance for June 30, 2019, none of CMU's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk. CMU does not have a written policy to limit its exposure to custodial credit risk.

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")

The IDA's deposit policy adheres to State Statutes and prudent business practice.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the IDA will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of September 30, 2019, the IDA's cash balance was \$8,581,882, and its bank balance was \$8,724,074. At September 30, 2019, \$7,221,097 of the IDA's deposits were subject to custodial credit risk and collateralized under Act 72 of the 1971 session of the Pennsylvania General Assembly for the protection of public depositors. The IDA does not have a formal policy to limit its exposure to custodial credit risk.

Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC")

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the DCEDC will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2019, the DCEDC's cash balance was \$3,217,147, and its bank balance was \$3,641,464. At December 31, 2019, \$2,516,119 of the DCEDC's deposits were subject to custodial credit risk and were collateralized under Act 72 of the 1971 session of the Pennsylvania General Assembly for the protection of public depositors. The DCEDC does not have a formal policy to limit its exposure to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3: RESTRICTED ASSETS

Assets whose use is limited to a specific purpose have been classified as "restricted" in the balance sheet. Restricted assets are composed of the following:

Governmental Funds General Fund		<u>Cash</u>		
Amounts held in escrow for purposes including tax protest ordered liabilities	\$	992,537		
Amounts held in fiduciary capacity District Attorney's Office		1,323,344		
Amounts held for Harrisburg City Trash deposits		298,032		
Amounts Reserved for Workers' Compensation Liabilities		345,584		
Total General Fund		2,959,497		
Fort Hunter Permanent Fund		48,966		
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 3	3,008,463		

Component Units - Restricted Assets

Dauphin County Conservation District

Assets whose use is limited to a specific purpose has been classified as restricted in the statement of net position. Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$279,909 at December 31, 2019 are comprised of cash held with a financial institution for various state and local grant programs.

Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC")

Restricted assets represent cash balances from hotel tax and grant program distributions received from Dauphin County. These distributions are restricted for the purpose of promoting tourism and regional development and for the CDBG and HOME programs. At December 31, 2019 the restricted cash balance was \$3,076,138 and the restricted due from related party was \$1,078,671.

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")

Restricted assets represent cash balances from gaming revenues which are restricted for the purpose of providing municipal grants; cash related to the revolving loan program which is restricted for the purpose of providing loans to businesses; security deposits for the property management fund; cash held for municipality loan draws within the infrastructure bank fund; and cash drawn down on the MDJ project within the financing fund which was unexpended at year end. At September 30, 2019, the restricted cash balance was \$7,879,298.

NOTE 3: RESTRICTED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Restricted Assets (Continued)

Dauphin County General Authority

Restricted assets represent cash, cash equivalents, and investments maintained in accordance with bond resolutions, loan agreements, grant awards, and other resolutions and formal actions of the Authority or by agreement for the purpose of funding certain debt service payments, depreciation and contingency activities. At December 31, 2019, the Authority had restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$3,903,551 and restricted investments of \$1,982,288.

NOTE 4: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to risk of loss related to self-insurance activities for workers' compensation. The County records the liability for the risk associated with the workers' compensation. The County has excess workers' compensation insurance with a self-insured retention per occurrence of \$850,000, and a maximum indemnity per occurrence of \$1,000,000.

As required by the Pennsylvania Department of Labor and Industry, the County has established a trust amount for workers' compensation. The cash balance at December 31, 2019, was \$345,584 and is included in the restricted cash amount in the General Fund. The purpose of the account is to provide a source of funds for claimants entitled to benefits under Article III Section 305 of the Pennsylvania Workers' Compensation Act in case the County could not pay claims.

The County maintains workers' compensation reserves for claims incurred and claims incurred but not reported on the funds to which, per the County's estimate, they apply. Independent of these reserves, the County maintains an \$189,000 deposit with a third-party administrator to facilitate claim processing. This amount is recorded in the General Fund.

The accrued liability for workers' compensation claims represents the expected reserve level needed to provide for the ultimate payment of benefits for workers' compensation claims. The liability is determined by an actuary in accordance with actuarial principles based on past loss experience; such claims are discounted at 2.25% for workers' compensation. The accrued liability includes allocated loss adjustment expense, but it does not include any provision for other expenses.

NOTE 4: RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The following summary provides aggregate information on the workers' compensation self-insurance liability, incurred claims, and payments during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

	2019	2018
Balances as of January 1 Add: Incurred Claims and Changes in Estimates Related to:	\$ 1,135,464	\$ 1,953,141
Prior Years	131,820	43,311
Current Year	305,546	154,420
	437,366	197,731
Less: Payment of Claims Related to:		
Prior Years	152,731	937,915
Current Year	171,132	77,493
	323,863	1,015,408
Balances as of December 31	\$ 1,248,967	\$ 1,135,464

The foregoing reconciliation reflects a deficiency in the December 31, 2018 liability for workers' compensation self-insurance of \$131,820. The changes in these liabilities were primarily the result of changes in estimates as more information became available.

As of December 31, 2019, the accrued liability for workers' compensation claims on an undiscounted basis was \$1,317,997. The balance is intended to be sufficient to provide for the ultimate payment of benefits for outstanding incurred losses as of December 31, 2019.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year and the amount of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

The County participates in a claims servicing public entity risk pool (the Pool) for health insurance. Under an agreement with the Pool, the County pays monthly premiums to the Pool based on past loss experience. Based on the County's favorable loss experience in 2019, no liability has been recorded for claims incurred, but not paid as of December 31, 2019.

NOTE 4: RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Risk Management

Case Management Unit

CMU has elected to self-insure itself for medical insurance for certain employees. As of June 30, 2019, CMU is liable for all claims up to an aggregate of \$2,598,260 and \$95,000 per individual for any one plan year. Once the deductible has been met, all future stop loss reimbursements for that contract year are payable. CMU purchased stop loss insurance to cover all claims incurred in excess of these deductible points. As of June 30, 2019, CMU has recorded a liability for claims incurred but not yet paid. During 2019, one individual exceeded \$95,000 in settlements; however, no settlements exceeded insurance coverage for each of the prior two years. The claims liability is included in Accrued Expenses on the Statement of Net Position.

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Balance as of July 1	\$ 227,867	\$ 314,061
Add: Incurred claims relating to:		
Current year	2,500,008	2,071,643
	2,727,875	2,385,704
Less: Payment of claims relating to:		
Prior years	250,465	227,867
Current year	 2,226,945	1,929,970
	2,477,410	2,157,837
Balance as of June 30	\$ 250,465	\$ 227,867

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")

The IDA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverages during 2019. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net

Capital asset activity for the year ended December	er 31,	, 2019 was as	foll	ows:			
Primary Government		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities:		<u>Dalarice</u>		inorcases		<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balarioc</u>
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	2,465,236	\$	-	\$	- \$	2,465,236
Intangible Assets		728,378		109,041		-	837,419
Construction in Progress - Infrastructure		461,126		1,014,955		-	1,476,081
Construction in Progress		3,794,364		525,483		(1,928,623)	2,391,224
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		7,449,104		1,649,479		(1,928,623)	7,169,960
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated							
Infrastructure		22,377,529		31,675		_	22,409,204
Buildings and Improvements		104,958,375		1,900,581		_	106,858,956
Machinery and Equipment		62,963,113		760,071		(545,055)	63,178,129
Leasehold Assets		28,937,170		1,156,105		(207,667)	29,885,608
				, ,		, , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		219,236,187		3,848,432		(752,722)	222,331,897
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization For:							
Infrastructure		(9,270,563)		(536,609)		_	(9,807,172)
Buildings and Improvements		(54,060,983)		(1,966,500)		_	(56,027,483)
Machinery and Equipment		(40,309,933)		(3,617,822)		545,055	(43,382,700)
Leasehold Assets		(16,951,671)		(1,221,832)		207,667	(17,965,836)
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		(120,593,150)		(7,342,763)		752,722	(127,183,191)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		98,643,037		(3,494,331)		-	95,148,706
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	106,092,141	\$	(1,844,852)	\$	(1,928,623) \$	102,318,666
Puningga Type Activities							
Business-Type Activities: Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	111,492	\$	_	\$	- \$	111,492
Construction in Progress	Ψ	1,942,103	Ψ	111,344	Ψ	(22,540)	2,030,907
·				·			
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		2,053,595		111,344		(22,540)	2,142,399
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated							
Buildings and Improvements		19,518,815		22,540		_	19.541.355
Machinery and Equipment		1,711,340				_	1,711,340
Furniture and Fixtures		30,069		-		-	30,069
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		21,260,224		22,540		-	21,282,764
, , ,		, ,		•			, ,
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization For:							
Buildings and Improvements		(16,767,819)		(399,418)		_	(17,167,237)
Machinery and Equipment		(1,564,541)		(42,506)		_	(1,607,047)
Furniture and Fixtures		(25,787)		(685)		-	(26,472)
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		(18,358,147)		(442,609)		-	(18,800,756)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		2,902,077		(420,069)		-	2,482,008

\$

4,955,672 \$

(308,725) \$

(22,540) \$

4,624,407

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities: General Government Judiciary Conservation and Development Human Services Culture and Recreation Public Safety Public Works	\$ 1,366,934 1,568,831 20,980 167,676 161,871 3,519,862 536,609
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	\$ 7,342,763
Business-Type Activities: Public Works Human Services Culture and Recreation	\$ 81,659 320,330 40,620
Total Depreciation Expense – Business-Type Activities	\$ 442,609

Component Units - Capital Assets

Dauphin County Conservation District

Capital Assets consist of the following:

	<u>Cost</u>	Estimated Useful <u>Lives</u>
Land Improvements	\$ 202,495	20 years
Buildings and Improvements	1,250,203	20-40 years
Machinery and Equipment	308,348	3-6 years
Leasehold Assets	15,241	4 years
	1,776,287	,
Less: Accumulated Amortization and Depreciation		
•	1,131,570	
	\$ 644,717	

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$78,340.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Capital Assets (Continued)

Dauphin County General Authority

Changes in Capital Assets of the business-type activities at December 31, 2019 consist of the following:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Transfers in/ Increases	Transfers out/ Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 2,015,951 665,818	\$ - 2,139,207	\$ - (1,704,521)	\$ 2,015,951 1,100,504
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,681,769	2,139,207	(1,704,521)	3,116,455
Capital assets, being depreciated Land improvements Buildings Building improvements Golf course equipment Other equipment	5,890,061 47,386,204 565,620 1,750,741 98,240	1,704,521 34,510 48,444	- - - - -	5,890,061 49,090,725 600,130 1,799,185 98,240
Total capital assets, being depreciated	55,690,866	1,787,475		57,478,341
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for: Land improvements Buildings Building improvements Golf course equipment Other equipment	4,475,714 30,347,556 409,005 1,327,685 91,087	205,160 1,956,794 12,917 166,878 1,652	- - - - -	4,680,874 32,304,350 421,922 1,494,563 92,739
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	36,651,047	2,343,401		38,994,448
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	19,039,819	(555,926)		18,483,893
Capital assets, net	\$ 21,721,588	\$ 1,583,281	\$ (1,704,521)	\$21,600,348

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Capital Assets (Continued)

Case Management Unit

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets being depreciated:				
Furniture and Equipment	\$1,604,351	\$ 59,397	\$ 125,764	\$ 1,537,984
Leasehold Improvements	135,239	-	-	135,239
·				
Total Capital Assets,				
Being Depreciated	1,739,590	59,397	125,764	1,673,223
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Furniture and Equipment	1,222,529	112,634	125,764	1,209,399
Leasehold Improvements	119,270	3,549	· -	122,819
•				
Total Accumulated Depreciation	1,341,799	116,183	125,764	1,332,218
·				
Total Capital Assets, net	\$ 397,791	\$ (56,786)	\$ -	\$ 341,005

CMU functions solely as designee in possession of the assets for the purpose of providing services under all MH/A/DP contracts. Capital assets purchased are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful life for financial statement purposes.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Capital Assets (Continued)

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2019:

	Balance			Balance
	October 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	September 30, 2019
Capital assets, not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 263,697	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 263,697
Total capital assets, not				
Depreciated	263,697	-		263,697
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings held for lease	474,354	-	-	474,354
Building improvements	2,133,189	-	-	2,133,189
Office furniture and equipment	14,521	-	-	14,521
Equipment - Solar farm phase I	4,829,816	-	-	4,829,816
Equipment –Solar farm phase II	3,967,771	<u> </u>		3,967,771
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	11,419,651	· -		11,419,651
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings held for lease	(160,096)	(11,859)	-	(171,955)
Building improvements	(1,291,209)	(142,213)	-	(1,433,422)
Office furniture and equipment	(14,521)	-	-	(14,521)
Equipment – Solar farm phase I	(1,360,861)	(193,193)	-	(1,554,054)
Equipment – Solar farm phase II	(819,490)	(158,711)	-	(978,201)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,646,177)	(505,976)		(4,152,153)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	7,773,474	(505,976)		7,267,498
Total capital assets, net	\$ 8,037,171	\$ (505,976)	\$ -	\$ 7,531,195

Depreciation expense was \$505,976 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Capital Assets (Continued)

Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC")

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2019:

	Balance January 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2019
Capital assets, being depreciated:		Ф.	Φ.	
Furniture and Equipment Works of Art	\$ 19,927 8,011	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,927 8,011
Buildings	2,068,611			2,068,611
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,096,549			2,096,549
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Furniture and Equipment	(19,927)	-	-	(19,927)
Works of Art	(8,011)	-	-	(8,011)
Buildings	(696,163)	(53,041)		(749,204)
Total accumulated depreciation	(724,101)	(53,041)		(777,142)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,372,448	(53,041)		1,319,407
Total capital assets, net	\$ 1,372,448	\$ (53,041)	\$ -	\$ 1,319,407

Depreciation expense was \$53,041 for the year ended December 31, 2019.

NOTE 6: CONDUIT DEBT ISSUES

Component Unit - Conduit Debt Issues

Dauphin County General Authority

The following Conduit debt issues were outstanding at December 31, 2019:

University of Pittsburgh Medical Center	\$ 128,210,000
University of Pittsburgh Medical Center	93,930,000
University of Pittsburgh Medical Center	87,270,000
Elizabethtown College	14,700,000
Elizabethtown College	4,000,000
Elizabethtown College	10,000,000
Elizabethtown College	1,458,000
Harrisburg University	55,290,000
	\$ 394,858,000

NOTE 6: CONDUIT DEBT ISSUES (CONTINUED)

Component Unit - Conduit Debt Issues (Continued)

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")

Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds (WITF, Inc. Project), Series of 2005

On September 23, 2005, the IDA issued Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series of 2005 (the Bonds) in the aggregate principal amount of \$19,000,000. The IDA appointed Fulton Financial Advisors, N.A., to serve as trustee, bond registrar and paying agent for the Bonds. The bonds are limited obligations of the IDA, payable solely from the payments required to be made by WITF, Inc. (the Borrower) under a loan agreement by and between IDA and the Borrower (the Agreement.)

Pursuant to the Agreement, the IDA lent the full proceeds of the Bonds to the Borrower for the acquisition and construction of a public media center to be occupied and used by the Borrower, and payment of related costs and expenses, including a portion of the costs incurred to issue the Bonds. The Borrower is obligated to make payments in amounts equal to scheduled principal and interest on the Bonds, along with certain annual administrative expenses of the IDA, until the Bonds mature in 2026.

The IDA assigned all of its rights under the Agreement to the Trustee. Under the bond indenture and the Agreement, the Borrower is obligated to make the payments directly to the Trustee in amounts necessary to satisfy the debt service requirements of the Bonds. Accordingly, no recourse can be made against the IDA for payment of principal or interest on the Bonds.

In 2009 the IDA approved the refinancing of these bonds into a tax exempt private loan. The refinanced aggregate principal is \$18,000,000.

<u>Taxable Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 (Bentley Harrisburg Senior Living Facility)</u>

On April 6, 2006, the Authority issued Taxable Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 (the Bonds) in the aggregate principal amount of \$2,720,000. The IDA appointed Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. to serve as trustee, bond registrar and paying agent for the Bonds. The bonds are limited obligations of the Authority, payable solely from the payments required to be made by Harrisburg Senior Living, LLC and Bentley Harrisburg Senior Center, LLC (the Borrowers) under the loan agreement by and between IDA and the Borrowers (the Agreement). Pursuant to the Agreement, the IDA lent the full proceeds of the Bonds to the Borrowers to refinance certain short-term debt incurred by the Borrowers to acquire the facility, to fund certain working capital needs for the facility, and to pay Bond issuance costs.

The Borrower is obligated to make payments in amounts equal to scheduled principal and interest on the Bonds, along with certain annual administrative expenses of the IDA, until the Bonds mature in 2039.

NOTE 6: CONDUIT DEBT ISSUES (CONTINUED)

Component Unit - Conduit Debt Issues (Continued)

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA") (Continued)

<u>Taxable Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 (Bentley Harrisburg Senior Living Facility) (Continued)</u>

The IDA assigned all of its rights under the Agreement to the Trustee. Under the bond indenture and the Agreement, the Borrower is obligated to make timely payments directly to the Trustee in amounts necessary to satisfy the debt service requirements of the Bonds. Accordingly, no recourse can be make against the IDA for payment of principal or interest on the Bonds.

Mortgage Revenue Notes, Series of 2006 and 2007 (Hershey Christian School Association Project)

In November 2006, the IDA authorized the issuance of a Mortgage Revenue Note (Note) totaling \$6,000,000. Pursuant to a Loan Agreement, the IDA lent the full proceeds of the Note to a Pennsylvania non-profit corporation (Corporation) for the acquisition and construction of an educational facility. Final maturity on the Note is November 2030. The Note is secured by an Open-End Mortgage and Security Agreement from the Corporation. Accordingly, no recourse can be made against the IDA for payment of principal or interest on the note.

In January 2007, the IDA issued a series of additional Mortgage Revenue Notes (2007 Notes) totaling \$700,000. Pursuant to the Supplemental Loan Agreement, the IDA lent the proceeds of the notes to the Corporation for the acquisition and construction of an educational facility. Final maturity on the Notes is November 2030. The Notes are secured by an Open-End Mortgage and Security Agreement from the Corporation. Accordingly, no recourse can be made against the IDA for payment of principal or interest on the notes.

Mortgage Revenue Note, Series of 2007 (Yellow Breeches Educational Center, Inc. Project)

In December 2007, the IDA authorized the issuance of a Mortgage Revenue Note (Note) totaling \$437,000 for the purpose of assisting a Pennsylvania non-profit corporation in the acquisition of an existing educational facility, and the acquisition of the sewer treatment plant which serves said educational facility. Final maturity on the Note is December 2023. The note is secured by various assets of the borrower; accordingly, no recourse can be made against the IDA for payment of principal or interest on the note.

NOTE 6: CONDUIT DEBT ISSUES (CONTINUED)

Component Unit - Conduit Debt Issues (Continued)

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA") (Continued)

Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series of 2008 (Central Pennsylvania MHA Associates LP Project)

In November 2008, the IDA authorized the issuance of Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds (Bonds) totaling \$13,000,000. Pursuant to a Loan Agreement, the IDA lent the full proceeds of the Bond to a Limited Partnership (LP) for the acquisition, rehabilitation and equipping of land and land improvements and the marketing and leasing of leasable space in the improvements. Final maturity on the Bonds is December 2040. The Bonds are secured by an Open-End Mortgage, Assignment of Leases and Rents, and Security Agreement and from the LP. Accordingly, no recourse can be made against the IDA for payment of principal or interest on the note.

Mortgage Revenue Note, Series of 2008 (Visiting Nurse Association)

In December 2008, the IDA authorized the issuance of a Mortgage Revenue Note (Note) totaling \$766,000 for the purpose of assisting a Pennsylvania non-profit corporation (Corporation) in the acquisition and renovation of a facility and in refinancing of a line of credit of the Corporation. Final maturity on the Note is December 2023. The Note is secured by a mortgage of the Corporation; accordingly, no recourse can be made against the IDA for payment of principal or interest on the note.

<u>Commercial Mortgage Revenue Loan, Series of 2012 (Next Generation Farmer Loan Program)</u>

In February 2012, the IDA authorized the issuance of a Commercial Mortgage Revenue Loan (Loan) totaling \$488,000 for the purpose of financing the purchase price being paid by the Beginning Farmer to the Seller for the Project, which is the fair value of the property identified in the acquisition to be used for farming purposes only. Final maturity on the Loan is December 2032. The note is secured by various assets of the borrower; accordingly, no recourse can be made against the IDA for payment of principal or interest on the note.

Next Generation Farmer Loan Note, Series of 2014

In July 2014, the IDA authorized the issuance of a Next Generation Farmer Loan Note, Series of 2014, totaling \$300,000 for the purpose of financing a portion of the acquisition of an approximately 103 acre farm and related buildings, equipment, and improvements, situated in the Township of Wayne, Dauphin County, and paying the costs of financing. Final maturity on the Note is August 2044. The note is secured by an Open-End Mortgage and Security Agreement, and accordingly, no recourse can be made against the IDA for payment of principal or interest on the note.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term obligations excluding obligations under capital lease follows:

	Beginning	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds and notes payable:					
General obligation debt	\$ 66,685,000	\$ 7,693,000	\$ (9,980,000)	\$ 64,398,000	\$ 11,284,100
Unamortized bond premium/discount (net)	3,539,590	-	(847,199)	2,692,391	789,555
Liquid Fuels revenue note	8,411,113	-	(1,234,888)	7,176,225	1,254,955
Total bonds and notes payable	78,635,703	7,693,000	(12,062,087)	74,266,616	13,328,610
Other liabilities:					
Compensated absences	9,765,269	10,075,038	(9,774,902)	10,065,405	631,284
Estimated liability for workers					
compensation claims	1,135,464	437,366	(323,863)	1,248,967	340,948
Net pension liability	49,316,730	58,586,092	(70,064,114)	37,838,708	-
Net OPEB obligation	26,666,495	2,653,158	(1,214,115)	28,105,538	-
Total other liabilities	86,883,958	71,751,654	(81,376,994)	77,258,618	972,232
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 165,519,661	\$ 79,444,654	\$ (93,439,081)	\$ 151,525,234	\$ 14,300,842
Business-Type Activities:					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation debt	\$ 5,060,000	\$ -	\$ (235,000)	\$ 4,825,000	\$ 240,000
Unamortized bond premium	135,360		(14,118)	121,242	13,754
Total bonds and notes payable	5,195,360	-	(249,118)	4,946,242	253,754
Other liabilities:					
Compensated absences	22,022	27,447	(21,609)	27,860	1,747
Total other liabilities	22,022	27,447	(21,609)	27,860	1,747
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 5,217,382	\$ 27,447	\$ (270,727)	\$ 4,974,102	\$ 255,501

Compensated absences, the liability for workers' compensation, the net pension liability, and the net postemployment benefit obligation are liquidated by the General Fund, Children and Youth Fund, and certain Other Nonmajor Funds.

Pertinent information regarding the Governmental Activities long-term debt obligations outstanding is as follows (General Obligation Bonds are payable from General Fund tax revenues; the Pennsylvania Infrastructure Bank Loans are paid from Liquid Fuels Tax Funds):

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Date of <u>Issue</u>	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	Balance Putstanding at December 31, 2019
2013	\$ 15,905,000	General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2013 issued to advance refund General Obligation Bonds, Series C of 2004; to advance refund General Obligation Bonds, Series D of 2004; and to pay cost of issuance at an interest rate from 0.654%-3.617%. (Final Maturity 2024)	\$ 3,570,000
2014	\$ 9,880,000	General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2014 issued to advance refund a portion of General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2009 and to pay cost of issuance at an interest rate from 0.23%-2.50% (Final Maturity 2023)	5,400,000
2014	\$ 8,200,000	General Obligation Bonds, Series of A of 2014 issued to currently refund General Obligation Bond, Series of 2009 and to pay cost of issuance related to the bond issue at an interest rate from 0.23%-2.30% (Final Maturity 2024)	6,450,000
2014	\$ 4,272,723	Pennsylvania Infrastructure Bank (PIB) Loan issued for the establishment of the Dauphin County Infrastructure Bank at an interest rate of 1.625% (Final Maturity 2024)	1,901,456
2015	\$ 18,475,000	General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2015 issued to currently refund General Obligation Bonds, Series B and Series C of 2005, to partially fund a termination payment associated with the 2015 Swap, and to pay the cost of issuance at an interest rate of 1.00% - 5.00% (Final Maturity 2024)	12,490,000
2015	\$ 7,034,518	Pennsylvania Infrastructure Bank (PIB) Loan issued to fund the Dauphin County Infrastructure Bank at an interest rate of 1.625% (Final Maturity 2025)	4,357,885
2016	\$ 14,690,000	General Obligation Bonds, Series A and B of 2016 issued to currently refund the General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2006, to partially fund a termination payment associated with the 2016 Swap (see Note 8), and to pay the cost of issuance at an interest rate of 1.00% - 4.00% (Final Maturity 2023)	10,875,000
2016	\$ 1,279,250	Pennsylvania Infrastructure Bank (PIB) Loan issued to fund the Dauphin County Infrastructure Bank at an interest rate of 1.625% (Final Maturity 2026)	916,884
2017	\$ 16,775,000	General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2017 issued to advance refund portions of the General Obligation Bonds, 2010 Series D and 2011 Series, and to pay the cost of issuance at an interest rate of 3.00% - 5.00% (Final Maturity 2024)	13,970,000
2017	\$ 4,355,000	General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2017 issued to fund municipal projects through the Dauphin County Infrastructure Bank and to pay the cost of issuance at an interest rate of 1.30% - 4.00% (Final Maturity 2037)	3,950,000
2019	\$ 3,625,000	General Obligation Note Series A issued to fund the Dauphin County Infrastructure Bank at an interest rate of 1.77% (Final Maturity 2024)	3,625,000
2019	\$ 700,000	General Obligation Note Series B issued to fund the Dauphin County Infrastructure Bank at an interest rate of 2.48% (Final Maturity 2034)	700,000
2019	\$ 1,550,000	General Obligation Note Series C issued to fund the Dauphin County Infrastructure Bank at an interest rate of 2.33% (Final Maturity 2029)	1,550,000
2019	\$ 1,818,000	General Obligation Note Series D issued to fund the Dauphin County Infrastructure Bank at an interest rate of 2.33% (Final Maturity 2029)	1,818,000
			\$ 71,574,225

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Interest rates on the above obligations range from 0.23% to 5.00%. The County has pledged its taxing power as security for outstanding general obligation debt.

In May 2017, the County issued \$16,775,000 in General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2017. The County recognized a bond premium of \$2,044,276 as a result of this refunding. In addition, the County paid \$168,534 in bond issuance costs. The County used \$17,765,000 of the proceeds to advance refund a portion of the 2010 Series D Bonds and the 2011 Bonds. The bonds final maturity is on November 15, 2024 and carries an interest rate between 3.00% and 5.00%. As a result of the transaction, the County recognized a deferred loss on refunding in the amount of \$656,721. The deferred loss is being amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. This refunding transaction resulted in an estimated cash flow savings of approximately \$755,000 for the County.

In December 2017, the County issued the General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2017 in the amount of \$4,355,000 to fund municipal projects through the Dauphin County Infrastructure Bank. The County recognized a bond premium in the amount of \$60,091 through the issuances of the Bond. In addition, the County paid \$256,091 in bond issuance costs. The Bonds final maturity is on October 1, 2037 and carry an interest rate of 1.30% - 4.00%.

In October 2019, the County issued the General Obligation Note, Series A of 2019 in the amount of \$3,625,000 to fund the Dauphin County Infrastructure Bank. The Notes final maturity is on June 1, 2024 and carries an interest rate of 1.77%.

In October 2019, the County issued the General Obligation Note, Series B of 2019 in the amount of \$700,000 to fund the Dauphin County Infrastructure Bank. The Notes final maturity is on June 1, 2034 and carries an interest rate of 2.48%.

In December 2019, the County issued the General Obligation Note, Series C of 2019 in the amount of \$1,550,000 to fund the Dauphin County Infrastructure Bank. The Notes final maturity is on December 1, 2029 and carries an interest rate of 2.33%.

In December 2019, the County issued the General Obligation Note, Series D of 2019 in the amount of \$1,818,000 to fund the Dauphin County Infrastructure Bank. The Notes final maturity is on December 1, 2029 and carries an interest rate of 2.33%.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

An analysis of debt service requirements to maturity on the Governmental Activities obligations follows:

Years Ended December <u>31:</u>	General Obligation Principal <u>Requirements</u>	PIB Principal <u>Requirements</u>	Total Principal Requirements	General Obligation Interest Requirements	PIB Interest <u>Requirements</u>	Total Interest Requirements	Total Debt Service Requirements
2020	\$ 11,284,100	\$ 1,254,955	\$ 12,539,055	\$ 2,273,944	\$ 116,614	\$ 2,390,558	\$ 14,929,613
2021	11,638,000	1,275,348	12,913,348	1,915,101	96,221	2,011,322	14,924,670
2022	12,043,300	1,296,072	13,339,372	1,493,128	75,496	1,568,624	14,907,996
2023	12,508,900	1,317,133	13,826,033	1,002,234	54,435	1,056,669	14,882,702
2024	11,771,300	1,002,481	12,773,781	539,175	33,032	572,207	13,345,988
2025-2029	2,986,800	1,030,236	4,017,036	719,736	18,974	738,710	4,755,746
2030-2034	1,430,600	-	1,430,600	262,706	-	262,706	1,693,306
2035-2038	735,000	-	735,000	49,650	-	49,650	784,650
	\$ 64,398,000	\$ 7,176,225	\$ 71,574,225	\$ 8,255,674	\$ 394,772	\$ 8,650,446	\$ 80,224,671

An analysis of the debt service requirements to maturity on the Business-Type Activities obligations follows:

	General	General	
	Obligation	Obligation	Total
Years Ended	Principal	Interest	Debt Service
December 31:	Requirements	<u>Requirements</u>	Requirements
2020	\$ 240,000	\$ 142,819	\$ 382,819
2021	245,000	135,619	380,619
2022	250,000	131,944	381,944
2023	260,000	121,944	381,944
2024	270,000	111,544	381,544
2025-2029	1,490,000	413,959	1,903,959
2030-2034	1,700,000	209,900	1,909,900
2035	370,000	11,100	381,100
	\$ 4,825,000	\$ 1,278,829	\$ 6,103,829

The Business-Type Activities General Obligation Bonds are payable from the Human Service Building Fund charges for service.

In November 2016, the County issued \$5,535,000 in General Obligation Bonds, Series C of 2016. The bonds final maturity is on October 1, 2035 and carries an interest rate between 0.80% and 4.00%. As of December 31, 2019, \$4,825,000 of the General Obligation Bonds, Series C of 2016 were outstanding.

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt debt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years. At December 31, 2019, the County has not recorded an arbitrage liability in its financial statements.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Long-term Debt

Dauphin County General Authority

Long-term debt outstanding at December 31, 2019, is as follows:

Office and Parking Revenue Bonds (Riverfront Office Center):	
Series C of 1998 – Capital Appreciation Bonds	\$ 6,419,600
Series of 2015	25,065,000
Series of 2019	1,458,000
Dauphin County Guaranteed Lease Revenue Note (Magisterial District Justice Fund):	
Series of 2017	5,486,153
Dauphin County Guaranteed Revenue Bonds (Dauphin Highlands): Series A of 2016	7,932,812
	\$ 46,361,565
Long-term debt is shown on the balance sheet as follows: Current portion of long-term debt Long-term debt, net of current portion	\$ 1,664,111 44,697,454
	<u>\$ 46,361,565</u>

Long-term liability activity for the Authority's business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
s Payable t Placement:	\$	7,368,786	\$	450,688	\$	(1,399,874)	\$	6,419,600	\$	-
nds Payable e Payable		35,592,656 5,704,770		1,458,000 -		(2,594,844) (218,617)		34,455,812 5,486,153		1,438,840 225,271
	\$	48,666,212	\$	1,908,688	\$	(4,213,335)	\$	46,361,565	\$	1,664,111

Bonds Direct **Bond** Note

> Each of the Authority's financing programs is described below. The Authority has complied with the significant covenants contained in its debt agreements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

> Office and Parking Revenue Bonds - Series A, B and C of 1998 and Series of 2015 (Riverfront Office Center)

> On June 30, 1998, the Authority issued Office and Parking Revenue Bonds Series A, B, and C in the principal amounts of \$38,950,000, \$1,120,000, and \$5,235,436 respectively. The bond proceeds were used to acquire certain real estate and parking facilities in the City of Harrisburg, known as the Riverfront Office Center, to fund a debt service reserve, and to pay the cost of issuance. The bonds were issued without a municipal bond guaranty insurance policy.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Dauphin County General Authority (Continued)

Office and Parking Revenue Bonds – Series A, B and C of 1998 and Series of 2015 (Riverfront Office Center) (Continued)

The 1998 bonds, as issued, consisted of Current Interest and Capital Appreciation Bonds. The Series A and B are Current Interest Bonds and the Series C are Capital Appreciation Bonds. During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Authority refunded Series A of 1998 Bonds and partially refunded Series C of 1998 Bonds with the issuance of Office and Parking Revenue Bonds, Series of 2015 (Series of 2015 Bonds). The proceeds from the issuance of the Series of 2015 Bonds totaled \$32,000,000. The Series of 2015 Bonds were issued without a municipal bond guaranty insurance policy. Principal is paid annually on January 1 and interest is paid biannually on July 1 and January 1. The interest rate is fixed at 3.92% for ten years through January 1, 2025 and subsequent to that date, interest converts to a variable rate based on London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 2.50%, with a floor of 3% and a maximum rate of 6%.

Series A of 1998

There was no balance remaining on the Series A of 1998 Bonds at December 31, 2019.

Series B of 1998

There was no balance remaining on the Series B of 1998 bonds at December 31, 2019.

Series C of 1998

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Authority partially currently refunded the Series C of 1998 Bonds in the amount of \$15,500,000 with the Series of 2015 Bond proceeds. The refunding was for a portion of Series C of 1998 Bonds set to mature in 2028. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Authority repurchased a portion of the Series C of 1998, totaling \$9,660,000. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Authority repurchased a portion of the Series C of 1998, totaling \$2,195,000. The remaining Series C of 1998 Capital Appreciation Bonds, which have an effective yield of 7%, bear no stated interest and have stated initial principal values as follows:

Maturity Dates	Stated Values at Issuance		Maturity <u>Values</u>		<u>Discount</u>			ccreted <u>Value</u>
July 1, 2024	\$	304,140	\$ 700,000	\$	186,389		\$	513,611
July 1, 2026		265,047	1,450,000		522,870			927,130
January 1, 2027		256,074	1,820,000		695,641		1	,124,359
July 1, 2027		247,411	1,820,000		733,660		1	,086,340
January 1, 2028	3,310,677		4,800,000		2,031,840		2	,768,160
	\$ 4	,383,349	\$10,590,000	\$	4,170,400		\$6	,419,600
July 1, 2027	3	247,411 ,310,677	1,820,000 4,800,000		733,660 2,031,840		1 2	,086,340 ,768,160

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Long-term Debt (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County General Authority</u> (Continued)

Series of 2015

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the IDA made an additional payment of \$2,340,000 on the Series of 2015 Bonds. The Series of 2015 Bonds mature as follows, assuming a fixed rate of 3.92%:

<u>Years</u>	Interest Rate	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	3.92%	\$ 1,155,000	\$ 959,910	\$ 2,114,910
2021	3.92%	1,200,000	913,752	2,113,752
2022	3.92%	1,250,000	865,732	2,115,732
2023	3.92%	1,295,000	815,850	2,110,850
2024	3.92%	1,350,000	764,008	2,114,008
2025-2029	3.92-6.00%	7,575,000	4,543,350	12,118,350
2030-2034	6.00%	9,180,000	2,037,600	11,217,600
2035	6.00%	2,060,000	61,800	2,121,800
		\$25,065,000	\$ 10,962,002	\$ 36,027,002

As required by a mandatory sinking fund provision, the trustee deposited \$2,339,688 of bond proceeds in the Debt Service Reserve Account.

Series of 2019

On June 7, 2019, the Authority issued a Federally Taxable Office and Parking Revenue Bond, Series of 2019, in the principal amount of \$4,000,000. The Series of 2019 Bond is structured as a draw down loan with proceeds to be used to retire portions of the Series C of 1998 debt as well as costs of issuance. In 2019, \$1,458,000 was drawn to retire a portion of the Series C of 1998 debt. The remainder of the Series of 2019 Bond may be drawn as of or before June 1, 2021 upon request of the Authority.

The interest rate on Series of 2019 Bonds is fixed at 4.70% for the first five years and then it is variable. Per the bond agreement, after the first five years, the interest rates will change monthly and be calculated based on LIBOR plus 2%, not to exceed 6%. The collateral for the Bond is secured by the revenues from the Riverfront Office Complex as outlined in the Series 2015 Indenture.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Long-term Debt (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County General Authority</u> (Continued)

Series of 2019 (Continued)

The Series of 2019 Bonds mature as follows, assuming a fixed rate of 4.70%.

Years	Interest Rate	Principal		Interest		tal
2020	4.70%	\$ 134,200	\$	84,807	\$	219,007
2021	4.70%	-		68,526		68,526
2022	4.70%	42,400		67,530		109,930
2023	4.70%	67,100		64,956		132,056
2024	4.70%	71,200		61,706		132,906
2025-2029	4.70-6.00%	427,700		305,994		733,694
2030-2034	6.00%	577,600		172,392		749,992
2035	6.00%	137,800		8,160		145,960
		\$ 1,458,000	\$	834,071	\$	2,292,071

<u>Dauphin County Guaranteed Revenue Bonds – Series A and B of 2016 (Dauphin Highlands)</u>

On January 6, 2005, the Authority issued Tax Exempt County Guaranteed Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A of 2005 (Series A of 2005) and Taxable County Guaranteed Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series B of 2005 (Series B of 2005) in the principal amount of \$8,565,000 and \$2,435,000, respectively. The bonds were insured by a municipal bond guaranty insurance policy. The net proceeds were used to advance refund the 1993 Series Capital Appreciation Bonds, advance refund the County Guaranteed Revenue Bonds, Series of 2003, and pay the costs of issuing the bonds. At December 31, 2019, the maturity value and accreted value of the bonds outstanding on the 1993 Series Capital Appreciation Bonds are \$4,290,000 and \$3,746,534, respectively. There is no balance outstanding on the County Guaranteed Revenue Bonds, Series of 2003, at December 31, 2019.

On September 30, 2011, the Authority issued Taxable County Guaranteed Revenue Refunding Bond, Series A of 2011 (Series A of 2011) and Taxable County Guaranteed Revenue Refunding Bond, Series B of 2011 (Series B of 2011), in the principal amounts of \$8,796,927 and \$2,355,154, respectively. The Series A and B of 2011 Bonds were issued without a municipal bond guaranty insurance policy. The Authority used the proceeds of Series A of 2011 to currently refund the Series A of 2005 and pay the cost of issuance. The net proceeds of Series B of 2011 were used to advance refund the Series B of 2005 and pay issuance costs. There is no balance outstanding on the County Guaranteed Revenue Bonds, Series B of 2005, at December 31, 2019.

On February 10, 2016 the Authority issued Taxable County Guaranteed Revenue Refunding Bond, Series A of 2016 (Series A of 2016) and Tax-Exempt County Guaranteed Revenue Refunding Bond, Series B of 2016 (Series B of 2016), in the principal amounts of \$8,479,511 and \$1,708,775, respectively. The Series A and B of 2016 Bonds were issued without a municipal bond guaranty insurance policy. The net proceeds of Series A of 2016 Bonds were used to currently refund the Series A of 2011 Bonds and pay the cost of issuance. The net proceeds of Series B of 2016

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Long-term Debt (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County General Authority</u> (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County Guaranteed Revenue Bonds – Series A and B of 2016 (Dauphin Highlands) (Continued)</u>

Bonds were used to currently refund the Series B of 2011 Bonds and pay issuance costs.

The interest rate on Series A of 2016 Bonds is variable. Per the bond agreements, the interest rates will change monthly and be calculated based on London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 1.55% not to exceed 12%. The interest rate on these bonds as of December 31, 2019 was 3.24113%. The County has pledged its full faith, credit, and taxing power to guarantee the debt service payments related to both principal and interest due on the Series A of 2016 Bonds.

Using the interest rate in effect at December 31, 2019, these bonds mature as follows:

<u>Years</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	\$ 149,640	\$ 258,842	\$ 408,482
2021	152,660	253,888	406,548
2022	7,630,512	248,833	7,879,345
Total	<u>\$ 7,932,812</u>	\$ 761,563	<u>\$ 8,694,375</u>

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Series B of 2016 Bonds were paid in full. The final payment was made in the amount of \$1,218,766 on January 9, 2019. There was no balance remaining on the Series B of 2016 Bonds at December 31, 2019.

<u>Dauphin County Guaranteed Lease Revenue Note-Series of 2017 (Magisterial District Justice Fund)</u>

On December 28, 2017, the Authority issued a Tax Exempt County Guaranteed Lease Revenue Note, Series of 2017 (2017 Note), in the principal amount of \$5,917,000. The 2017 Note proceeds were used to finance the purchase, acquisition, and construction of a new magisterial district justice office and courtroom to be located in the Township of Swatara, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania. In addition, a portion of the proceeds were used to refund the County and the Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority's (IDA) debt of other magisterial district justice projects previously undertaken by the County and IDA. Upon refunding these projects, the deeds for the properties were passed to the Authority.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Dauphin County General Authority (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County Guaranteed Lease Revenue Note-Series of 2017 (Magisterial District Justice Fund) (Continued)</u>

The 2017 Notes bear interest and mature as follows:

<u>Years</u>	Interest Rate	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	3.00%	\$ 225,271	\$ 161,504	\$ 386,775
2021	3.00%	232,123	154,652	386,775
2022	3.00%	239,184	147,592	386,776
2023	3.00%	246,459	140,317	386,776
2024	3.00%	253,955	132,820	386,775
2025-2029	3.00%	1,390,446	671,605	2,062,051
2030-2034	5.00%	1,615,165	531,185	2,146,350
2035-2038	5.00%	1,283,550	116,946	1,400,496
Total		\$ 5,486,153	\$ 2,056,621	\$ 7,542,774

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")

\$318,850 Guaranteed Lease Revenue Note, Series 2010, due in semi-annual installments of \$11,101 through December 1, 2017 plus interest at 3.40%, then in semi-annual installments of \$13,755 through December 1, 2030 plus interest at 7.00%.

The proceeds of the Note, dated December 1, 2010 were used for and towards the acquisition for a building situated at 3005 Hoffman Street in Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania; and paying the costs and expenses related to the forgoing purposes and the issuance of the Note.

Under a lease agreement dated December 1, 2010 between the IDA, as lessor, and the County, as lessee, the County is obligated to make monthly payments to or on behalf of the IDA in amounts required by the Note. The County is currently making payments directly to the bank. The County guarantees payment of principal and interest on the Note.

The following is a maturity schedule for the Guaranteed Lease Revenue Note, Series of 2010:

<u> </u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Interest Rate	Maturity Date
\$	12,518	\$ 14,991	7.00%	2020
	13,463	14,046	7.00%	2021
	14,435	13,074	7.00%	2022
	15,478	12,031	7.00%	2023
	16,567	10,942	7.00%	2024
	102,763	34,784	7.00%	2025-2029
	38,496	 2,767	7.00%	2030-2031
\$	213,720	\$ 102,635		

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA") (Continued)

\$8,330,000 Guaranteed Lease Revenue Note Series 2013, due in annual installments through December 1, 2033 plus interest at 3.00% through December 1, 2023 and interest of 4.85% through December 1, 2033.

The proceeds of the Note, dated December 17, 2013, were used for and towards the acquisition of 1100 South Cameron Street, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania; and paying the costs and expenses related to the foregoing purposes and the issuance of the Note.

Under a lease agreement dated December 17, 2013 between the IDA, as lessor, and the County, as lessee, the County is obligated to make monthly payments to or on behalf of the IDA in amounts required by the Note. The County guarantees payment of principal and interest on the Note.

The following is a maturity schedule for the Guaranteed Lease Revenue Note, Series 2013:

<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Interest Rate	Maturity Date
\$ 359,000	\$ 195,135	3.00%	2020
370,000	184,200	3.00%	2021
381,000	172,935	3.00%	2022
393,000	161,325	3.00% / 4.85%	2023
405,000	193,533	4.85%	2024
2,212,000	896,281	4.85%	2025-2029
 2,564,000	318,305	4.85%	2030-2034
\$ 6,684,000	\$ 2,121,714		

\$2,210,000 Guaranteed Note, Series of 2017, due in semi-annual through December 1, 2022 plus interest at 3.80%, then in semi-annual installments through December 31, 2042 plus interest at a variable rate equal to Fulton Bank, NA's Prime Rate, as determined on the last business day immediately preceding the applicable adjustment date, not to exceed 10.00% per annum.

The proceeds from this Note, dated August 14, 2017, were used by the IDA to refinance the IDA's Guaranteed Note, Series of 2012.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Long-term Debt (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")</u> (Continued)

\$2,210,000 Guaranteed Note, Series of 2017 (Continued)

The following is a maturity schedule for the Guaranteed Lease Revenue Note, Series of 2017:

- · -	•			
	Principal	Interest	Interest Rate	Maturity Date
\$	56,404	\$ 81,043	3.80%	2020
	58,818	78,628	3.80%	2021
	61,106	76,340	3.80%	2022
	63,483	133,644	3.80%/ Variable	2023
	65,759	188,653	Variable	2024
	370,089	834,587	Variable	2025-2029
	447,923	629,761	Variable	2030-2034
	542,127	381,854	Variable	2035-2039
	446,189	92,309	Variable	2040-2043
\$	2,111,898	\$ 2,496,819		

The following is a summary of long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2019:

	Balance October 1, 2018		Additions Deletions			Deletions	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2019	Due Within One Year	
Guaranteed lease revenue notes:										
Series of 2010	\$	225,433	\$	-	\$	(11,713)	\$	213,720	\$	12,518
Series of 2013 (Cameron)		7,033,000		-		(349,000)		6,684,000		359,000
Subtotal		7,258,433		-		(360,713)		6,897,720		371,518
2010 Commercial Term Loan		1,341,582		-		(1,341,582)		-		-
2012 Guaranteed Mortgage Revenue Note		241,221		-		(241,221)		-		-
2017 Guaranteed Note		2,166,225		-		(54,327)		2,111,898		56,404
Total	\$	11,007,461	\$	-	\$	(1,997,843)	\$	9,009,618	\$	427,922

In October 2018, the Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation issued a Guaranteed Lease Revenue Note, Series A of 2018, in the amount of \$1,618,500. The proceeds of the Note were used to refinance the 2010 Commercial Term Loan and 2012 Guaranteed Revenue Note of the Authority.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC")

The following is a summary of long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2019:

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Amounts Due ithin One Year
Section 108 Note Payable 2018A Guaranteed Note	\$	1,376,000 1,618,500	\$	-	\$	(1,376,000)	\$	- 1,618,500	\$	- 1,618,500
2018B Guaranteed Parking Revenue Note 2019A Guaranteed Note		1,470,000		- 1,376,000		- (172,000)		1,470,000 1,204,000	_	1,470,000 172,000
	\$	4,464,500	\$	1,376,000	\$	(1,548,000)	\$	4,292,500	\$	3,260,500
Long-term debt at December 31, 2019, consisted of the following: Guaranteed Note, Series A of 2019, in the amount of \$1,376,000 issued for the purpose of refinancing the Section 108 Note Payable at an interest rate of from 2.89% to 5.00% and final										
payment due August 2026.									\$	1,204,000
Guaranteed Note, Series A of 2018, in the amount of \$1,618,500 issued for the purpose of refinancing the Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority 2010 and 2012 Notes at an interest rate of 3.7% and final payment due November 2020.									1,618,500	
Guaranteed Parking Revenue Note, Series B of 2018, in the amount of \$1,470,000 issued for the purpose of refinancing the DCEDC's Note at an interest rate of 3.7% and final payment due November 2020.							1,470,000			
Less: Current portion									4,292,500 (3,260,500)	

Maturities of long-term debt are as follows:

Long-term portion

Maturity Date	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2020	\$ 3,260,500		\$ 132,718		\$ 3,393,218
2021	172,000		23,102		195,102
2022	172,000		18,720		190,720
2023	172,000		18,720		190,720
2024	172,000		14,218		186,218
2025-2026	344,000		14,548		358,548
	\$ 4,292,500	,	\$ 222,026	,	\$ 4,514,526

In January 2019 the County of Dauphin issued a guaranteed Note, Series A of 2019 in the principal amount of \$1,376,000 on behalf of the DCEDC. The proceeds were used to refund the Section 108 Note Payable.

1,032,000

\$

NOTE 8: DIRECT FINANCING LEASES

Component Unit - Direct Financing Leases

Dauphin County General Authority

The Authority's Magisterial District Justice Fund leasing operation consists of leasing offices to the County under a direct financing lease arrangement. The lease arrangement was financed through the issuance of Dauphin County Guaranteed Lease Revenue Note, Series of 2017. The term of the lease agreement is 20 years and expires in 2038.

The following is a schedule of minimum lease payments for the Magisterial District Justice Fund's direct financing lease:

Years Ending December 31,	
2020	\$ 386,775
2021	386,775
2022	386,775
2023	386,775
2024	386,775
2025-2029	2,062,050
2033-2034	2,146,349
2035-2038	1,400,494
	\$ 7,542,768

The net investment in the direct financing lease for the Authority Magisterial District Justice Fund consists of the following at December 31, 2019:

Total Minimum Lease Payments to be Received	\$ 7,542,768
Less: Unearned Income	2,056,620
	\$ 5,486,148
Current Portion	\$ 225,271
Noncurrent Portion	 5,260,877
	\$ 5,486,148

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")

On December 1, 2010 the IDA entered into a lease agreement with the County of Dauphin for a building for a twenty year term. The lease requires the County to make payments equal to the principal and interest of the IDA's Series of 2010 Guaranteed Lease Revenue Note. The County has the right to purchase the leased building for the sum of one dollar, plus the amount, if any, required to pay in full the outstanding balance due under the IDA's Series of 2010 Guaranteed Lease Revenue Note. The amount of lease outstanding at September 30, 2019 is \$213,720.

NOTE 8: DIRECT FINANCING LEASES (CONTINUED)

Component Unit - Direct Financing Leases (Continued)

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA") (Continued)

On December 17, 2013 the IDA entered into a lease agreement with the County of Dauphin for a building for a twenty year term. The lease requires the County make payments equal to the principal and interest of the IDA's Series of 2013 Guaranteed Lease Revenue Note (Cameron Street). The County has the right to purchase the leased property for the sum of one dollar, plus the amount, if any, required to pay in full the outstanding balance due under the IDA's Series of 2013 Guaranteed Lease Revenue Note. The amount of the lease outstanding at September 30, 2019 is \$6,684,000.

Following is a schedule of minimum lease payments for the direct financing leases:

Years Ending September 30,	
2020	\$ 581,644
2021	581,709
2022	581,444
2023	581,835
2024	626,042
2025-2029	3,245,827
2030-2034	2,923,568
	\$ 9,122,069

The net investment in direct financing lease consists of the following at September 30, 2019:

Total Minimum Lease Payments to be Received	\$ 9,122,069
Less: Unearned Interest Income	(2,224,349)
	\$ 6,897,720
Current Portion Noncurrent Portion	\$ 371,518 6,526,202
	\$ 6,897,720

On October 30, 2018, the Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation (the "DCEDC") leased a building (the "Veterans Building") owned by the IDA. The term of the lease is October 30, 2018 through November 15, 2020. The lease required the DCEDC to issue debt and remit the debt proceeds, less issuance costs, to the IDA to permit the IDA to retire the debt obligations on the Veterans Building.

On October 30, 2018, the DCEDC issued a Guaranteed Note, Series A of 2018, to Members 1st Federal Credit Union (the "Credit Union") in the amount of \$1,618,500, the proceeds of which, less issuance costs, were paid to the IDA under the lease in satisfaction of all lease rental payments due on the lease between the DCEDC and the

NOTE 8: DIRECT FINANCING LEASES (CONTINUED)

Component Unit - Direct Financing Leases (Continued)

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA") (Continued)

IDA. The Note bears interest at 3.7% and requires interest only payments for 24 months at which time the entire Note principal of \$1,618,500 is due and payable on November 1, 2020.

The Guaranteed Note between the DCEDC and the Credit Union is secured by a first-priority leasehold mortgage lien and assignment of rents on the real property located at 112 Market Street, Harrisburg, PA (the Veterans Building). The Note is further secured by a guarantee agreement, dated October 30, 2018, between the County of Dauphin, and the Credit Union. Under the guarantee agreement, the County guarantees full and prompt payment of the principal and interest on the Note between the DCEDC and the Credit Union.

The lease between the DCEDC and the IDA also required the DCEDC to sublease the Veterans Building back to the IDA. On October 30, 2018, the DCEDC entered a sublease agreement with the IDA, whereby the IDA would pay sublease rentals adequate to allow the DCEDC to meet the debt service payments on the Note issued by the DCEDC. The sublease was also assigned by the DCEDC to the Credit Union as security under the Note.

Following is a schedule of minimum lease payments for the direct financing lease:

Years Ending	
September 30,	
2020	\$ 60,048
2021	 1,628,508
	\$ 1,688,556

The net direct financing lease consists of the following at September 30, 2019:

Total Minimum Lease Payments to be Received	\$ 1,688,556
Less: Unearned Interest Income	 (70,056)
	\$ 1,618,500
Current Portion Noncurrent Portion	\$ - 1,618,500
	\$ 1,618,500

NOTE 9: LINE OF CREDIT

Component Unit - Line of Credit

Case Management Unit

At June 30, 2019, CMU had an \$1,000,000 line of credit with a bank, secured by all accounts receivable, which expires December 10, 2048. Interest on outstanding borrowings is due monthly at .5% above the bank's prime rate, which was 6% at June 30, 2019. There were \$2,545,000 in borrowings on the line and \$2,935,000 in repayments for the year ended June 30, 2019. The principal balance on the line as of June 30, 2019 was \$0.

NOTE 10: CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in capital lease obligations for the year ended December 31, 2019:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	mounts Due hin One Year
Governmental Activities Capital Leases	\$ 14.427.676	\$ 1.156.106	\$ (1,362,135)	\$ 14,221,647	\$ 1,354,152
Total Capital Lease Obligations	\$ 14,427,676	\$ 1,156,106	\$ (1,362,135)	\$ 14,221,647	\$ 1,354,152

In prior years, the County has entered into capital lease agreements for computer equipment, office and other equipment, and a security system which are accounted for in the Governmental Activities.

In 2019, the County entered into four new capital leases all of which were in Governmental Activities. Two leases were for IT equipment in the amounts of \$57,836 and \$166,345; one lease for emergency management equipment in the amount of \$818,109; and one lease for vehicles in the amount of \$113,816.

NOTE 10: CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease agreements, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2019:

Years Ending December 31	Governmental Activities
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2034 2035-2038	\$ 1,820,668 1,428,703 1,343,866 1,188,198 1,213,530 5,430,441 4,538,385 1,400,489
Total Minimum Lease Payments	18,364,280
Less: Amount Representing Interest	4,142,633
Total Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	14,221,647
Less: Amounts Due within One Year	1,354,152
	\$ 12,867,495

At December 31, 2019, the County had leased buildings and equipment disclosed as leasehold assets in the Capital Asset Note (see Note 5) in the amount of \$29,885,608 with accumulated depreciation of \$17,965,836.

NOTE 11: FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund		
Nonspendable Nonspendable	Φ.	770 444
Prepaid Items	\$	770,444
This line item represents payments made for the following calendar year.	c	11 162 150
PCHIPC Settlement	\$	11,163,458
This line item represents a reimbursement for overpayment of health insurance.	Φ.	E 004 070
Due from Component Unit	\$	5,921,270
This line item represents the non-current portion of funds due from the County's component	t units.	
Assigned	_	
2020 Budget Deficit	\$	15,008,563
This line item represents amounts assigned to balance the subsequent year's budget.		
Low Income Housing Fund		
Restricted	\$	1,389,809
This line item represents amounts that are restricted by enabling legislation for the future		
payments of expenditures to enable county residents to purchase or rent residential		
housing.		
Gaming Fund		
Restricted	\$	10,506,454
This line item represents restricted amounts of local share assessment revenue.		
Assigned	\$	7,178,566
This line item represents assigned amounts of local share assessment revenue.		
Nonmajor Funds		
<u>Nonspendable</u>	Φ.	4 005 570
Fort Hunter Trust Fund	\$	1,325,572
This line item represents funds intended for the preservation of Fort Hunter.		
<u>Restricted</u>	•	
Capital Projects	\$	4,360,249
This line item represents amounts restricted for capital projects.	_	
State Grant	\$	993,345
This line item represents amounts restricted for various state fiscal year grants.		
<u>Liquid Fuels</u>	\$	676,646
This line item represents amounts that are restricted by grantors for the future payments of		
expenditures for the building and improvement of roads and bridges.		

NOTE 11: FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Nonmajor Funds (Continued)

continued)		
Domestic Relations	\$	787,505
This line item represents amounts that are restricted by grantors for the future payments of		
expenditures for the operation of the child support enforcement.		
Hazardous Materials	\$	239,858
This line item represents monies collected, per statute, for training programs, public and		
facility owner education, information and participating programs, general administrative and		
operational expenses.	•	
Emergency 911 Operating	\$	2,960,026
This line item represents amounts that are restricted for the future payments of		
expenditures for operation of the 911 program.	•	0.740.070
Fee for Local Use	\$	3,718,678
This line item represents amounts that are restricted by grantors for the future payments of		
expenditures for the building and improvement of roads and bridges.	•	477.004
<u>Aging</u>	\$	177,264
This line item represents amounts that are restricted for aging programs.		
Drug Act Forfeited - State	\$	113,211
This line item represents amounts that are restricted to drug enforcement related expenses.		
Drug Act Forfeited - Federal	\$	773,743
This line item represents amounts that are restricted to drug enforcement related expenses.		
Act 89 Bridge Maintenance	\$	773,947
This line item represents amounts that are restricted by grantors for the future payments of		
expenditures for the building and improvement of roads and bridges.		
PennDot Act 44	\$	1,277,721
This line item represents amounts that are restricted by grantors for the future payments of		
expenditures for the building and improvement of roads and bridges.		
	c	2 226 522
Bridge Bundle Project	\$	3,326,532

This line item represents amounts that are restricted for County bridge rehabilitation projects.

The restrictions of net position included in the Fiduciary Funds are as follows:

Fiduciary Funds

Net Position Restricted for Pensions

\$ 362,530,224

Component Units - Fund Balance/Net Position

Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC")

The restrictions of net position included in the financial statements represent portions of net position that are restricted for various purposes and are not available for the payment of other subsequent expenditures. The following restrictions are included in the financial statements.

NOTE 11: FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC")</u> (Continued)

Tourism and Regional Promotion \$ 4,155,512 HOME Program \$ 1,344

\$ 4,156,856

NOTE 12: INTERFUND AND COMPONENT UNIT RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances consist of the following at December 31, 2019:

		<u>D</u>	ue to Other
<u>.</u>	<u>runas</u>		<u>Funds</u>
\$	6,851,213	\$	689,025
	215,944		6,629,654
	132,594		63,549
	316,208		95,979
	7,515,959		7,478,207
	-		62,030
	13,535		-
	10,743		-
	24,278		62,030
\$	7,540,237	\$	7,540,237
		215,944 132,594 316,208 7,515,959 - 13,535 10,743 24,278	Funds \$ 6,851,213 \$ 215,944 132,594 316,208 7,515,959

The County utilizes a pooled operating fund to enhance investment return, therefore, interfund receivables and payables are recorded to recognize amounts held by the General Fund in the pooled account on behalf of other funds. In addition, the General Fund has paid expenses on behalf of other funds, therefore, a corresponding interfund receivable and payable has been recorded.

Component Unit - Receivables and Payables

	Co	ohin County nservation District	D	uphin County Industrial evelopment Authority	E De	ohin County conomic velopment orporation	Total
Due From Component Unit		_				_	
General Fund	\$	194,108	\$	7,187,036	\$	-	\$ 7,381,144
Low Income Housing Fund		-				162,887	162,887
		194,108		7,187,036		162,887	7,544,031
Due To Component Unit							
Other Nonmajor Funds		-				195,464	195,464
						195,464	195,464
	\$	194,108	\$	7,187,036	\$	(32,577)	\$ 7,348,567

NOTE 13: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund Transfers are executed as a result of the requirements for certain funds to fund a portion of the expenditures or expenses of other funds. Interfund transfers are as follows:

Governmental Funds:	Transfers from Other Funds	Transfers to Other Funds		
General Fund Children and Youth Families Fund Gaming Fund MH/A/DP Fund Other Nonmajor Funds	\$ 9,480,239 9,031,802 - 1,112,371 4,705,828	\$ 14,581,252 79,004 9,117,478 286,412 1,287,471		
Total Governmental Funds	24,330,240	25,351,617		
Business-Type Funds: Health Choice Fund Other Nonmajor Funds	\$ - 1,102,777	\$ 81,400 		
Total Business-Type Funds	1,102,777	81,400		
	\$ 25,433,017	\$ 25,433,017		

Transfers from the general fund are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary and legal authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs.

NOTE 14: PROPERTY TAXES

Real Estate Property Taxes

Real estate property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1, based on the assessed value listed as of the prior December 31 for all real property located in the County. Assessed values are established by the County Assessment Board at approximately 100% of calculated market value. Taxes are billed on or about February 1, payable under the following terms: 2% discount, February 1 through March 31; face amount, April 1 through July 31, and 5% penalty June 1 through July 31, and a 10% penalty from August 1 through December 31. The County bills its own property taxes, which are collected by elected tax collectors. Real estate property taxes levied for 2019 are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectibles of approximately \$1.84 million. The net receivables collected during 2019 and expected to be collected within the first sixty (60) days of 2020 are recognized as revenue in 2019. Net receivables estimated to be collectible subsequent to March 31 are reflected in deferred revenue. Prior years' levies are recorded using these same principles, and remaining receivables are annually reevaluated as to collectability. The rate of taxation in 2019 was 6.876 mills, for general purposes. In addition, a special tax of 0.35 mills was approved for the County Library System. The total taxable assessed value of the County for 2019 was \$15,511,957,452.

NOTE 15: LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Fund Balance / Net Position Deficit

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the following funds had a deficit fund balance / net position:

Enterprise Funds:

Human Service Building Fund

\$ 196,082

The above deficits resulted from additional expenses that will be paid through contributions by the General Fund.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The following major funds had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended December 31, 2019:

			Percent of
			Excess over
	Appropriations	Expenditures	Appropriations
Low Income Housing Fund	\$ 491,600	\$ 526,655	7.13%

The excess expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues.

Component Unit - Net Position Deficit

Dauphin County General Authority

The following funds of the Authority had negative net position as of December 31, 2019:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Riverfront Office Center	\$ 15,162,593
Dauphin Highlands Golf Course	9,432,395

Revenue, receipts, and property of each fund are pledged as collateral on the bonds and are not cross collateralized.

NOTE 16: EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN

The Employees' Retirement Trust Fund Plan (the "Plan") is a single employer contributory defined benefit retirement plan covering substantially all full-time employees of the County and part-time employees exceeding 1,000 hours per year. The Plan is included in the financial statements of the County as a pension trust fund.

The Retirement Trust Fund issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information. This report may be obtained by contacting the Dauphin County Controller's Office, 101 Market Street, Room 106, Harrisburg, PA 17101.

The Retirement Trust Fund is presented on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to government entities. Plan members and employer contributions to the Plan are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Description of Plan

Plan administration. The County of Dauphin Retirement Plan is a public "County Employees Retirement System". The Plan is governed by the 1971 County Pension Law, Act 96, of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as amended, (the "Act"). Benefits and contribution provisions of the Plan are established and can be amended as provided by the Act.

Management of the Plan is vested in the Retirement Board, which consists of five members – three elected County Commissioners, the County Controller, and the County Treasurer.

Plan membership. Membership of the plan membership consisted of the following at January 1, 2019:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,193
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	230
Active Plan members	1,456
Total Membership	2,879

Benefits provided. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits for plan members are calculated as a percent of the member's highest 3-year average salary times the member's years of service depending on class basis. Plan members with 20 years of service are eligible to retire at age 55. Plan members that have attained age 60 are eligible to retire. All plan members are eligible for disability benefits after 5 years of service if disabled while in service and unable to continue as a county employee. Disability retirement benefits are equal to 25% of the highest average salary at the time of retirement. Death benefits for a member who dies with 10 years of service prior to retirement is the total present value of member's retirement paid in a lump sum. A plan member who leaves County service with less than 5 years of service may withdraw his or her contributions, plus accumulated interest.

On an ad hoc basis, cost-of-living adjustments to each member's retirement allowance shall be reviewed at least once in every three years subsequent to the member's retirement date. The adjustment, should the County elect to give one, is a percentage of the change in the Consumer Price Index. No ad hoc postemployment benefit changes were included in the future liability.

NOTE 16: EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Description of Plan (Continued)

Contributions. The Retirement Board establishes the contribution rates based on an actuarially determined contribution recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. For the year 2019 measurement period, the minimum active member contribution rate was 5.0 percent of annual pay, and the County average contribution rate was 8.41 percent of annual payroll. Employees may contribute up to an additional 10% of gross pay, at their option. The employee contributions are recorded in an individually identified account that is also credited with interest, calculated to yield 4.0% compounded annually at December 31, 2019.

Administrative and investment costs of the Plan are paid by the investment earnings of the Fund. The Act makes no provision for termination of the Fund.

Legally Required Reserves

At December 31, 2019, the Fund has a balance of \$71,428,718 in the Members' Annuity Reserve Account. This account is the total of the contributions deducted from the salaries of the active and terminated vested members of the retirement system and the IRC 414(h)(2) pickup contributions together with the interest additions as of December 31, 2019. As of December 31, 2019 this reserve was fully funded.

The Fund has a balance of \$28,315,356 in the County Annuity Reserve Account as of December 31, 2019. This balance and the amounts expected to be credited in the future, plus investment earnings thereon, represent the reserves set aside for the payment of the County's share of the retirement allowances. This is the account out of which regular interest is credited to the Members' Annuity and Retired Members' Reserve Account, administrative expenses may be paid, and the pension obligations of the County are funded. When a County annuity is scheduled to commence for a particular member, sufficient monies are transferred from the County Annuity Reserve Account to the retired members' reserve account to provide for such County annuities actually entered upon. As of December 31, 2019, this reserve was fully funded.

The Retired Members' Reserve Account is the account out of which monthly retirement allowances including cost-of-living increases and death benefits are paid. The balance in this account was \$182,598,231 as of December 31, 2019, and this reserve was fully funded.

NOTE 16: EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Reporting

Net Pension Liability of the County

The total pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation for the 2019 measurement period at January 1, 2019 and rolled-forward to December 31, 2019 measurement date. The components of the net pension liability of the County at December 31, 2019 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 400,368,932
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	362,530,224
County's Net Pension Liability	\$ 37,838,708

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability

90.55%

The schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about the plan.

Changes in the County's net pension liability for the plan for the year ended December 31, 2019 were as follows:

	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/18	\$361,653,651	\$312,336,921	\$ 49,316,730
Service Costs	6,288,773	-	6,288,773
Interest Cost	27,740,362	-	27,740,362
Changes of Benefit Terms	2,351,654	-	2,351,654
Changes for experience	2,158,944	-	2,158,944
Changes of assumptions	19,825,970	-	19,825,970
Contributions - employer	-	6,694,390	(6,694,390)
Contributions - member	-	5,402,698	(5,402,698)
Net Investment Income	-	57,967,026	(57,967,026)
Benefit Payments	(19,650,422)	(19,650,422)	-
Administrative expense		(220,389)	220,389
Net Changes	\$ 38,715,281	\$ 50,193,303	\$ (11,478,022)
Balances at 12/31/19	\$400,368,932	\$362,530,224	\$ 37,838,708

NOTE 16: EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The total pension expense recognized in 2019 for the plan was \$16,124,568. At December 31, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the pension plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference Between Expected and		_		_
Actual Experience	\$	3,635,197	\$	(340,020)
Changes in Assumptions		18,677,707		
Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Investment Earnings		-		(12,902,572)
Total	\$	22,312,904	\$	(13,242,592)

The deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31:	
2020	\$ 3,467,562
2021	3,272,138
2022	7,007,735
2023	(4,677,123)
2024	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 9,070,312

Plan Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation for the 2019 measurement period at January 1 and rolled-forward to December 31 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary Increases 4.25 percent, average, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Changes in Assumptions. For the 2018 valuation, mortality rates were based off the RP-2013 Annuitant and Non-Annuitant Mortality tables for males and females, while in 2019 mortality rates were based on the SOA Pub-2010 for general employees with general projection using Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation for the 2019 measurement period were based on past experience under the plan and reasonable future expectations which represent the independent actuary's best estimate of anticipated experience under the plan. An experience study was performed during 2016; no modifications to the assumptions were made as a result.

NOTE 16: EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Under the Act, cost-of-living adjustments to each member's retirement allowance shall be reviewed at least once in every three years subsequent to the member's retirement date. The adjustment, should the County elect to give one, is a percentage of the change in the Consumer Price Index. The Plan did not include an assumption for projected postemployment benefit changes as they are not considered to be substantively automatic.

Investment policy. The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation in the Plan's target asset allocation for the 2019 measurement period are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	44%	5.4 - 6.4%
International Equity	18%	5.5 - 6.5%
Fixed Income	22%	1.3 - 3.3%
Real Estate	15%	4.5 - 5.5%
Cash	1%	0.0 - 1.0%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (i.e. no depletion date is projected to occur).

NOTE 16: EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the Fund, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Fund's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
County's Net Pension Liability	\$76,494,088	\$37,838,708	\$(6,172,995)

Rate of return. For the 2019 measurement period, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 19.13 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Component Unit - Defined Contribution Plan

Case Management Unit

CMU contributes to the Case Management 401K Savings Plan (the "Plan"), a defined contribution plan, covering all employees of CMU who are age twenty-one or older. The Plan is subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Securities Act (ERISA) of 1974. For all enrolled participants, CMU makes a discretionary contribution equal to 1.5% of the participants' eligible compensation. For each participant electing to contribute 2% or more of their eligible compensation, CMU makes a matching contribution equal to 1% of their eligible compensation. Employees are permitted to make contributions up to applicable Internal Revenue Code limits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, participant contributions totaled \$207,634 and employer contributions totaled \$115,231.

Participants are immediately vested in all contributions and earnings on those contributions. Participant loans and forfeitures are not permitted under the Plan. CMU had no liability to the Plan at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 17: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description

The County sponsors a single employer defined benefit post-employment benefits plan that covers health and life insurance benefits for eligible retirees. The County provides health and life insurance coverage for eligible retirees under the terms of agreements with the unions that represent them. Groups of retirees that are eligible for medical OPEB are: Court Related Teamster, Court appointed AFSME, Probation Officers, Prison Guards, PSSU, Dauphin County Detectives Association, and Captains and Lieutenants. Death benefits of \$10,000 retiree life insurance are available for qualifying individuals age 55 with 20 years of service. The County has not accumulated assets for the retiree plan in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Employees Covered By Benefit Terms

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	318
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active Employees	<u>1,410</u>
Total	<u>1,728</u>

Contributions

The contribution requirements of the County are established and may be amended through future union negotiations. The Plan does require contributions from some retirees. Retiree contributions depend upon the terms of the various union contracts. The County funds the Plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. For 2019, the County contributed \$1,193,257 to the plan for current premiums.

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB Liability of \$28,105,538 was measured as of December 31, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods including the measurement:

Salary increases	4.50%
Discount rate	3.26%

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.5% in 2019 through 2023. Rates gradually

Decrease from 5.4% in 2024 to 4.0% in 2075 And later based on the Society of Actuaries

Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model.

Pub-2010 Mortality Table for General Employees-Mortality Table

Incorporated into the table are rates projected Generationally using Scale MP-2018 to reflect

Mortality improvement.

The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index at December 31, 2019.

NOTE 17: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 26,666,495
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	631,521
Interest	969,708
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes in assumptions	1,051,929
Benefit payments	(1,214,115)
Net changes	162,186
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 28,105,538

There were no changes of benefit terms during the period ended December 31, 2019.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 3.64% to 3.26%. The trend and mortality assumptions were updated.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate as of December 31, 2019:

	1% Decrease (2.26%)	Discount Rate (3.26%)	1% Increase (4.26%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 30,750,407	\$ 28,105,538	\$ 25,727,533

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates as of December 31, 2019:

1% E	1.5%)	(5.5%)	(6.5%)
· ·			31.346.950

<u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

The OPEB expense recognized in 2019 was \$1,560,937. At December 31, 2019, the County reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from changes of assumptions of \$1,495,140, and deferred outflows related to OPEB from changes of assumptions in the amount of \$956,299.

NOTE 17: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The deferred outflow/inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

December 31,					
2020	\$ (40,292)				
2021	(40,292)				
2022	(40,292)				
2023	(40,292)				
2024	(40,292)				
Thereafter	(337,381)				
Total	\$ (538,841)				

NOTE 18: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

County policy applicable to vacation and sick pay for employees is as follows:

Vacation Pay

Time accrues at various rates based on length of service. Employees are encouraged to utilize earned vacation time by December 31 of each period; however, current practice allows for the carryover of 20 unused vacation days. Time carried over in this manner is considered vested.

Sick Pay

Time accrues at various rates based on length of service. An employee may accumulate up to a maximum of 200 days. Time carried over in this manner is considered vested.

Applicable GASB pronouncements require accrual of sick and vacation pay that meet certain specific conditions. The County has determined that such conditions apply to vested vacation pay and accumulated sick pay of the Governmental Funds and the Proprietary Funds. To the extent vacation and sick pay liabilities are expected to be incurred, they are accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

NOTE 19: LEASES

Operating Leases

The County has several operating leases with expiration dates through 2034.

Future minimum lease payment requirements under the various leases are as follows:

2020	\$ 2,688,338
2021	2,196,817
2022	1,823,598
2023	1,647,809
2024	799,356
2025 - 2029	4,179,255
2030 - 2034	4,170,532

Total minimum payments required \$ 17,505,705

Total rental expense for these leases during 2019 approximated \$2,762,726.

NOTE 19: LEASES (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Leases

Case Management Unit

The Case Management Unit leased its principal office space. Rent expense totaled \$556,014 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and is recorded on the Statement of Activities. The lease agreement between the County and CMU is for the period of January 1, 2015 through December 1, 2033. Monthly rent increases 1.90% at the beginning of each year.

CMU also has a lease on the Elizabethville, Pennsylvania office. The lease agreement is for a period of twenty-five years through 2033. Rent for this lease is based on a set price per square foot per year. These payments range from \$51,465 – \$69,632 and are payable monthly. CMU also has a year-to-year lease for its Lebanon office. The monthly payments for the lease are \$2,440.

Future minimum lease payments under the above leases are as follows:

Year ending			
June 30,	Amount		
2020	\$ 557,611		
2021	536,577		
2022	530,340		
2023	531,565		
2024	569,610		
2025-2029	2,961,948		
2030-2034	2,459,190		
	\$ 8,146,841		

NOTE 20: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Component Units – Related Party Transactions

Dauphin County Conservation District

The employees of the District are employees of the County. On a quarterly basis, the District reimburses the County for the cost of salaries and benefits. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the District incurred salaries and benefits expenses of \$671,842, of which \$191,592 is payable to the County at December 31, 2019. In addition, \$2,516 is payable to the County for janitorial supplies, fuel, phone charges, and miscellaneous fees. These amounts have been included as due to primary government on the statement of net position.

NOTE 20: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

<u>Component Units – Related Party Transactions</u> (Continued)

Dauphin County General Authority

The Authority is a component unit of Dauphin County. The Authority has entered into certain lease financing arrangements with the County. Lease payments from the County to the Authority for the year ended December 31, 2019 were \$554,928.

During 2019, the County awarded the Authority a Local Share Gaming Grant, in the amount of \$120,000, for the replacement of the irrigation system and development of a new water source at Dauphin Highlands Golf Course.

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")

The County of Dauphin provides funds and pays for certain significant management and administrative costs required to operate the IDA on a day-to-day basis. The IDA's management and support staff are employees of the County and other significant operating expenses such as telephone service, office maintenance, and insurance are paid for by the County. The amount of the County's support and the corresponding operating costs are not reported as revenues and expenses in the IDA's financial statements. The County also provides significant operating revenues, primarily through Gaming distributions passed-through the IDA. Gaming revenue from the County was \$7,326,313 in 2019 representing 95% of total operating revenues.

See Notes 7 and 8 for long-term obligations and direct financing leases for additional information concerning financial transactions with the County.

Other Related Organizations

The IDA shares personnel and office space, and performs various administrative and program functions in conjunction with two other organizations:

The Dauphin County Department of Community and Economic Development (DCDCED) which is an internal department of the County, not a separate entity; The Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation (DCEDC), a nonprofit corporation created by the County to partner in real estate development projects and to channel grant funding to communities and organizations in need of community and economic development assistance. DCEDC leases office space from the DCIDA under a year to year operating lease. During the year, the IDA made transfers to DCEDC in the amount of \$131,250 as parking rental subsidy for the Market Square Garage and property management support.

The IDA is not owned in part or in total by DCEDC or DCDCED, and has no ownership interest in either organization. The IDA and DCEDC are both governed by the same Board of Directors which is appointed by the Commissioners of Dauphin County.

NOTE 20: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

<u>Component Units – Related Party Transactions</u> (Continued)

Case Management Unit

The Case Management Unit is a component unit of Dauphin County, PA. The operating lease, described in Note 19, is held with the County and the lease payments were at market value at the time of execution.

Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC")

DCEDC is administered by the County of Dauphin ("County") through the Dauphin County Department of Community and Economic Development. DCEDC is not owned in part or in total by the County. However, the Commissioners of Dauphin County have the sole power to appoint members of the Corporation's Board of Directors.

The County pays for certain significant management and administrative costs required to operate the DCEDC on a day-to-day basis. DCEDC's management and support staff are employees of the County. Certain costs paid by the County are reimbursed by DCEDC. The amount of the County's support and the corresponding operating costs are not reported as revenues and expenses in the DCEDC's financial statements.

The County also provides significant operating revenue, primarily through hotel tax distributions passed-through to DCEDC. Revenue from the County was \$2,910,467 in 2019, representing approximately 49% of total revenue. The County guarantees DCEDC's long-term debt.

The DCEDC shares management, support staff and office space with the Dauphin County Department of Community and Economic Development and with the Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority. The DCEDC is not owned in part or in total by the IDA, has no interest ownership therein, and receives no revenue from the IDA. However, the IDA and DCEDC are governed by the same Board of Directors, which is appointed by the Commissioners of Dauphin County.

The IDA acts an intermediary between property management and the DCEDC. In this capacity, the IDA collects parking rent fees and remits such fees to the DCEDC on a periodic basis. Parking fees for the year ended December 31, 2019 were \$56,775.

As of December 31, 2019, DCED owes the IDA \$217,181. This amount has been recorded in Due to Related Party on the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 21: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

In the normal course of business, there are various claims and suits pending against the County and its elected officials. Management is of the opinion that these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position at December 31, 2019.

Federal and Commonwealth Grants

The County receives funds from the Commonwealth and various federal agencies to fund specific programs. Final determination of various amounts is subject to audit under the Federal Single Audit Act and by the funding agencies. County officials believe that any audit adjustments resulting from final settlements will be immaterial in relation to the County's financial resources.

State Grants

On September 28, 2016, the Pennsylvania Supreme Court invalidated certain "Local Share Assessment" provisions contained in Section 1403(c) of the Pennsylvania Race Horse and Gaming Act ("Gaming Act"), under which Hollywood Casino was required to make Local Share Assessment payments that are directed to Dauphin County. On November 2, 2016 the County and Hollywood Casino signed a Memorandum of Understanding, under which absent action from the Pennsylvania General Assembly to craft remedial measures to the Gaming Act, Hollywood Casino agreed to maintain Local Share Assessment payments under the same structure and formula that existed in the Gaming Act. The Memorandum of Understanding was amended on May 17, 2017 to adjust the expiration date from June 30, 2017 to January 1, 2018. On October 30, 2017, Governor Tom Wolf signed into law HB 271 which restored the local share assessment, crediting any casino payments made from January 1, 2017 to the present. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the total Local Share Assessments received by the County was \$12,548,879.

Capital Projects

In 2015, the County entered into contracts for approximately \$781,000 for the security upgrades to the County's administrative building and courthouse. In 2017, the County entered into a second contract for approximately \$819,000 for security upgrades to the County's administrative building and courthouse. Costs expensed under these contracts were approximately \$1,344,555 as of December 31, 2019.

In 2016, the County entered into contracts for a courthouse space renovations project. The contracts' value approximated \$1,400,000 and was completed during 2019 at a total cost of \$1,527,794.

In 2018, the County entered into contracts for a Wildwood Park Improvement project. The contracts' value approximated \$602,000. Costs expensed under these contracts were approximately \$80,972 as of December 31, 2019.

In 2019, the County entered into contracts to replace carpeting in the administrative building. The contracts' value approximated \$345,000. Costs expenses under these contracts were approximately \$25,688 as of December 31, 2019.

NOTE 21: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Commitments and Contingencies

Dauphin County General Authority

Project Viability

The continued operation of the Dauphin Highlands Golf Course is dependent on the Administrative Fund providing working capital to fund any deficits created by operations of this golf course. The Authority's Administrative Fund has provided, and intends to continue to provide funds for working capital needs of the Dauphin Highlands Golf Course. The Administrative Fund provided \$1,090,199 of working capital advances during year ended December 31, 2019 to the Dauphin Highlands Golf Course. As of December 31, 2019, \$260,956 had been repaid to the Administrative Fund.

If the Authority fails to generate sufficient revenues to pay debt service on the Series A of 2016 and Series B of 2016, or ceases revenue generating operations, or if other monies set aside for such purposes are insufficient, the County will be required to pay principal and interest on such bonds when due pursuant to the County Bond Guarantee Agreement among the County, the Authority, and the trustee for the bonds. In accordance with the County Bond Guaranty Agreement, if such payments are made by the County, the Authority is required to reimburse the County from any money's available for that purpose under the Trust Indenture.

The Dauphin Highlands Golf Course has incurred substantial accumulated losses, which have resulted in cash flow difficulties. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Authority entered into a contract with a management company to try to maximize the course's revenue while minimizing the overall expenses. The management company will continue to strive toward increasing revenue while keeping expenses contained.

The Riverfront Office Center Fund has incurred substantial accumulated losses. The refunding of Series A of 1998 Bonds and partial refunding of Series C of 1998 Bonds during the year ended December 31, 2015 provides significant future debt savings. As of December 31, 2019, the Series of 2015 balance was \$25,065,000. Additionally, during the year ended December 31, 2017, the Authority purchased \$9.6 million of the Series C debt. The remaining Series C of 1998 Bonds are subordinate debt and have no recourse to the Authority. The Riverfront Office Center is generating excess annual cash, which will help fund future capital improvements and establish a reserve account. The Riverfront Office Center is at 100% occupancy through a long-term lease ending in 2030, with a five-year extension. Given the current lease and debt structure, Management believes the Riverfront Office Center is viable and will continue to generate positive cash flow, annually.

NOTE 21: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Component Units – Commitments and Contingencies</u> (Continued)

Dauphin County General Authority (Continued)

Contract Commitments

During the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Authority, through the Riverfront Office Center Fund, Dauphin Highlands Fund and Magisterial District Judge Fund entered into contracts with a various construction contractors totaling \$4,284,310. The commitment remaining on the contracts at December 31, 2019 was \$1,284,190, of which \$525,551 was included in accounts payable at year-end.

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")

The Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority has contractual commitments at September 30, 2019, of \$5,181,439, of which \$4,661,509 is currently available for projects directly assisting businesses and municipalities county-wide in the areas of both economic and community development. In February 2020, the IDA had gaming fund draws from Dauphin County in the amount of \$650,000 to cover the remaining contractual commitments.

NOTE 22: ADMINISTRATIVE FEES

Component Units - Administrative Fees

Dauphin County General Authority

Provisions of the financing documents of the bond issues require administrative fees to be paid to the Authority. For the year ended December 31, 2019, these fees, as paid by each fund, are as follows:

Administrative Fund:
Riverfront Office Center
Bond issuance fees
Total Administrative Fees

\$ 322,080 25,000 \$ 347,080

NOTE 23: HOTEL TAX DISTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED EXPENSES

The hotel tax revenues are derived from a hotel room excise tax imposed by the County of Dauphin. Ordinance No. 3-1999 enacted by the Commissioners imposed a 2% hotel room excise tax effective January 1, 2001. Ordinance No. 3-2002, which repealed and replaced Ordinance No. 3-1999, imposed a 3% hotel room excise tax effective April 1, 2002. Ordinance No. 1-2008, which repealed and replaced Ordinance No. 3-2002, imposed a five-percent hotel room excise tax effective March 1, 2008. The ordinances were enacted pursuant to 16 P.S. Section 1770.5, an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which permits the imposition of a 5% hotel tax, providing for the distribution of 50% of the revenues to the Tourist Promotion Agency and the separate distribution of the other 50% of the revenue to be distributed for the purposes of promoting tourism and regional development.

NOTE 23: HOTEL TAX DISTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

Of the original 2% hotel tax revenue, the County distributes 20% to the City of Harrisburg, 70% to the Derry Township Industrial Authority and 10% to DCEDC to be remitted, in full to the Hershey Harrisburg Region Vacations Bureau (the County's Tourist Promotion Agency) to be used solely for tourism and regional promotion purposes.

The next 1% hotel tax revenue may be distributed at the discretion of the County Commissioners, to be used solely for tourism and regional promotion purposes. DCEDC is the County's sole recipient and administrator of this 1% Hotel Tax revenue. These funds are required to be kept in an account separate from other funds received by DCEDC.

Of the remaining 2% hotel tax revenue, the County distributes 50.0% to the Hershey Harrisburg Region Vacations Bureau (the County's Tourist Promotion Agency) to be used solely for tourism and regional promotion purposes and 12.50% to the Hershey Harrisburg Region Vacations Bureau to be used for tourism and regional promotion within the City of Harrisburg. Derry Township Industrial Authority receives the remaining 37.5% for the purpose of the improvement, support, rehabilitation, revitalization or construction of one or more tourism-related facilities.

DCEDC had revenues from Dauphin County of \$2,910,467 for the year ended December 31, 2019.

NOTE 24: AFFORDABLE HOUSING LOAN PROGRAMS

The Home Grant Program and Affordable Housing Program disburse funds in the form of deferred payment loans for low and moderate income households. The deferred payment loans are secured by a mortgage on the property. Repayment of the loan is unearned until the property is sold or until the original occupant moves out. The principal balance outstanding at December 31, 2019 for these loans totaled \$5,370,674. These outstanding deferred loans have been recorded as receivables at December 31, 2019, and unearned revenues totaling \$5,370,674 have been recorded to offset the loans.

NOTE 25: LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

In 2010, the County entered into a verbal agreement with the Township of Derry (the "Township") in which the County would pay the Township's costs associated with the reconstruction and relocation of County Bridge No. 122. All expenditures related to this project were incurred in calendar year 2010. On January 26, 2011, the County entered into a formal loan agreement with the Township in the original amount of \$408,948, adjusted based on final cost allocation to \$334,470, at an annual simple interest rate of 1.625% to reimburse the County for the Township's portion of the costs. The agreement requires the Township to make annual principal and interest payments of \$36,509 to the County for 10 years beginning in 2012. The amount outstanding as of December 31, 2019 is \$71,275.

Year	P	rincipal	oal Interest			otal Due
2020		35,350		1,159		36,509
2021	35,925		584		36,509	
	\$	71,275	\$	1,743	\$	73,018

NOTE 25: LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

In December 2017, the County issued General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2017, in which the County funded the Infrastructure Bank projects of Derry Township, Lower Swatara Township, and Londonderry Township (the "municipalities"). Individual notes were issued to the municipalities in the amounts of \$2,968,111, \$1,203,801, and \$183,088, respectively. The agreements require the municipalities to make annual principal and interest payments for 20 years beginning in 2018 at fixed interest rates ranging from 1.30% to 4.00%, with final payments in October 2037. The amount outstanding on the notes at December 31, 2019 is \$3,950,000.

In October 2019, the County issued General Obligation Note, Series B of 2019 in which the County funded the Infrastructure Bank project of Dauphin Borough (municipality). An individual note was issued to the municipality in the amount of \$700,000. The agreement requires the municipality to make annual principal and interest payments for 15 years at a fixed interest rate of 2.48% beginning in 2019 with final payment in June 2034. The amount outstanding on the note at December 31, 2019 is \$700,000.

In December 2019, the County issued General Obligation Note, Series C of 2019, in which the County funded the Infrastructure Bank project of Susquehanna Township (municipality). An individual note was issued to the municipality in the amount of \$1,550,000. The agreement requires the municipality to make annual principal and interest payments for 10 years at a fixed interest rate of 2.33% with final payment in December 2029. The amount outstanding on the note at December 31, 2019 is \$1,550,000.

In December 2019 the County issued General Obligation Note, Series D of 2019, in which the County funded the Infrastructure Bank project of Royalton Borough (municipality). An individual note was issued to the municipality in the amount of \$1,818,000. The agreement requires the municipality to make annual principal and interest payments for 10 years at a fixed interest rate of 2.33% with final payment in December 2029. The amount outstanding on the note at December 31, 2019 is \$1,818,000.

Component Units - Loans and Notes Receivable

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")

On April 1, 2007 the IDA entered into a loan agreement with Tuscano Pizza & Grill, Inc. in the amount of \$100,000 at a fixed interest rate of 6.0%. The agreement required Tuscano Pizza & Grill, Inc. to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,933 to the IDA for 60 consecutive months beginning on May 1, 2007. In February 2009 this loan agreement was amended, requiring Tuscano Pizza & Grill, Inc to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,007 for 84 consecutive months beginning on March 1, 2009 on the remaining balance of \$76,187. The new loan agreement carries a fixed interest rate of 3.0%. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$32,490, which is fully reserved on the financial statements.

In July 2008 the IDA entered into a loan agreement with Trinity Harvest in the amount of \$50,000 at a fixed interest rate of 3.0%. The agreement required Trinity Harvest to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$898 to the IDA for 60 consecutive months beginning on October 1, 2008. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$33,345, which is fully reserved on the financial statements.

NOTE 25: LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Loans and Notes Receivable (Continued)

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA") (Continued)

On May 23, 2013 the IDA entered into a loan agreement with Hershey Miniature Golf, Inc. (Adventure Sports in Hershey) in the amount of \$114,400 at a fixed rate of 3.5%. The agreement required Hershey Miniature Golf, Inc. to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,538 to the IDA for 84 consecutive months beginning on July 1, 2013. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$6,106.

On October 9, 2013, the IDA entered into a loan agreement with Probitas Technology, Inc. in the amount of \$100,000 at a fixed rate of 2.5%. The agreement required Probitas Technology, Inc. to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,775 to the IDA for 60 consecutive months beginning on December 1, 2013. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$68,044.

On February 17, 2015, the IDA amended an existing loan agreement with Dewberry, LLC in the amount of \$248,000 at a fixed rate of 3.0%. The agreement requires Dewberry, LLC to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$4,456.24 to the IDA for 60 consecutive months beginning on January 1, 2016. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$65,525.

On March 6, 2015, the IDA entered into a loan agreement with Harristown Development Corporation in the amount of \$100,000 at a fixed rate of 3.25%. The agreement requires Harristown Development Corporation to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,808 to the IDA for 60 consecutive months beginning on April 1, 2015. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$12,520.

On July 8, 2015, the IDA entered into a loan agreement with Robert and Susan Louer (Street Stores) in the amount of \$55,400 at a fixed rate of 3.25%. The agreement requires Street Stores to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,002 to the IDA for 60 consecutive months beginning on August 1, 2015. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$10,841.

On December 7, 2016, the IDA entered into a loan agreement with Harristown Enterprises, Inc. in the amount of \$125,000 at a fixed rate of 2.50%. The agreement requires Harristown Enterprises, Inc. to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$2,218.42 to the IDA for 60 consecutive months beginning January 7, 2017. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$60,278.

On March 20, 2017, the Authority entered into a loan agreement with Steelton Borough in the amount of \$80,000 at a fixed rate of 2.80%. The agreement requires Steelton Borough to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,430.40 to the IDA for 60 consecutive months beginning September 1, 2017. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$42,729.

On August 11, 2017, the IDA entered into a loan agreement with Harristown Enterprises, Inc. in the amount of \$100,000 at a fixed rate of 3.50%. The agreement requires Harristown Enterprises, Inc. to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,819.17 to the IDA for 60 consecutive months beginning September 1, 2017. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$60,445.

NOTE 25: LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Component Units - Loans and Notes Receivable (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")</u> (Continued)

On September 5, 2017, the IDA entered into a loan agreement with Tres, LLC in the amount of \$100,000 at a fixed rate of 3.25%. The agreement requires Tres, LLC to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,808 to the IDA for 60 consecutive months beginning October 1, 2017. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$90,714.

On June, 15, 2018, the IDA entered into an loan agreement with Pop's House in the amount of \$50,000 at a fixed rate of 3.00%. The agreement requires Pop's House to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$898.43 to the IDA for 60 consecutive months beginning July 15, 2018. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$39,793.

On August 1, 2019, the IDA entered into an loan agreement with GPS Solutions in the principal amount of \$35,000 at a fixed rate of 3.00%. The agreement requires GPS Solutions to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$628.90 to the IDA for 60 consecutive months beginning April 1, 2020. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$34,893.

Loans Receivable at September 30, 2019 is as follows:

Displayed as:

Current Portion \$ 277,588 Noncurrent Portion \$ 214,299 \$ 491,887

<u>Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC")</u>

The Section 108 Note Payable proceeds described in Note 7 were loaned to a developer to fund the revitalization of an office building complex. DCEDC entered into a mortgage agreement with the developer for repayment of the loan. As of December 31, 2019, the amount owed to the DCEDC is \$2,315,056. As a result of the developer filing for bankruptcy, the balance has been determined to be uncollectible and has been fully reserved in DCEDC's financial statements.

NOTE 26: ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

Component Units - Economic Dependency

Dauphin County Conservation District

Approximately 57.81 percent of the District's funding is from private, state, and federal grants and subsidies. Reduction or loss of this funding could have a significant effect on the District's programs and activities.

NOTE 26: ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY (CONTINUED)

<u>Component Units - Economic Dependency</u> (Continued)

Case Management Unit

Formal commitment for future funding by the Dauphin County MH/A/DP program is made on an annual basis. Reduction of, or loss of, this funding could have a significant effect on CMU's programs and activities.

Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC")

Formal commitment for future funding by the Department of Housing and Urban Development is made on an annual basis. The DCEDC also receives a significant amount of operating revenue from Dauphin County, primarily through Hotel Tax distributions. Reduction of, or loss of, these funding sources could have a significant effect on the DCEDC's programs and activities.

NOTE 27: LITIGATION

Component Unit - Litigation

Dauphin County General Authority

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverages in 2019. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

The Authority is involved in several lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. Management of the Authority believes none of the litigation outstanding against the Authority and none of the potential unasserted claims that may be asserted against the Authority would materially affect the financial position of the Authority.

NOTE 28: MANAGEMENT'S PLAN

Component Unit – Management's Plan

Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC")

The DCEDC has a deficit unrestricted net position balance in the amount of \$1,197,411 at December 31, 2019. The DCEDC experienced the deficit due to the Section 108 HUD Loan described in Note 7 in the amount of \$1,204,000. This loan is being repaid in accordance with the loan amortization schedule using CDBG funds. The payments will continue through the loans maturity in 2026 and subsequently relieve the net position deficit.

NOTE 29: GUARANTEED DEBT

Pennsylvania Local Government Unit Debt Act permits local government to extend nonexchange financial guarantees on certain debt issued by related and unrelated entities. In accordance with the Act, the County has guaranteed several debt issuances.

NOTE 29: GUARANTEED DEBT (CONTINUED)

In 2010, the County guaranteed IDA's \$1,900,000 Guaranteed Mortgage Revenue Note, Series of 2010. The IDA is a component unit of the County. The note matures monthly through December 1, 2020. The note was paid in full during 2019. In 2012, the County guaranteed IDA's \$305,000 Guaranteed Mortgage Revenue Note, Series of 2012. The note matures monthly through December 1, 2032. The note was paid in full during 2019. In 2017, the County guaranteed IDA's \$2,210,000 Guaranteed Mortgage Revenue Note, Series of 2017. The note matures monthly through December 13, 2042. At December 31, 2019 the outstanding principal amount of the guaranteed note is \$2,111,898. The proceeds from this note, dated August 14, 2017, were used to refinance the IDA's Guaranteed Note of 2012.

In the event IDA is unable to make a required payment on the above debt issuances, the County would be required to make the payments. The IDA is not required to repay the County for any payments the County makes pursuant to the guaranty.

In 2018, the County guaranteed DCEDC's \$1,618,500 Guaranteed Note, Series A of 2018 and \$1,470,000 Guaranteed Parking Revenue Note, Series B of 2018. The DCEDC is a component unit of the County. At December 31, 2019 the outstanding principal amount of the guaranteed notes were \$1,618,500 and \$1,470,000, respectively. In 2019, the County guaranteed DCEDC's \$1,376,000 Guaranteed Note, Series A of 2019. The note matures through 2026. At December 31, 2019 the outstanding principal amount of the guaranteed note is \$1,204,000. In the event DCEDC is unable to make a required payment on the guaranteed notes, the County would be required to make the payments. The DCEDC is not required to repay the County for any payments the County makes pursuant to the guaranty.

In 2019, the County guaranteed the Redevelopment Authority's ("RDA") \$650,000 Guaranteed Revenue Note, Series of 2019. The Redevelopment Authority is a related party of the County. The loan matures and is due in 2021. At December 31, 2019 the outstanding principal amount of the guaranteed note is \$650,000. In the event RDA is unable to make a required payment on the above debt issuance, the County would be required to make the payments. The RDA is not required to repay the County for any payments the County makes pursuant to the guaranty.

In 2016, the County guaranteed the General Authority's \$8,479,511 and \$1,708,775 Taxable County Guaranteed Revenue Refunding Bond, Series A of 2016 and Tax-Exempt County Guaranteed Revenue Refunding Bond, Series B of 2016, respectively. The General Authority is a component unit of the County. The bonds mature through 2022. The Series B of 2016 bonds were paid in full during 2019. At December 31, 2019 the outstanding principal amount of the guaranteed Series A of 2016 bonds is \$7,932,812. In 2017, the County guaranteed the General Authority's \$5,917,000 Lease Revenue Note. The note matures through 2038. At December 31, 2019, the outstanding principal amount of the guaranteed note is \$5,486,153. In the event the General Authority is unable to make a required payment on the guaranteed bonds, the County would be required to make the payments. In accordance with the guaranty agreement, if such payments are made by the County, the General Authority is required to reimburse the County from any money's available for that purpose under the Trust Indenture.

In accordance with an Asset Transfer Agreement dated December 1, 2013, the Pennsylvania Economic Development Financing Authority ("PEDFA") leased the Off-Street Parking System from the Harrisburg Parking Authority and entered into a PEDFA Intergovernmental Cooperation Agreement with the City of Harrisburg to operate an On-Street Parking System, collectively the "Parking System". The City of Harrisburg is a political subdivision of the County. To finance the acquisition of the Parking System, the Pennsylvania Economic Development Financing Authority issued 2013 Bonds.

NOTE 29: GUARANTEED DEBT (CONTINUED)

In 2013, Dauphin County guaranteed portions of the 2013 Bonds. In accordance with the Series B Bond Guaranty Agreement between Dauphin County and the Pennsylvania Economic Development Financing Authority, the County has guaranteed the full payment of the principal and interest of the Series B Bonds in the maximum principal amount of \$99,000,000, together with interest thereon. The Series B Bonds mature through July 1, 2053. As of December 31, 2019 the amount of principal outstanding on the Series B Bonds is \$69,160,000. The County entered into a County/Authority Reimbursement Agreement with the Pennsylvania Economic Development Financing Authority that provides for the County to seek reimbursement from the Authority for any guarantee payments the County makes as a result of a failure of the Authority to make a payment.

In accordance with the Series C Bond Guaranty Agreement between Dauphin County and the Pennsylvania Economic Development Financing Authority, the County has guaranteed the full payment of the principal and interest of the Series C Bonds in the maximum principal amount of \$68,453,474, together with interest thereon, in the event that the Bond Insurer (Assured Guarantee Municipal Corp. "AGM") fails to make debt service payments to the Authority. The Series C Bonds mature through July 1, 2053. As of December 31, 2019 the amount of principal outstanding on the Series C Bonds is \$41,850,000. The County entered into a Reimbursement Agreement with AGM so that the County has a legal right to seek reimbursement from AGM for any guaranty payments the County makes as a result of a failure of AGM to make a guarantee payment.

In accordance with a guaranty agreement dated December 23, 2013 between the County and the Lancaster County Solid Waste Management Authority ("LCSWMA"), the County guarantees the full payment of the principal and interest of the \$24 million 2013B Bonds issued by the LCSWMA in connection with the Harrisburg Resource Recovery Facility ("HRRF") transactions. As part of the HRRF, the LCSWMA agreed to purchase the Harrisburg Incinerator from the Harrisburg Authority. The Harrisburg Authority is a component unit of the City of Harrisburg, which is a political subdivision of the County. The County will also be responsible for interest expense, over 1% annum, for a period of 20 years. The 2013B Bonds, when due in 2033, will be paid by the LCSWMA if the County flow control to the HRRF is renewed for a subsequent 10-year term by mutual agreement between the County and the LCSWMA. If such mutual agreement is not reached, LCSWMA has agreed to convey the HRRF to the County, free and clear of any liens or encumbrances, for \$24 million which will be applied to pay the 2013B Bonds. At December 31, 2019 the outstanding principal of the 2013B Bonds is \$24 million. The County entered into a Reimbursement Agreement with LCSWMA so that the County has a legal right to seek reimbursement from LCSWMA for any guaranty payments the County makes as a result of a failure of LCSWMA to make a payment. During February 2019, the County entered into a constant maturity swap on the above guaranteed debt. The County will make interest payments based on the notional amount outstanding multiplied by the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index (SIFMA) and the Counterparty will make payments to the County equal to the notional amount outstanding multiplied by 65% of the 10-year USD ICE Swap Rate. The swap on the above quaranteed debt was terminated in June 2020. The County received a termination fee of \$131,000.

NOTE 30: LABOR CONTRACT

Component Unit - Labor Contract

Case Management Unit

Approximately 80% of CMU's payroll was paid to employees represented by a labor union contract. The union ratified a new agreement in September 2016, which ran until June 30, 2019. A new agreement was ratified in September 2019, which runs until June 30, 2022.

NOTE 31: INFRASTRUCTURE BANK

Component Unit - Infrastructure Bank

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")

The Dauphin County Infrastructure Bank Program (the "Program") was approved for creation in June of 2013 for the purpose of providing eligible applicants loans to fund qualifying transportation infrastructure projects, with interest rates at 0.5% and terms of up to 10 years. These loans are to be secured by pledges of liquid fuels revenue for public applicants, or letters of credit for private applicants. In addition, the loan agreements are between the County and the loan applicants.

In March 2014, February 2015, and February 2016 through a partnership between the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation and Dauphin County, the County received loans in the amounts of \$4,272,723, \$7,034,518, and \$1,279,250, respectively, which were transferred to the IDA, by Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), for the administration of the Infrastructure Bank program.

Loans Receivable

On May 15, 2014 the County entered into a loan agreement with Londonderry Township in the amount of \$925,000 at a fixed interest rate of 0.50%. The agreement allows for Londonderry Township to draw funds and make payments similar to a line of credit arrangement with a structured payment schedule. The agreement requires Londonderry Township to make annual principal and interest payments of \$94,887 to the IDA for 10 consecutive years beginning on January 1, 2015. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$467,399 with no additional funds available for Londonderry Township to borrow.

On May 21, 2014 the County entered into a loan agreement with Derry Township in the amount of \$256,960 at a fixed interest rate of 0.50%. The agreement allows for Derry Township to draw funds and make payments similar to a line of credit arrangement with a structured payment schedule. The agreement requires Derry Township to make annual principal and interest payments of \$26,357 to the IDA for 10 consecutive years beginning on January 1, 2015. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$61,373 with an additional \$68,457 available for Derry Township to borrow.

On May 21, 2014 the County entered into a loan agreement with Middletown Borough in the amount of \$1,500,000 at a fixed interest rate of 0.50%. The agreement allows for Middletown Borough to draw funds and make payments similar to a line of credit arrangement with a structured payment schedule. The agreement requires Middletown Borough to make annual principal and interest payments of \$153,858 to the IDA for 10 consecutive years beginning on January 1, 2015. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$757,882 with no additional amounts available for Middletown Borough to borrow.

NOTE 31: INFRASTRUCTURE BANK (CONTINUED)

<u>Component Unit – Infrastructure Bank</u> (Continued)

Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA") (Continued)

Loans Receivable (Continued)

On August 7, 2014 the County entered into a loan agreement with West Hanover Township in the amount of \$825,000 at a fixed interest rate of 0.50%. The agreement allows for West Hanover Township to draw funds and make payments similar to a line of credit arrangement with a structured payment schedule. The agreement requires West Hanover Township to make annual principal and interest payments of \$84,533 to the IDA for 10 consecutive years beginning on January 1, 2015. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$416,396 with no additional funds available for West Hanover Township to borrow..

On May 1, 2015 the County entered into a loan agreement with the Township of Swatara in the amount of \$1,500,000 at a fixed interest rate of 0.50%. The agreement allows for the Township of Swatara to draw funds and make payments similar to a line of credit arrangement with a structured payment schedule. The agreement requires the Township of Swatara to make annual principal and interest payments of \$153,900 to the IDA for 10 consecutive years beginning on January 1, 2016. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$880,371 with an additional \$27,084 available for the Township of Swatara to borrow.

On May 15, 2015 the County entered into a loan agreement with the Township of Lower Swatara in the amount of \$500,000 at a fixed interest rate of 0.50%. The agreement allows for the Township of Lower Swatara to draw funds and make payments similar to a line of credit arrangement with a structured payment schedule. The agreement requires the Township of Lower Swatara to make annual principal and interest payments of \$51,290 to the IDA for 10 consecutive years beginning on January 1, 2016. The amount outstanding at September 30, 2019 is \$302,426 with no additional funds available for the Township of Lower Swatara to borrow.

On June 15, 2015 the County entered into a loan agreement with the Township of Susquehanna in the amount of \$4,800,000 at a fixed interest rate of 0.50%. The agreement allows for the Township of Susquehanna to draw funds and make payments similar to a line of credit arrangement with a structured payment schedule. The agreement requires the Township of Susquehanna to make annual principal and interest payments of \$492,181 to the IDA for 10 consecutive years beginning on January 1, 2016. The amount outstanding on the loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$2,902,087 with no additional funds available for the Township of Susquehanna to borrow.

NOTE 31: INFRASTRUCTURE BANK (CONTINUED)

<u>Component Unit – Infrastructure Bank</u> (Continued)

<u>Dauphin County Industrial Development Authority ("IDA")</u> (Continued)

Loans Receivable (Continued)

On May 11, 2016 the County entered into a loan agreement with the Township of Middle Paxton in the amount of \$1,212,000 at a fixed interest rate of 0.50%. The agreement allows for the Township of Middle Paxton to draw funds and make payments similar to a line of credit arrangement with a structured payment schedule. The agreement requires the Township of Middle Paxton to make annual principal and interest payments of \$124,334 to the IDA for 10 consecutive years beginning on January 1, 2017. The amount outstanding at September 30, 2019 is \$60,143 with an additional \$793,047 available for the Township of Middle Paxton to borrow.

Loans Receivable at September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Inf	<u>rastructure</u>
		<u>Bank</u>
Displayed as:		
Current Portion	\$	1,087,731
Noncurrent Portion		4,760,346
	\$	5,848,077

Due to Related Party

Through the creation of the Infrastructure Bank, Dauphin County established an MOU with the IDA in which the IDA acts as the administrator of the program. Although the MOU gives the administrative rights to the Authority, the debt remains in the name of Dauphin County. As the debt service payments from the Municipalities are collected by the IDA, they will be applied against the County loan. The County has also budgeted to contribute \$350,000 annually of their Liquid Fuels allocation to assist in the repayment of the loan. As of September 30, 2019, \$7,187,036 is due to Dauphin County for the repayment of the Infrastructure Bank loan.

NOTE 32: INVESTMENT IN DIRECT FINANCING LEASES

Component Unit - Investment in Direct Financing Leases

Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC")

On October 30, 2018, the Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation (the "DCEDC") leased a building (the "Veterans Building") owned by the IDA. The term of the lease is October 30, 2018 through November 15, 2020. The lease required the DCEDC to issue debt and remit the debt proceeds, less issuance costs, to the IDA to permit the IDA to retire the debt obligations on the Veterans Building.

On October 30, 2018, the DCEDC issued a Guaranteed Note, Series A of 2018, to Members 1st Federal Credit Union (the "Credit Union") in the amount of \$1,618,500, the proceeds of which, less issuance costs, were paid to the IDA under the lease in satisfaction of all lease rental payments due on the lease between the DCEDC and the IDA. The Note bears interest at 3.7% and requires interest only payments for 24 months

NOTE 32: INVESTMENT IN DIRECT FINANCING LEASES (CONTINUED)

Component Unit - Investment in Direct Financing Leases (Continued)

Dauphin County Economic Development Corporation ("DCEDC") (Continued)

at which time the entire Note principal of \$1,618,500 is due and payable on November 1, 2020.

The Guaranteed Note between DCEDC and the Credit Union is secured by a first-priority leasehold mortgage lien and assignment of rents on the real property located at 112 Market Street, Harrisburg, PA (the Veterans Building). The Note is further secured by a guarantee agreement, dated October 30, 2018, between the County of Dauphin, and the Credit Union. Under the guarantee agreement, the County guarantees full and prompt payment of the principal and interest on the Note between the DCEDC and the Credit Union.

The lease between the DCEDC and the IDA also required the DCEDC to sublease the Veterans Building back to the IDA. On October 30, 2018, the DCEDC entered a sublease agreement with the IDA, whereby the IDA would pay sublease rentals adequate to allow the DCEDC to meet the debt service payments on the Note issued by the DCEDC. The sublease was also assigned by the DCEDC to the Credit Union as security under the Note.

The Guaranteed Note between the DCEDC and the Credit Union is secured by a firstpriority leasehold mortgage lien and assignment of rents on the real property located

NOTE 33: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In March 2020, the County issued General Obligation Bonds, Series A, B and C in the principal amount of \$40,000,000. The bonds were issued to refund the County's General Obligation Bonds of 2013, General Obligation Bonds of 2014, General Obligation Bonds of 2014 Series A and to fund various Capital Projects.

Subsequent to year end, a global pandemic due to the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus caused the United States government to declare a national emergency. The pandemic has led to widespread voluntary and government-mandated closings of local stores and businesses, which has resulted in significant job losses. These job losses have the potential to have a significant impact on all aspects of the County of Dauphin's operations. In addition, due to the temporary closure of all businesses that are not deemed life sustaining, State and Federal tax revenues are also significantly decreased. This decrease could result in less grant money that is relied upon by local municipalities to fund specific projects. In addition, the County's own source revenue or derived revenues could be affected negatively.

The County of Dauphin has received \$25,132,865 in July 2020. The County is using these funds towards testing supplies, personal protective equipment (PPE's), cleaning supplies, technological costs, hazard pay for essential staff and laboratory costs.

NOTE 33: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Component Units – Subsequent Events</u>

Dauphin County General Authority

On January 15, 2020, the Authority issued County Guaranteed Revenue Bonds, Series of 2020, in the amount of \$1,250,000. The bonds were issued in order to fund the repair of the in-ground irrigation system at the Dauphin Highlands Golf Course and pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. Principal maturities occur annually on June 1, 2021 through 2030. The interest rate on Series 2020 Bonds is variable. Per the bond agreements, the interest rates will change monthly and be calculated based on 79% of LIBOR plus 1.50%. In no event will the interest rate be below 5.50% or above the maximum rate allowed by law.

On May 28, 2020, the Authority issued the Office and Revenue Parking Bond, Series of 2020, in the amount of \$23,475,000. The proceeds will currently refund the outstanding 2015 Bond and pay the costs of issuance associated with the 2020 Bonds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

Total Pension Liability	 2019	 2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Service cost Interest	\$ 6,288,773 27,740,362	\$ 7,224,873 25,110,793	\$	8,135,054 24,190,935	\$	7,782,411 23,191,491	\$	7,539,587 22,212,750	\$	7,631,935 21,023,961
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member	2,351,654 2,158,944 19,825,970	2,501,870 5,763,282		(783,239) -		(340,322)		3,005,187 -		(1,154,590) -
contributions	 (19,650,422)	 (19,288,290)	_	(17,504,222)	_	(16,635,647)	_	(16,348,103)		(15,117,387)
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning	 38,715,281 361,653,652	 21,312,528 340,341,124		14,038,528 326,302,596		13,997,933 312,304,663		16,409,421 295,895,242		12,383,919 283,511,323
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 400,368,933	\$ 361,653,652	\$	340,341,124	\$	326,302,596	\$	312,304,663	\$	295,895,242
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$ 6,694,390 5,402,698 57,967,026 (19,650,422)	\$ 6,004,307 5,120,149 (16,658,289) (19,288,290)	\$	5,852,311 4,940,140 44,189,197 (17,504,222)	\$	6,263,146 4,635,059 21,807,326 (16,635,647)	\$	6,546,502 4,407,790 2,071,951 (16,348,103)	\$	7,296,208 4,414,489 20,481,368 (15,117,387)
Administrative expense Other	 (220,389)	(232,813)	_	(213,874)		(208,581)		(191,401)		(185,839)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 50,193,303 312,336,922	(25,054,936) 337,391,858	_	37,263,552 300,128,306		15,861,303 284,267,003		(3,513,261) 287,780,264	_	16,888,839 270,891,425
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 362,530,225	\$ 312,336,922	\$	337,391,858	\$	300,128,306	\$	284,267,003	\$	287,780,264
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 37,838,708	\$ 49,316,730	\$	2,949,266	\$	26,174,290	\$	28,037,660	\$	8,114,978
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.55%	86.36%		99.13%		91.98%		91.02%		97.26%
Covered payroll	\$ 79,578,062	\$ 77,655,475	\$	77,285,207	\$	74,619,828	\$	73,801,979	\$	74,667,283
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	47.55%	63.51%		3.82%		35.08%		37.99%		10.87%

Note: This schedule is present to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years in which information is available is shown.

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - LAST 10 YEARS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

	2019	2	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		2013	2012		2011		2010
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 6,694,390	\$ 6	,004,307	\$ 5,852,311	\$ 6,263,146	\$ 6,546,502	\$ 7,296,208	\$	8,772,717	\$ 8,493,038	\$ 1	10,293,492	\$ 1	0,118,006
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 6,694,390	6	,004,307	 5,852,311	 6,263,146	 6,546,502	 7,296,208		8,772,717	 8,493,038	1	0,293,492	1	0,118,006
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 	\$		\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$		\$	
Covered payroll	\$ 79,578,062	\$ 77	,655,475	\$ 77,285,207	\$ 74,619,828	\$ 73,801,979	\$ 74,667,283	\$ 7	4,667,283	\$ 75,886,904	\$ 7	75,828,648	\$ 7	5,798,908
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.41%		7.73%	7.57%	8.39%	8.87%	9.77%		11.75%	11.19%		13.57%		13.35%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date January 1, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age
Amortization method Level Dollar
Remaining amortization period 23 years

Asset valuation method Market value adjusted for unrecognized gains and losses from prior years

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases 4.25% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age Age 60 or 55 with 20 years' service

Mortality SOA Pub-2010 for general employees with generational using Scale MP-2018

Changes in Assumptions and Benefit Terms:

- For the January 1, 2018 valuation, the County has elected to change the interest rate assumption from 7.5% to 7.25% and the salary assumption from 4.5% to 4.25%.

⁻ For the January 1, 2019 valuation, mortality rates were based on the SOA Pub-2010 for general employees with general projection using Scale MP-2018. For the January 1, 2018 valuation, mortality rates were based off the 2013 RP Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females with no projected improvement.

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net	19.13%	-4.70%	15.07%	8.10%	1.10%	8.00%
of investment expense						

Note to Schedule

Note: This schedule is present to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years in which information is available is shown.

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

Total OPEB Liability:	2019	2018
Service Cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	\$ 631,521 969,708 - - 1,051,929 (1,214,115)	\$ 682,402 887,301 - - (1,766,984) (1,162,938)
Net Changes in Total OPEB Liability	1,439,043	(1,360,219)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	26,666,495	28,026,714
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 28,105,538	\$ 26,666,495

Changes of Assumptions:

Note: This schedule is present to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 - year trend is compiled, information for those years for which information is available is shown.

⁻ For the January 1, 2019 valuation, the discount rate changed from 3.64% (previous year) to 3.26%. Trend and mortality assumptions were updated.

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDE	D DECEMBER 31, 2019
-------------------	---------------------

Variance with

		Dudanto	J A			Actual		Final Budget Positive
		Budgeted Original	Amo	unis Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues		<u>Original</u>		<u>i iiiai</u>		Amounts		(ivegative)
Taxes	\$	106,620,000	\$	106,620,000	\$	105,926,477	\$	(693,523)
Intergovernmental	Ψ	16,003,642	Ψ	16,883,352	Ψ	15,310,673	Ψ	(1,572,679)
Charges for Services		19,003,301		19,306,660		19,828,303		521,643
License and Permits		172,750		172,750		156,495		(16,255)
Court Costs and Fines		3,521,000		3,596,000		3,563,109		(32,891)
Interest and Rents		1,212,200		1,212,200		1,196,141		(16,059)
Miscellaneous		323,175		323,175		291,396		(31,779)
		0_0,0		0_0,0		20.,000		(0.,)
Total Revenues		146,856,068		148,114,137		146,272,594		(1,841,543)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government		17,217,596		17,269,070		13,692,317		3,576,753
Judicial		61,851,038		62,852,165		57,991,031		4,861,134
Public Safety		44,079,819		44,300,020		43,674,119		625,901
Human Services		5,172,880		5,172,880		5,197,435		(24,555)
Culture and Recreation		2,569,262		2,608,206		2,379,332		228,874
Conservation and Development		5,310,232		5,708,210		5,354,191		354,019
Debt Service:								
Principal		10,134,000		10,134,000		12,192,080		(2,058,080)
Interest		3,406,230		3,406,230		3,646,891		(240,661)
Bond Issuance Costs		-		-		60,000		(60,000)
Capital Outlay		80,560		127,905		894,744		(766,839)
Total Expenditures		149,821,617		151,578,686		145,082,140		6,496,546
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,965,549)		(3,464,549)		1,190,454		4,655,003
Other Figure in a Course of (Hear)								_
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		4.044.000		0.040.000		0.400.000		400.050
Transfer In		4,214,389		9,313,389		9,480,239		166,850
Transfer Out		(18,240,146)		(17,840,146)		(14,581,252)		3,258,894
Sale of Capital Assets		5,000		5,000		4 000 000		(5,000)
Bond Proceeds		-		-		4,068,000		4,068,000
Issuance of Capital Lease Debt		-		-		337,997		337,997
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(14,020,757)		(8,521,757)		(695,016)		7,826,741
Net Change in Fund Balances		(16,986,306)		(11,986,306)		495,438		12,481,744
Fund Balances - January 1, 2019		16,986,306		11,986,306		46,766,390		34,780,084
Fund Balances - December 31, 2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	47,261,828	\$	47,261,828

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL CHILDREN AND YOUTH FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted /	Amount	S	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues	<u></u>				
Intergovernmental	\$ 40,340,303	\$	40,340,303	\$ 36,654,869	\$ (3,685,434)
Charges for Services	 1,220,925		1,220,925	947,556	(273,369)
Total Revenues	 41,561,228		41,561,228	37,602,425	(3,958,803)
Expenditures					
Current:					
Human Services	52,477,775		52,477,775	46,533,120	5,944,655
Debt Service:					
Principal	-		-	12,072	(12,072)
Interest	-		-	10,031	(10,031)
Capital Outlay	 1,425		1,425	-	1,425
Total Expenditures	 52,479,200		52,479,200	46,555,223	5,923,977
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (10,917,972)		(10,917,972)	(8,952,798)	1,965,174
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfer In	10,917,972		10,917,972	9,031,802	(1,886,170)
Transfer (Out)	 -		-	(79,004)	(79,004)
Total Other Financing Sources (Llace)	10 017 070		10 017 072	0.050.700	(4 OCE 474)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 10,917,972		10,917,972	8,952,798	(1,965,174)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		-	-	-
Fund Balances - January 1, 2019	 		-		
Fund Balances - December 31, 2019	\$ =	\$		\$ =	\$ -

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL LOW INCOME HOUSING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Budgeted Amou	ınts	Å	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Ar	nounts	(Negative)
Revenues	•		·			
Intergovernmental	\$	125,000 \$	125,000	\$	162,887 \$	37,887
Charges for Services		354,600	354,600		435,414	80,814
Interest and Rents		12,000	12,000		26,449	14,449
Total Revenues		491,600	491,600		624,750	133,150
Expenditures Current:						
Conservation and Development		491,600	491,600		526,655	(35,055)
Total Expenditures		491,600	491,600		526,655	(35,055)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-		98,095	98,095
Fund Balances - January 1, 2019		=	-		1,291,714	1,291,714
Fund Balances - December 31, 2019	\$	- \$	-	\$	1,389,809 \$	1,389,809

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GAMING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted Amo	unte	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$ 13,110,000 \$	13,210,000 \$	13,176,592 \$	(33,408)
Interest and Rents	 225,000	225,000	441,672	216,672
Total Revenues	 13,335,000	13,435,000	13,618,264	183,264
Expenditures Current:				
Judicial	384,000	484,000	418,776	65,224
Conservation and Development Debt Service: Principal	9,085,326	8,885,326 -	5,444,103 -	3,441,223
Total Expenditures	 9,469,326	9,369,326	5,862,879	3,506,447
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 3,865,674	4,065,674	7,755,385	3,689,711
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer Out	(3,865,674)	(9,065,674)	(9,117,478)	(51,804)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (3,865,674)	(9,065,674)	(9,117,478)	(51,804)
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances - January 1, 2019	 <u>-</u>	(5,000,000) 19,047,113	(1,362,093) 19,047,113	3,637,907
Fund Balances - December 31, 2019	\$ - \$	14,047,113 \$	17,685,020 \$	3,637,907

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL MH/A/DP FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Budgeted Am	ounte	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
Revenues		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$	24,924,299 \$	26,624,299	\$ 25,814,693	(809,606)
Charges for Services	φ	1,005,000	1,105,000	1,175,455	70,455
Interest and Rents		, ,		· ·	· ·
interest and Rents		25,000	25,000	82,900	57,900
Total Revenues		25,954,299	27,754,299	27,073,048	(681,251)
Expenditures Current:					
Human Services		26,993,899	28,793,899	27,899,007	894,892
T. (15		00.000.000	00 700 000	07.000.007	224.222
Total Expenditures		26,993,899	28,793,899	27,899,007	894,892
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,039,600)	(1,039,600)	(825,959)	213,641
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer In Transfer (Out)		1,039,600	1,039,600	1,112,371 (286,412)	72,771 (286,412)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,039,600	1,039,600	825,959	(213,641)
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances - January 1, 2019		<u>-</u> -	- -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances - December 31, 2019	\$	- \$	-	\$ - 9	-

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 1: BUDGETARY DATA

County Budget Process

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control for the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, and the Capital Project Funds of the County on a calendar year basis. Additionally, formal budgetary accounting is employed by the County as a management control for certain Special Revenue Funds on a fiscal year basis with the fiscal year ending June 30th. Annual calendar year operating budgets are adopted each year through the passage of an annual budget ordinance; annual fiscal year operating budgets are adopted each year through the passage of a motion by the County Commissioners. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America are used to complete the budgets.

The County of Dauphin follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (1) In early July for the calendar year budgets and early April for the fiscal year budgets, the Budget Director supplies the department directors with a budget submission packet for the ensuing year. This packet contains the prior year actuals, the current year estimates, a workspace for the next year requests, and other forms to further detail the requests. This submission packet is due back to the budget office by late August for calendar year budgets and early May for the fiscal year budgets.
- (2) During September and October for calendar year budgets and May for fiscal year budgets, the Budget Director meets with each department to discuss their budget requests. At this meeting, requests are substantiated or revised as necessary.
- (3) Upon completion of the budget meetings, the Budget Director assembles work papers for the Public Budget Hearings that are held in mid-November for the calendar year budgets and late May for fiscal year budgets. At these hearings, the Commissioners review the budget requests with the various department directors, and finalize figures for the proposed budget that will be made available for the 20-day public inspection period.
- (4) The Budget Director then presents the proposed budget to the Commissioners. This budget presentation takes place in late November for the calendar year budgets and early June for the fiscal year budgets at an advertised date.
- (5) After the 20-day inspection period but no later than December 31 for the calendar year budgets and June 30 for the fiscal year budgets, the Commissioners adopt the final budget.
- (6) As required by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania County Code, subsequent to the calendar year budgets approval, the County Commissioners adopt the appropriation measures required to put the budget into effect and fix the rate of taxation. Within 15 days subsequent to the legal adoption of the calendar year budgets, the County Commissioners file a copy of the budget with the Department of Community and Economic Development of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 1: BUDGETARY DATA (CONTINUED)

Legal Requirements

An annual budget is required to be legally adopted for the General Fund since real estate taxes are levied to finance its operations. Although not legally required, the County also adopts annual budgets for its Capital Projects Fund, and certain Special Revenue Funds (Children and Youth Fund, Aging Fund, Drug and Alcohol Fund, Mental Health/Autism/Developmental Programs Fund, State Grant Fund, Human Service Development Fund, Hazard Material Emergency Response Fund, Liquid Fuels Fund, Low Income Housing Fund, Hotel Tax Fund, Gaming Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Emergency 911 Operating & Act 56 Wireless Fund, and Domestic Relations Fund). Budgetary data is presented on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all funds that adopt annual budgets.

Level of Control

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania statute requires the County's legal level of budgetary control to be at the fund level and the County maintains budgetary control at the fund level.

Lapsing of Appropriations

Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end.

Management Amendment Authority

During the course of the year, departmental needs may change, emergencies may occur, or additional revenue sources may arise. As a result, funds are occasionally transferred between line items of a department's budget or additional revenue may need to be budgeted for a specific project or grant. Adjustments to the budget are made on a line item basis during the year and are approved by the County Commissioners.

Financial analysis is provided monthly to management showing spending levels in comparison to the current budget. The budget is also reviewed by management with operating departments.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

County of Dauphin, Pennsylvania

Combining and Individual Nonmajor Governmental Fund Financial Statements

For descriptions of the Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, see page 164.

The Fort Hunter Permanent Fund is used to account for the resources required to be held in perpetuity to be used for park, recreational, and historical purposes in accordance with the Fort Hunter Indenture.

The Capital Projects fund is used to account for resources utilized in the acquisition and construction of capital assets.

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Nonmajor Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>	Fort Hunter Permanent <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Total Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$ 16,967,992 -	\$ 1,276,606	\$ 4,471,389 -	\$ 21,439,381 1,276,606
Accounts	272,352	-	-	272,352
Loans Due From Other Funds	71,275 316,208	-	-	71,275 316,208
Due From Other Governments	4,004,442	-	123,126	4,127,568
Prepaid Items	21,699	-	-	21,699
Other Assets	-	-	-	-
Restricted Assets Cash	 -	48,966	-	48,966
Total Assets	\$ 21,653,968	\$ 1,325,572	\$ 4,594,515	\$ 27,574,055
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,412,491	\$ -	234,266	\$ 2,646,757
Accrued Liabilities	532,764	-	-	532,764
Unearned Revenues	2,598,794	-	-	2,598,794
Due To Other Funds Due To Component Units	95,979 195,464	-	_	95,979 195,464
Due to Component Onto	 193,404	_		190,404
Total Liabilities	 5,835,492	-	234,266	6,069,758
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	-	1,325,572	-	1,325,572
Restricted	 15,818,476	-	4,360,249	20,178,725
Total Fund Balances	 15,818,476	1,325,572	4,360,249	21,504,297
Total Liabilities and Fund				
Balances	\$ 21,653,968	\$ 1,325,572	\$ 4,594,515	\$ 27,574,055

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Revenues	Nonmajor Special Reve <u>Funds</u>	nue	Fort Hunter Permanent <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Total Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Hotel Taxes	\$ 12,562	2,023 \$	_	\$ -	\$ 12,562,023
Intergovernmental	25,24			3,565,048	28,809,684
Charges for Services		,892		3,303,040	223,892
Court Costs and Fines and Fees	1,360			_	1,360,879
Interest and Rent		,673 5,697	220,766	102,805	610,268
Miscellaneous Revenue	1,74		220,700	15,862	1,764,091
Wiscellaneous Nevertue	1,7 40	,,223		13,002	1,704,031
Total Revenues	41,420	,356	220,766	3,683,715	45,330,837
Expenditures Current:					
General Government		-	-	32,097	32,097
Judicial	7,63	,406	-	-	7,631,406
Public Safety	7,70	3,716	-	17,795	7,721,511
Public Works	918	,140	-	-	915,140
Human Services	13,81	,805	-	-	13,815,805
Culture and Recreation	12,588	,118	-	3,254,182	15,842,300
Debt Service					
Principal		,975	-	233,897	372,872
Interest		,781	-	14,003	80,784
Bond Issuance Costs		,000	-	-	125,000
Capital Projects	2,029	,094	-	645,449	2,674,543
Total Expenditures	45,014	,035	-	4,197,423	49,211,458
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	(3,58	',679)	220,766	(513,708)	(3,880,621)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	4,45	,828	-	250,000	4,705,828
Transfers Out	(918	,405)	(85,000)	(284,066)	(1,287,471)
Issuance of General Obligation Note	3,62	,000	-	-	3,625,000
Issuance of Capital Lease Debt	818	,109	-	ē	818,109
Total Other Financing Sources	7,980	,532	(85,000)	(34,066)	7,861,466
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,392	2,853	135,766	(547,774)	3,980,845
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	11,42	,623	1,189,806	4,908,023	17,523,452
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 15,818	3,476 \$	1,325,572	\$ 4,360,249	\$ 21,504,297

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Budgeted	Amount			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
_		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues	Φ.	0.074.700	Φ.	0.444.700	•	0.505.040	(0.070.704)
Intergovernmental	\$	6,271,769	\$	6,441,769	Ъ	3,565,048 \$	() /
Charges for Services Interest and Rents		70.000		75,000 70,000		102.805	(75,000)
Miscellaneous		70,000 90,862		90,862		102,805	32,805
Miscellarieous		90,002		90,002		13,002	(75,000)
Total Revenues		6,432,631		6,677,631		3,683,715	(2,993,916)
Expenditures							
Current:							
General Government		600,000		488,494		32,097	456,397
Judicial		-		115,000		-	115,000
Public Safety		-		150,000		17,795	132,205
Public Works		-		-		-	-
Culture and Recreation		5,704,769		5,829,769		3,254,182	2,575,587
Debt Service		000 007		000 007		000 007	
Principal		233,897		233,897		233,897	-
Interest		14,003		14,003		14,003	- (F70 440)
Capital Outlay		=		75,000		645,449	(570,449)
Total Expenditures		6,552,669		6,906,163		4,197,423	2,708,740
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(120,038)		(228,532)		(513,708)	(285,176)
Other Financian Courses (Ulass)							
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In		250,000		280,000		250,000	(30,000)
Transfers Out		(1,922,406)		(1,922,406)		(284,066)	1,638,340
Capital Lease Proceeds		(1,922,400)		(1,922,400)		(204,000)	1,030,340
Capital Lease Froceeds		<u>-</u>					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,672,406)		(1,642,406)		(34,066)	1,608,340
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,792,444)		(1,870,938)		(547,774)	1,323,164
Fund Balances - January 1, 2019		(1,102,144)		(1,070,000)		4,908,023	4,908,023
Fund Balances - December 31, 2019	\$	(1,792,444)	\$	(1,870,938)	\$	4,360,249 \$	
,		. , , ,	-	, , , ,/	_	, , , - +	

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

County of Dauphin, Pennsylvania

Combining and Individual Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes. The following are utilized to account for those financial activities:

The State Grant Fund is used to account the proceeds of various state grants programs, whose resources are restricted for those programs.

The Liquid Fuels Tax Fund accounts for state aid revenues used for building and improving bridges.

The Domestic Relations Fund accounts for expenditures and reimbursement revenue related to the operations of the County's Child Support Enforcement Program, which is funded with federal, state, and County funds.

The Hazard Material Emergency Response Fund is used to account for state grants and other various charges, whose resources are restricted for the response and cleanup of hazardous materials incidents.

The following funds are used to account for revenue received from various federal, state, and local sources. These funds, which are restricted for the provision of specified social services to eligible County residents, are as follows:

Aging Fund
Drug and Alcohol Fund
Human Services Development Fund

The Emergency 911 Operating and Act 56 Wireless Fund is used to account for the emergency response communications network of the County.

The Fee For Local Use Fund is used to account for the proceeds of fees imposed by the County on the registration of vehicles to addresses located within the County. The funds provided by the fees are collected and remitted by the State, and are restricted for the construction, reconstruction, maintenance, and repair of bridges.

The Act 89 Bridge Maintenance Fund is used to account for proceeds received from the State to be used for bridge maintenance in accordance with the Pennsylvania General Assembly Act 89 of 2013.

The PENNDOT Act 44 SR Fund is used to account for proceeds received from the State to be used for bridge maintenance in accordance with the Pennsylvania General Assembly Act 44 of 2007, as amended by Act 89 of 2013.

The Bridge Bundle Project Fund is used to account for proceeds received from various funding sources to be used to repair or replace deficient bridges.

The Drug Act-Forfeited Federal Property Fund and the Drug Act-Forfeited State Property Fund are used to account for proceeds of property forfeited under federal and state criminal proceedings, respectively.

The Hotel Tax Fund is used to account for the proceeds of hotel taxes levied by the County.

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

		State Grant		Liquid Fuels Fund		Domestic Relations Fund	Er	Hazard Material mergency Response	;	Human Services velopment Fund	Oper	ergency 911 ating & Act 56 reless Fund		e For Local Use Fund
<u>Assets</u>														
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$	983,581	\$	946,640	\$	14,714	\$	266,658	\$	51,622	\$	1,385,284	\$	3,718,678
Accounts		53,764		-		10,196		1,100		-		150,625		-
Loans		-		71,275		-		-		-		-		-
Due From Other Funds		7,217		-		140,727		-		1,554		89,673		-
Due From Other Governments		- 1,137		63,512		838,691		-		-		1,881,417		-
Prepaid Items Other Assets		1,137		-		-		-		-		18,562		-
Other Assets							-		-				-	
Total Assets	\$	1,045,699	\$	1,081,427	\$	1,004,328	\$	267,758	\$	53,176	\$	3,525,561	\$	3,718,678
Liabilities and Fund Balances														
Liabilities														
Accounts Payable	\$	43,903	\$	404,781	\$	6,441	\$	27,900	\$	20,345	\$	385,694	\$	-
Accrued Liabilities		8,451		-		202,713		-		-		179,841		-
Unearned Revenues		-		-		-		-		901		-		-
Due To Other Funds		-		-		7,669		-		31,930		-		-
Due To Component Units		-										-		
Total Liabilities		52,354		404,781		216,823		27,900		53,176		565,535		
Fund Balances														
Restricted		993,345		676,646		787,505		239,858		-		2,960,026		3,718,678
Total Fund Balances		993,345		676,646		787,505		239,858				2,960,026		3,718,678
Total Liabilities and Fund	•	4.045.000	•	4 004 45-	•	4 004 055	•	007.753	•	50.475	•	0.505.50	•	0.740.076
Balances	\$	1,045,699	\$	1,081,427	\$	1,004,328	\$	267,758	\$	53,176	\$	3,525,561	\$	3,718,678

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

	 Aging Fund	 Drug and Alcohol Fund	١	Orug Act- Forfeited State Property	I	Orug Act- Forfeited Federal Property	Hotel Tax Fund	Act 89 Bridge aintenance Fund	PENNDOT Act 44 SR Fund	Bu	Bridge ndle Project Fund	Total
<u>Assets</u>												
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$ 1,783,494	\$ 517,950	\$	127,322	\$	876,021	\$ 830,191	\$ 773,947	\$ 1,277,721	\$	3,414,169	\$ 16,967,992
Accounts Loans	240	55,187 -		1,240 -		-	-	-	-		-	272,352 71,275
Due From Other Funds	39,914	30,141		2,756		-	4,226	-	-		-	316,208
Due From Other Governments Prepaid Items	6,317	1,199,857		-		2,000	-	-	-		14,648	4,004,442 21,699
Other Assets	 	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>			 -	 -	 -		<u>-</u>	 -
Total Assets	\$ 1,829,965	\$ 1,803,135	\$	131,318	\$	878,021	\$ 834,417	\$ 773,947	\$ 1,277,721	\$	3,428,817	\$ 21,653,968
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u>												
Liabilities												
Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities	\$ 250,347 89,196	\$ 421,660 40,425	\$	12,277 5,765	\$	104,278	\$ 632,580 6,373	\$ -	\$ -	\$	102,285	\$ 2,412,491 532,764
Unearned Revenues	1,299,347	1,298,546		-		-	-	-	-		-	2,598,794
Due To Other Funds	13,811	42,504		65		-	-	-	-		-	95,979
Due To Component Units	 	 	-	-			 195,464	 	 -			 195,464
Total Liabilities	 1,652,701	 1,803,135		18,107		104,278	 834,417	 -	 -		102,285	 5,835,492
Fund Balances												
Restricted	 177,264	 -		113,211		773,743	 -	 773,947	 1,277,721		3,326,532	 15,818,476
Total Fund Balances	 177,264	 -		113,211		773,743	 	 773,947	 1,277,721		3,326,532	 15,818,476
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,829,965	\$ 1,803,135	\$	131,318	\$	878,021	\$ 834,417	\$ 773,947	\$ 1,277,721	\$	3,428,817	\$ 21,653,968

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	State Grant	Liquid Fuels Fund	Domestic Relations Fund	Е	Hazard Material mergency Response	5	Human Services velopment Fund	Opera	ergency 911 ating & Act 56 eless Fund	e For Local Ise Fund
Revenues										
Hotel Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	843,311	4,103,418		93,560		248,531		6,994,101	1,285,755
Charges for Services		-	21,611		51,615		-		-	-
Court Costs and Fines and Fees	684,613	-	-		-		-		-	-
Interest and Rent	22,943	20,758	454		6,034		2,313		12,213	76,769
Miscellaneous Revenue	 	 -	 -				14,194	-		 <u> </u>
Total Revenues	 707,556	864,069	4,125,483		151,209		265,038		7,006,314	 1,362,524
Expenditures										
Current:										
Judicial	593,748	-	6,344,442		-		-		-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-		144,029		-		7,559,687	-
Public Works	-	915,140	-		-		-		-	-
Human Services	-	-	-		-		312,581		-	-
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-		-		-		-	-
Debt Service										
Principal	-	-	-		-		-		138,975	-
Interest	-	-	-		-		-		57,692	-
Bond Issuance Costs	-	-	-		-		-		-	-
Capital Outlay	 29,473	 131,674	 -		9,921		-		859,106	 -
Total Expenditures	623,221	 1,046,814	 6,344,442		153,950		312,581		8,615,460	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)										
Expenditures	84,335	(182,745)	(2,218,959)		(2,741)		(47,543)		(1,609,146)	1,362,524
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers In	_	_	2,282,476		_		47,543		919,722	_
Transfers Out	_	-	-,,		_		-		-	(610,526)
Issuance of General Obligation Debt	-	_	-		-		-		_	-
Issuance of Capital Lease Debt	 -		 -		-		-		818,109	-
Total Other Financing Sources	 -	 -	 2,282,476		-		47,543		1,737,831	 (610,526)
Net Change in Fund Balances	84,335	(182,745)	63,517		(2,741)		-		128,685	751,998
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 909,010	 859,391	 723,988		242,599				2,831,341	 2,966,680
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 993,345	\$ 676,646	\$ 787,505	\$	239,858	\$	-	\$	2,960,026	\$ 3,718,678

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Aging Fund	Drug and Alcohol Fund	Drug Act- Forfeited State Fund	Drug Act- Forfeited Federal Fund	Hotel Tax Fund	Act 89 Bridge Maintenance Fund	PENNDOT Act 44 SR Fund	Bridge Bundle Project Fund	Totals
Revenues									
Hotel Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,562,023	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,562,023
Intergovernmental	5,930,140	5,443,050	-	-	-	96,218	206,552	-	25,244,636
Charges for Services	10,877	139,789	-	-	-	-	-	-	223,892
Court Costs and Fines and Fees	-	-	536,778	139,488	-	-	-	-	1,360,879
Interest and Rent	37,145	15,745	1,608	19,229	26,095	19,880	25,511	-	286,697
Miscellaneous Revenue	1,605,387	114,000						14,648	1,748,229
Total Revenues	7,583,549	5,712,584	538,386	158,717	12,588,118	116,098	232,063	14,648	41,426,356
Expenditures									
Current:									
Judicial	-	-	483,574	209,642	-	-	-	-	7,631,406
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,703,716
Public Works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	915,140
Human Services	7,601,410	5,901,814	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,815,805
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	-	12,588,118	-	-	-	12,588,118
Debt Service									-
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	138,975
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,089	66,781
Bond Issuance Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125,000	125,000
Capital Outlay		19,500		64,466				914,954	2,029,094
Total Expenditures	7,601,410	5,921,314	483,574	274,108	12,588,118			1,049,043	45,014,035
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures	(17,861)	(208,730)	54,812	(115,391)		116,098	232,063	(1,034,395)	(3,587,679)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers In	100,000	226,230	-	-	-	-	-	879,857	4,455,828
Transfers Out	(45,771)	(17,500)	-	-	-	(244,608)	-		(918,405)
Issuance of General Obligation Debt		-	-	-	-	-	-	3,625,000	3,625,000
Issuance of Capital Lease Debt									818,109
Total Other Financing Sources	54,229	208,730				(244,608)		4,504,857	7,980,532
Net Change in Fund Balances	36,368	-	54,812	(115,391)	-	(128,510)	232,063	3,470,462	4,392,853
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	140,896		58,399	889,134		902,457	1,045,658	(143,930)	11,425,623
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 177,264	\$ -	\$ 113,211	\$ 773,743	\$ -	\$ 773,947	\$ 1,277,721	\$ 3,326,532	\$ 15,818,476

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL STATE GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Danaga	Budgeted Amo	ounts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Court Costs and Fines Interest and Rents Miscellaneous	\$ 600,000 \$ 1,200 -	600,000 1,200 -	\$ 684,613 22,943	\$ 84,613 21,743 -
Total Revenues	 601,200	601,200	707,556	106,356
Expenditures Current: Judicial Capital Outlay	 804,100 -	804,100 -	593,748 29,473	210,352 (29,473)
Total Expenditures	804,100	804,100	623,221	180,879
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances - January 1, 2019 Fund Balances - December 31, 2019	\$ (202,900) - (202,900) \$	(202,900) - (202,900)	84,335 909,010 \$ 993,345	287,235 909,010 \$ 1,196,245

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL LIQUID FUELS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Budgeted Am	nounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues	•	 _			
Intergovernmental	\$	761,508 \$	761,508	\$ 843,311	\$ 81,803
Interest and Rents		5,000	5,000	20,758	15,758
Total Revenues		766,508	766,508	864,069	97,561
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public Works		716,508	716,508	915,140	(198,632)
Capital Outlay		50,000	50,000	131,674	(81,674)
Total Expenditures		766,508	766,508	1,046,814	(280,306)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	(182,745)	(182,745)
Fund Balances - January 1, 2019		-	-	859,391	859,391
Fund Balances - December 31, 2019	\$	- \$	-	\$ 676,646	\$ 676,646

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL DOMESTIC RELATIONS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted Am	ounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues Intergovernmental Charges for Services Interest and Rents Miscellaneous	\$ 4,960,688 \$ 3,960 - -	4,960,688 \$ 3,960 - -	4,103,418 \$ 21,611 454	(857,270) 17,651 454
Total Revenues	 4,964,648	4,964,648	4,125,483	(839,165)
Expenditures Current: Judicial	 7,247,124	7,247,124	6,344,442	902,682
Total Expenditures	 7,247,124	7,247,124	6,344,442	902,682
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (2,282,476)	(2,282,476)	(2,218,959)	63,517
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer In	2,282,476	2,282,476	2,282,476	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,282,476	2,282,476	2,282,476	
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances - January 1, 2019	 - -	- -	63,517 723,988	63,517 723,988
Fund Balances - December 31, 2019	\$ - \$	- \$	787,505 \$	787,505

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

HAZARD MATERIAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Variance with

	Budgeted	l Amo	<u>unts</u>	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 45,000	\$	75,240	\$ 93,560	\$ 18,320
Charges for Services	73,000		73,000	51,615	(21,385)
Interest and Rents	 -		-	6,034	6,034
Total Revenues	 118,000		148,240	151,209	2,969
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public Safety	118,000		158,161	144,029	14,132
Capital Outlay	 -		-	9,921	(9,921)
Total Expenditures	118,000		158,161	153,950	4,211
Net Change in Fund Balances	_		(9,921)	(2,741)	7,180
Fund Balances - January 1, 2019	 =		<u> </u>	242,599	242,599
Fund Balances - December 31, 2019	\$ -	\$	(9,921)	\$ 239,858	\$ 249,779

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

HUMAN SERVICE DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		DECEMBER 31,	2019		Variance with
		Budgeted Ar Original	mounts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budget Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
Revenues Intergovernmental Interest and Rents Miscellaneous	\$	248,531 \$ 1,170 14,000	248,531 1,170 14,000	\$ 248,531 2,313 14,194	\$ - 1,143 194
Total Revenues		263,701	263,701	265,038	1,337
Expenditures Current: Human Services		327,390	327,390	312,581	14,809
Total Expenditures		327,390	327,390	312,581	14,809
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(63,689)	(63,689)	(47,543)	16,146
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer In		63,689	63,689	47,543	(16,146)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		63,689	63,689	47,543	(16,146)
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances - January 1, 2019 Fund Balances - December 31, 2019	\$	- - - \$	- 	- - \$ -	- - - \$
r and Balanoos - Bootimbor or, 2010	Ψ	- Ψ	-	Ψ	Ψ

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

AGING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Budgeted A	Amounts <u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	5,448,704	¢ 5640	,704 \$	5,930,140	\$ 281,436
Charges for Services	Ф	37.908		,704 \$.908	10.877	(27,031)
Interest and Rents		15,990	_	,990	37,145	21,155
Miscellaneous		1,706,824	1,706	•	1,605,387	(101,437)
Micconariodac		1,700,021	1,700	,02 1	1,000,001	(101,101)
Total Revenues		7,209,426	7,409	,426	7,583,549	174,123
Expenditures Current:						
Human Services		7,282,176	7,482	,176	7,601,410	(119,234)
Total Expenditures		7,282,176	7,482	,176	7,601,410	(119,234)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(72,750)	(72	,750)	(17,861)	54,889
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfer In		143,475	143	,475	100,000	(43,475)
Transfer (Out)		(70,725)	(70	,725)	(45,771)	24,954
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		72,750	72	,750	54,229	(18,521)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-	36,368	36,368
Fund Balances - January 1, 2019					140,896	140,896
Fund Balances - December 31, 2019	\$	- (\$	- \$	177,264	\$ 177,264

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL DRUG AND ALCOHOL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted Am	<u>ounts</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,522,566 \$	-,,	\$ 5,443,050	. , ,
Charges for Services	100,050	100,050	139,789	
Interest and Rents	3,700	3,700	15,745	
Miscellaneous	 -	-	114,000	114,000
Total Revenues	3,626,316	5,955,448	5,712,584	(242,864)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Human Services	3,855,187	6,163,319	5,901,814	261,505
Capital Outlay	 -	21,000	19,500	1,500
Total Expenditures	3,855,187	6,184,319	5,921,314	263,005
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(228,871)	(228,871)	(208,730) 20,141
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfer In	243.871	243,871	226,230	(17,641)
Transfer (Out)	(15,000)	(15,000)	(17,500	` ' '
Transier (Cut)	 (13,000)	(10,000)	(17,500	(2,300)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 228,871	228,871	208,730	(20,141)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	_
Fund Balances - January 1, 2019	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances - December 31, 2019	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$ -

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL HOTEL TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted	Amoı	unts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		 Final	Amounts			(Negative)
Revenues	<u>-</u> _		<u> </u>				
Hotel Taxes	\$ 11,923,016	\$	11,923,016	\$	12,562,023	\$	639,007
Interest and Rents	 15,000		15,000		26,095		11,095
Total Revenues	 11,938,016		11,938,016		12,588,118		650,102
Expenditures Current:							
Culture and Recreation	 11,938,016		11,938,016		12,588,118		(650,102)
Total Expenditures	11,938,016		11,938,016		12,588,118		(650,102)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		-		-		-
Fund Balances - January 1, 2019	 =		=		-		-
Fund Balances - December 31, 2019	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL EMERGENCY 911 OPERATING ACT 56 WIRELESS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Budgeted Original	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	5,903,262	\$ 6,516,972	\$ 6,994,101	\$	477,129
Charges for Services Interest and Rents		10,000.00	10,000.00	12,213		2,213
interest and Nems		10,000.00	10,000.00	12,213		2,215
Total Revenues		5,913,262	6,526,972	7,006,314		479,342
Expenditures Current: Judicial		_	<u>-</u>	-		_
Public Safety		8,055,972	8,055,972	7,559,687		496,285
Debt Service						
Principal		138,975	138,975	138,975		-
Interest		94,612	94,612	57,692		36,920
Capital Outlay	-	-	613,710	859,106		(245,396)
Total Expenditures		8,289,559	8,903,269	8,615,460		287,809
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,376,297)	(2,376,297)	(1,609,146)		767,151
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In		2,376,297	2,376,297	919,722		(1,456,575)
Capital Lease Proceeds		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	818,109		818,109
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,376,297	2,376,297	1,737,831		(638,466)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	128,685		128,685
Fund Balances - January 1, 2019		-	-	2,831,341		2,831,341
Fund Balances - December 31, 2019	\$	=	\$ =	\$ 2,960,026	\$	2,960,026

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FO	K THE TEAK ENDED DEC	ENIDER 31, 2019		Variance
	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
General Government				
Commissioners - Governing Body				
Personnel Services	\$ 1,801,326	\$ 1,801,326	\$ 1,459,506	\$ 341,820
Supplies and Services	2,017,149	2,022,639	1,480,842	541,797
	3,818,475	3,823,965	2,940,348	883,617
Finance				
Personnel Services	266,067	265,919	260,256	5,663
Supplies and Services	11,636	32,621	30,699	1,922
	277,703	298,540	290,955	7,585
Purchasing				
Personnel Services	427,402	427,402	416,162	11,240
Supplies and Services	390,292	390,292	371,141	19,151
	947.604			
	817,694	817,694	787,303	30,391
Voter's Registration Personnel Services	404 600	404 600	400.070	40.000
Supplies and Services	481,633 823,438	481,633 833,098	432,373 802,136	49,260 30,962
Cappines and Connect				
	1,305,071	1,314,731	1,234,509	80,222
Tax Assessment				
Personnel Services	1,888,427	1,879,307	1,698,411	180,896
Supplies and Services	1,680,120	1,703,213	1,584,832	118,381
	3,568,547	3,582,520	3,283,243	299,277
Treasurer				
Personnel Services	277,241	277,241	253,873	23,368
Supplies and Services	22,487	22,487	18,227	4,260
	299,728	299,728	272,100	27,628
Tax Collectors				
Personnel Services	188,388	188,388	173,924	14,464
Supplies and Services	22,500	20,914	20,373	541
	210,888	209,302	194,297	15,005
Personnel				
Personnel Services	2,127,245	2,127,245	2,025,725	101,520
Supplies and Services	71,727	71,727	61,234	10,493
	2,198,972	2,198,972	2,086,959	112,013

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED) BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budge	eted Amounts	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>		
General Government (Continued) Controller					
Personnel Services Supplies and Services	\$ 1,080,52 262,46		\$ 949,559 144,422	\$ 130,968 118,046	
	1,342,99	5 1,342,995	1,093,981	249,014	
Solicitor		_			
Personnel Services Supplies and Services	390,44 267,20		364,820 174,740	25,627 92,460	
	657,64	7 657,647	539,560	118,087	
Public Defender					
Personnel Services Supplies and Services	3,593,19 673,51		3,369,465 654,539	223,731 36,589	
	4,266,71		4,024,004	260,320	
Recorder of Deeds					
Personnel Services	515,43		440,833	73,030	
Supplies and Services	592,73	2 786,663	553,111	233,552	
	1,108,16	5 1,300,526	993,944	306,582	
Facilities Management				227.242	
Personnel Services Supplies and Services	3,269,01 2,514,91		2,961,401 2,501,049	307,612 115,481	
	5,783,92		5,462,450	423,093	
Data Processing				,	
Personnel Services	2,382,76		2,200,250	52,684	
Supplies and Services	2,080,71	0 2,420,210	2,000,489	419,721	
	4,463,47	4,673,144	4,200,739	472,405	
Veterans' Affairs					
Personnel Services Supplies and Services	147,65 132,22		146,961 91,920	690 37,295	
	279,87	6 276,866	238,881	37,985	

	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual		Variance Positive
	 <u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	<u>(</u>	(Negative)
General Government (Continued) Gasoline Center						
Supplies and Services	\$ 17,720	\$	18,114	\$ 17,826	\$	288
	 17,720		18,114	17,826		288
Less: Indirect Cost Reimbursement	 (13,200,000)		(13,715,541)	(13,968,782)		253,241
Total General Government	\$ 17,217,596	\$	17,269,070	\$ 13,692,317	\$	3,576,753

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED) BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Judicial Courts				
Personnel Services Supplies and Services	\$ 3,100,948 4,426,285	\$ 3,100,948 4,628,204	\$ 2,978,318 3,859,430	\$ 122,630 768,774
	7,527,233	7,729,152	6,837,748	891,404
Court Reporters Personnel Services Supplies and Services	1,423,851 75,645	1,423,851 75,645	1,336,393 49,080	87,458 26,565
	1,499,496	1,499,496	1,385,473	114,023
Judicial Center Personnel Services Supplies and Services	- 	- 84,336	(681) 84,475	681 (139)
		84,336	83,794	542
District Justices Personnel Services Supplies and Services	5,096,906 1,736,845	5,096,906 1,756,580	4,230,042 1,919,350	866,864 (162,770)
	6,833,751	6,853,486	6,149,392	704,094
Law Library Personnel Services Supplies and Services	104,469 367,671	104,469 368,710	94,520 350,393	9,949 18,317
	472,140	473,179	444,913	28,266
Night Court Personnel Services Supplies and Services	175,317 13,300	175,317 13,300	208,391 9,423	(33,074) 3,877
	188,617	188,617	217,814	(29,197)
Clerk of Courts Personnel Services Supplies and Services	1,676,873 480,092	1,676,873 547,645	1,574,310 441,849	102,563 105,796
	2,156,965	2,224,518	2,016,159	208,359

		Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance Positive	
	<u>(</u>	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		<u>(1)</u>	Negative)
Judicial (Continued)								
Coroner							•	
Personnel Services Supplies and Services	\$	835,558 692,878	\$	835,558 690,705	\$	839,919 610,245	\$	(4,361) 80,460
		1,528,436		1,526,263		1,450,164		76,099
District Attorney								
Personnel Services		4,663,912		4,732,520		4,433,058		299,462
Supplies and Services		1,506,195		1,844,085		1,320,096		523,989
		6,170,107		6,576,605		5,753,154		823,451
Criminal Investigation								
Personnel Services		1,489,225		1,489,225		1,308,865		180,360
Supplies and Services		571,899		629,382		565,315		64,067
		2,061,124		2,118,607		1,874,180		244,427
Prothonotary								
Personnel Services		1,140,250		1,136,250		1,035,448		100,802
Supplies and Services		393,393		389,754		329,426		60,328
		1,533,643		1,526,004		1,364,874		161,130
Registrar of Wills								
Personnel Services		586,857		586,857		519,895		66,962
Supplies and Services		343,274		410,864		387,584		23,280
		930,131		997,721		907,479		90,242
Sheriff								
Personnel Services		3,431,435		3,343,135		3,143,548		199,587
Supplies and Services		705,507		789,066		732,101		56,965
		4,136,942		4,132,201		3,875,649		256,552
Cost & Fines								
Personnel Services		360,091		360,091		344,201		15,890
Supplies and Services		31,313		34,517		33,572		945
	_	391,404		394,608		377,773		16,835

	Budgete <u>Original</u>	ed Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)
Judicial (Continued)				
Adult Probation Personnel Services Supplies and Services	\$ 15,211,038 3,080,728	\$ 15,211,038 3,198,280	\$ 14,351,734 3,254,391	\$ 859,304 (56,111)
	18,291,766	18,409,318	17,606,125	803,193
Juvenile Probation Personnel Services Supplies and Services	5,149,255 656,000	5,149,255 655,495	4,947,344 651,696	201,911 3,799
	5,805,255	5,804,750	5,599,040	205,710
Victim Witness Supplies and Services	1,464,397	1,453,673	1,311,125	142,548
	1,464,397	1,453,673	1,311,125	142,548
Pretrial				
Supplies and Services	720,631	720,631	691,420	29,211
	720,631	720,631	691,420	29,211
RO County Records Improvement Supplies and Services	139,000	139,000	44,755	94,245
	139,000	139,000	44,755	94,245
Total Judicial	\$ 61,851,038	\$ 62,852,165	\$ 57,991,031	\$ 4,861,134

	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	I Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)
Public Safety Prison Personnel Services	\$ 30,664,901	\$ 30,664,901	\$ 30,752,922	\$ (88,021)
Supplies and Services	<u>10,403,614</u> <u>41,068,515</u>	<u>10,503,079</u> <u>41,167,980</u>	10,380,663	<u>122,416</u> <u>34,395</u>
Emergency Services Personnel Services Supplies and Services	756,885 2,254,419	756,885 2,375,155	675,939 1,864,595	80,946 510,560
	3,011,304	3,132,040	2,540,534	591,506
Total Public Safety	\$ 44,079,819	\$ 44,300,020	\$ 43,674,119	\$ 625,901

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance Positive		
	<u>Original</u>			<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)	
Human Services								
Personnel Services	\$	318,018	\$	313,576	\$	286,706	\$	26,870
Supplies and Services		4,854,862		4,859,304		4,910,729		(51,425)
Total Human Services	\$	5,172,880	\$	5,172,880	\$	5,197,435	\$	(24,555)
Culture and Recreation Parks								
Personnel Services	\$	1,411,162	\$	1,411,162	\$	1,345,182	\$	65,980
Supplies and Services		1,158,100		1,197,044		1,034,150		162,894
Total Culture and Recreation	\$	2,569,262	\$	2,608,206	\$	2,379,332	\$	228,874
Conservation and Development								
Cooperative Extension	_		_		_		_	
Personnel Services	\$	318,736	\$	318,736	\$	301,534	\$	17,202
Supplies and Services		234,585		237,300		237,245		55
		553,321		556,036		538,779		17,257
Conservation Programs								
Personnel Services		1,196,167		1,196,167		1,052,790		143,377
Supplies and Services		611,456		646,287		622,343		23,944
		1,807,623		1,842,454		1,675,133		167,321
Economic Development								
Personnel Services		518,243		518,243		430,531		87,712
Supplies and Services		2,431,045		2,791,477		2,709,748		81,729
		2,949,288		3,309,720		3,140,279		169,441
Total Conservation and Development	\$	5,310,232	\$	5,708,210	\$	5,354,191	\$	354,019

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED) BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	 Budgeted Original	d Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Original		<u>i iiidi</u>	7 tillourits	-	(IVCgative)
Debt Service Principal Interest Bond Issuance Costs	\$ 10,134,000 3,406,230 -	\$	10,134,000 3,406,230 -	\$ 12,192,080 3,646,891 60,000	\$	(2,058,080) (240,661) (60,000)
Total Debt Service	\$ 13,540,230	\$	13,540,230	\$ 15,898,971	\$	(2,358,741)
Capital Outlay General Government Judicial	\$ - 80,560	\$	- 127,905	\$ 310,919 319,164	\$	(310,919) (191,259)
Public Safety Culture and Recreation Conservation and Development	 - - -		- - -	 43,459 112,161 109,041		(43,459) (112,161) (109,041)
Total Capital Outlay	\$ 80,560	\$	127,905	\$ 894,744	\$	(766,839)
Other Financing Uses Interfund Transfers to:						
Domestic Relations Fund MH/A/DP Fund Drug and Alcohol Fund Children, Youth, and Families Fund Human Services Development Fund 911 - EMA Commissions Fund	\$ 2,282,476 996,550 222,370 10,744,360 34,698 2,376,297	\$	2,282,476 996,550 222,370 10,344,360 34,698 2,376,297	\$ 2,282,476 1,051,600 223,453 8,953,180 47,543 919,722	\$	(55,050) (1,083) 1,391,180 (12,845) 1,456,575
Capital Projects Fund Solid Waste Human Service Building Fund General Fund	1,504,604 - 78.791		1,504,604 - 78,791	1,017,777 - 85,501		486,827 - (6,710)
Conorai i unu	 10,131		10,131	 ·		(0,110)
Total Interfund Transfers	 18,240,146		17,840,146	 14,581,252		3,258,894
Payment to Refunding Bond Escrow Agent	 -			 		
Total Other Financing Uses	\$ 18,240,146	\$	17,840,146	\$ 14,581,252	\$	3,258,894

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

County of Dauphin, Pennsylvania

Combining and Individual Nonmajor Enterprise Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities where the intent of the governing body is that costs of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges and cost reimbursement plans.

The Solid Waste Fund is used to account for activities of the Dauphin County Solid Waste Management & Recycling department, and is expected to be financed through dumping and recycling fees.

The Fort Hunter Operating Fund is used to account for operating of Fort Hunter Park, and is expected to be financed through various rental and other charges.

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Solid Waste Fund	ort Hunter Operating Fund	Totals
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	594,782	\$ 67,950	\$ 662,732
Accounts Receivables		15,601	-	15,601
Due From Other Funds		10,743		 10,743
Total current assets		621,126	 67,950	 689,076
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		-	123,592	123,592
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, (Net)		1,180,994	 297,526	1,478,520
Total noncurrent assets		1,180,994	 421,118	 1,602,112
Total assets	-	1,802,120	 489,068	2,291,188
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts Payable		168,174	-	168,174
Accrued Liabilities		13,597	-	13,597
Accrued Compensated Absences		1,747		 1,747
Total current liabilities		183,518	 	 183,518
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Accrued Compensated Absences		26,113	 	 26,113
Total noncurrent liabilities		26,113	-	 26,113
Total liabilities		209,631	 -	 209,631
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,180,994	421,118	1,602,112
Unrestricted		411,495	67,950	479,445
Total net position	\$	1,592,489	\$ 489,068	\$ 2,081,557

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Solid Waste Fund	Op	t Hunter perating Fund	 Totals
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 88,062	\$	41,787	\$ 129,849
Total Operating Revenues	88,062		41,787	 129,849
Operating Expenses				
Personnel Services	440,839		-	440,839
Contracted Services	89,917		-	89,917
Supplies and Materials	1,905		-	1,905
Repairs and Maintenance	79,423		29,435	108,858
Utilities	16,829		9,978	26,807
Other Services and Charges	1,470,490		7,094	1,477,584
Depreciation and Amortization	 81,659		40,620	 122,279
Total Operating Expenses	 2,181,062		87,127	 2,268,189
Operating Loss	 (2,093,000)		(45,340)	 (2,138,340)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest Income	12,092		_	12,092
Grants	68,831		_	68,831
	 			 -
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	 80,923			 80,923
Loss Before Transfers	(2,012,077)		(45,340)	(2,057,417)
Transfers In Transfers Out	1,017,777		85,000	1,102,777
Total Transfers	 1,017,777		85,000	1,102,777
Changes in Net Position	(994,300)		39,660	(954,640)
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	2,586,789		449,408	3,036,197
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 1,592,489	\$	489,068	\$ 2,081,557

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Solid Waste Fund	Fort Hunter Operating Fund	Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from Recycling Services Receipts from Recreational Activities Payments to Employees Payments to Suppliers	\$ 84,159 - (431,729) (1,511,268)	\$ - 41,787 (46,507)	\$ 84,159 41,787 (431,729) (1,557,775)
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	(1,858,838)	(4,720)	(1,863,558)
Cash Flow From Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers In (Out) Grants	1,014,631 68,831	85,000	1,099,631 68,831
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	1,083,462	85,000	1,168,462
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchase of Capital Assets, net of Disposals		(33,640)	(33,640)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	-	(33,640)	(33,640)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Income	12,092		12,092
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities	12,092	·	12,092
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(763,284)	46,640	(716,644)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	1,358,066	21,310	1,379,376
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 594,782	\$ 67,950	\$ 662,732

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Solid Waste Fund	 ort Hunter Operating Fund	Totals
	 Fullu	 Fullu	 TOtals
Reconciliation of Operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities			
Operating Loss	\$ (2,093,000)	\$ (45,340)	\$ (2,138,340)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss			
to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities			
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	81,659	40,620	122,279
Change in assets and liabilities			
Accounts Receivable	(7,596)	-	(7,596)
Due from Other Funds	3,693		3,693
Accounts Payable	147,296	-	147,296
Accrued Expenses	3,272	-	3,272
Accrued Vacation and Sick Pay	 5,838		5,838
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities	\$ (1,858,838)	\$ (4,720)	\$ (1,863,558)

AGENCY FUNDS

County of Dauphin, Pennsylvania

Combining Agency Funds Statements

Agency Funds

Funds used to report resources held by the primary government in a purely custodial capacity.

Tax Claim – Used to account for the collection of delinquent taxes for the County and on behalf of school districts and municipalities.

Prison, Probation, and Parole Funds – Used to account for work release earnings and disbursements and the personal funds held by individuals incarcerated at the County prison.

Agency Funds – Used to accounts for the fees, fines, taxes, grants, and other monies collected by elected row officers that are subsequently disbursed to the County, other governments, or other not-for-profit entities or citizens for whom they were collected. These funds are as follows:

- Sheriff
- Treasurer
- Prothonotary
- Recorder of Deeds
- Clerk of Court
- Register of Wills
- Coroner

Domestic Relations – Used to account for child support payments collected by the County on behalf of the parents within the County's child support enforcement program.

Payroll Advance – Used to account for funds earned, but not yet received by employees.

Children and Youth – Used to account for child support and other various receipts collected by the County on behalf of children within the County's custody.

Flexible Spending Account – Used to account for funds set aside pre-tax by employees in the County's flexible spending plan to pay eligible daycare costs of dependent children or parents.

Night Court Account – Used to account for funds collected for fines and restitutions.

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN, PENNSYLVANIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Balance January 1, 2019	Additions	Balance December 31, 2019				
Tax Claim Bureau	 2010	 7 taditionio	 Deletions	2010			
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 1,659,124	\$ 28,266,522	\$ 27,348,709	\$ 2,576,937			
Total Assets	\$ 1,659,124	\$ 28,266,522	\$ 27,348,709	\$ 2,576,937			
Liabilities Accounts Payable Funds Held in Escrow Due To Other Governments	\$ 770,345 888,779 -	\$ 18,633,075 28,878,214 17,974,828	\$ 18,708,030 28,133,969 17,726,305	\$ 695,390 1,633,024 248,523			
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,659,124	\$ 65,486,117	\$ 64,568,304	\$ 2,576,937			
Sheriff Agency Fund							
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 958,749	\$ 6,688,021	\$ 7,176,019	\$ 470,751			
Total Assets	\$ 958,749	\$ 6,688,021	\$ 7,176,019	\$ 470,751			
Liabilities Funds Held in Escrow	\$ 958,749	\$ 6,688,021	\$ 7,176,019	\$ 470,751			
Total Liabilities	\$ 958,749	\$ 6,688,021	\$ 7,176,019	\$ 470,751			
Probation and Parole Agency Fund							
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 393,791	\$ 3,053,823	\$ 3,098,434	\$ 349,180			
Total Assets	\$ 393,791	\$ 3,053,823	\$ 3,098,434	\$ 349,180			
Liabilities Funds Held in Escrow	\$ 393,791	\$ 3,053,823	\$ 3,098,434	\$ 349,180			
Total Liabilities	\$ 393,791	\$ 3,053,823	\$ 3,098,434	\$ 349,180			
Treasurer Agency Fund							
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 22,371	\$ 250,102	\$ 251,500	\$ 20,973			
Total Assets	\$ 22,371	\$ 250,102	\$ 251,500	\$ 20,973			
Liabilities Funds Held in Escrow	\$ 22,371	\$ 250,102	\$ 251,500	\$ 20,973			
Total Liabilities	\$ 22,371	\$ 250,102	\$ 251,500	\$ 20,973			

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN, PENNSYLVANIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Balance January 1, 2019	Additions	Balance December 31, 2019	
Prothonotary Agency Fund		7.00	<u>Deletions</u>	
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 156,103	\$ 2,782,350	\$ 2,689,677	\$ 248,776
Total Assets	\$ 156,103	\$ 2,782,350	\$ 2,689,677	\$ 248,776
Liabilities Funds Held in Escrow	\$ 156,103	\$ 2,782,350	\$ 2,689,677	\$ 248,776
Total Liabilities	\$ 156,103	\$ 2,782,350	\$ 2,689,677	\$ 248,776
Recorder of Deeds Agency Fund				
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,717,868	\$ 38,406,114	\$ 38,173,949	\$ 1,950,033
Total Assets	\$ 1,717,868	\$ 38,406,114	\$ 38,173,949	\$ 1,950,033
Liabilities				
Due To Other Governments	\$ 1,717,868	\$ 38,406,114	\$ 38,173,949	\$ 1,950,033
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,717,868	\$ 38,406,114	\$ 38,173,949	\$ 1,950,033
Clerk of Courts Agency Fund				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,301,078	\$ 8,524,613	\$ 8,451,352	\$ 1,374,339
Total Assets	\$ 1,301,078	\$ 8,524,613	\$ 8,451,352	\$ 1,374,339
Liabilities Due To Other Governments	\$ 1,301,078	\$ 8,524,613	\$ 8,451,352	\$ 1,374,339
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,301,078	\$ 8,524,613	\$ 8,451,352	\$ 1,374,339
Prison Agency Fund				
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,617,910	\$ 2,324,068	\$ 2,661,886	\$ 1,280,092
Total Assets	\$ 1,617,910	\$ 2,324,068	\$ 2,661,886	\$ 1,280,092
Liabilities Funds Held in Escrow	\$ 1,617,910	\$ 2,324,068	\$ 2,661,886	\$ 1,280,092
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,617,910	\$ 2,324,068	\$ 2,661,886	\$ 1,280,092

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN, PENNSYLVANIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Jai	alance nuary 1, 2019	,	Additions		Balance December 31, 2019			
Domestic Relations Agency Fund				Idailiono	Deletions		2010		
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	42,314	\$	2,615,130	\$ 2,624,647	\$	32,797		
Total Assets	\$	42,314	\$	2,615,130	\$ 2,624,647	\$	32,797		
Liabilities Funds Held in Escrow	\$	42,314	\$	2,615,130	\$ 2,624,647	\$	32,797		
Total Liabilities	\$	42,314	\$	2,615,130	\$ 2,624,647	\$	32,797		
Register of Wills Agency Fund									
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	63,261	\$	5,648,026	\$ 5,474,008	\$	237,279		
Total Assets	\$	63,261	\$	5,648,026	\$ 5,474,008	\$	237,279		
Liabilities Due To Other Governments	\$	63,261	\$	5,648,026	\$ 5,474,008	\$	237,279		
Total Liabilities	\$	63,261	\$	5,648,026	\$ 5,474,008	\$	237,279		
Coroner's Agency Fund									
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	532	\$	93,342	\$ 93,507	_\$	367		
Total Assets	\$	532	\$	93,342	\$ 93,507	\$	367		
Liabilities Funds Held in Escrow	\$	532	\$	93,342	\$ 93,507	\$	367		
Total Liabilities	\$	532	\$	93,342	\$ 93,507	\$	367		
Payroll Advance Fund									
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,483	\$	21,158	\$ 19,265	\$	7,376		
Total Assets	\$	5,483	\$	21,158	\$ 19,265	\$	7,376		
Liabilities Funds Held in Escrow	\$	5,483	\$	21,158	\$ 19,265	\$	7,376		
Total Liabilities	\$	5,483	\$	21,158	\$ 19,265	\$	7,376		

COUNTY OF DAUPHIN, PENNSYLVANIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Balance anuary 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance cember 31, 2019
Children & Youth Agency Fund				
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 216,692	\$ 1,025,644	\$ 1,073,816	\$ 168,520
Total Assets	\$ 216,692	\$ 1,025,644	\$ 1,073,816	\$ 168,520
Liabilities Funds Held in Escrow	\$ 216,692	\$ 1,025,644	\$ 1,073,816	\$ 168,520
Total Liabilities	\$ 216,692	\$ 1,025,644	\$ 1,073,816	\$ 168,520
Flexible Spending Fund				
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 106,351	\$ 505,900	\$ 489,655	\$ 122,596
Total Assets	\$ 106,351	\$ 505,900	\$ 489,655	\$ 122,596
Liabilities				
Funds Held in Escrow	\$ 106,351	\$ 505,900	\$ 489,655	\$ 122,596
Total Liabilities	\$ 106,351	\$ 505,900	\$ 489,655	\$ 122,596
Night Court				
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,694	\$ 49,737	\$ 50,359	\$ 1,072
Total Assets	\$ 1,694	\$ 49,737	\$ 50,359	\$ 1,072
Liabilities				
Funds Held in Escrow	\$ 1,694	\$ 49,737	\$ 50,359	\$ 1,072
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,694	\$ 49,737	\$ 50,359	\$ 1,072
Total Agency Funds				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,263,321	\$ 100,254,550	\$ 99,676,783	\$ 8,841,088
Total Assets	\$ 8,263,321	\$ 100,254,550	\$ 99,676,783	\$ 8,841,088
Liabilities Accounts Payable Funds Held in Escrow Due to Other Governments	\$ 770,345 4,410,769 3,082,207	\$ 18,633,075 48,287,489 70,553,581	\$ 18,708,030 48,362,734 69,825,614	\$ 695,390 4,335,524 3,810,174
Total Liabilities	\$ 8,263,321	\$ 137,474,145	\$ 136,896,378	\$ 8,841,088

Statistical Section

This part of the County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

CONTENTS

Financial Trends	
Revenue Capacity	
Debt Capacity	's
Demographic and Economic Information	'ie
Operating Information	he
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual financial statem for the relevant year.	ents

Net Position by Component - Last Ten Years

(Accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

Governmental activities	 2010	 2011	 2012			Year 2014 20		2015	5 2		 2017	 2018	 2019
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ (6,154,912) 25,666,745 49,279,916	\$ (2,074,093) 34,245,154 35,253,948	\$ (695,268) 28,776,237 23,407,540	\$ 5,955,867 18,862,587 29,584,391	\$	10,755,684 19,445,884 19,056,396	\$	12,456,056 23,273,811 2,307,926	\$	20,736,715 23,112,169 12,358,231	\$ 26,951,861 24,737,862 9,892,045	\$ 45,789,044 22,307,689 (22,983,005)	\$ 41,714,436 32,079,214 (35,335,623)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 68,791,749	\$ 67,425,009	\$ 51,488,509	\$ 54,402,845	\$	49,257,964	\$	38,037,793	\$	56,207,115	\$ 61,581,768	\$ 45,113,728	\$ 38,458,027
Business-type activities													
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 2,876,629 - 5,305,422	\$ 2,824,091 - 2,534,040	\$ 2,252,981 - 1,179,423	\$ 2,223,121 - 672,357	\$	1,950,577 - 1,489,455	\$	1,224,578 - 931,611	\$	1,100,645 - 864,516	\$ 893,369 - 1,123,726	\$ 1,299,058 - 1,652,645	\$ 801,366 - 1,185,016
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 8,182,051	\$ 5,358,131	\$ 3,432,404	\$ 2,895,478	\$	3,440,032	\$	2,156,189	\$	1,965,161	\$ 2,017,095	\$ 2,951,703	\$ 1,986,382
Primary government													
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ (3,278,283) 25,666,745 54,585,338	\$ 749,998 34,245,154 37,787,988	\$ 1,557,713 28,776,237 24,586,963	\$ 8,178,988 18,862,587 30,256,748	\$	12,706,261 19,445,884 20,545,851	\$	13,680,634 23,273,811 3,239,537	\$	21,837,360 23,112,169 13,222,747	\$ 27,845,230 24,737,862 11,015,771	\$ 47,088,102 22,307,689 (21,330,360)	\$ 42,515,802 32,079,214 (34,150,607)
Total primary government net position	\$ 76,973,800	\$ 72,783,140	\$ 54,920,913	\$ 57,298,323	\$	52,697,996	\$	40,193,982	\$	58,172,276	\$ 63,598,863	\$ 48,065,431	\$ 40,444,409

NOTE 1: The County implemented GASB Statements 51 and 53 beginning in 2010, GASB Statement 65 in 2013 and GASB Statement 68 in 2015; and, therefore, prior years have not been adjusted to reflect the implementation of these standards.

NOTE 2: This schedule is being prepared prospectively in accordance with GASB 63.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - LAST TEN YEARS

For Years Ending December 31 (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

	2010	2011	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Expenses:																	
Governmental activities:																	
General government	\$ 25,943,187	\$ 25,450,965	\$ 24,629,938	\$	24,284,573	\$	24,417,463	\$	23,881,297	\$	25,256,595	\$	26,020,252	\$	16,935,084	\$	16,700,619
Judicial	51,966,818	53,005,426	53,584,526		54,700,457		54,993,262		58,057,097		59,916,415		61,198,204		66,653,315		71,356,859
Public safety	43,343,970	41,926,883	44,663,848		38,621,432		39,036,174		45,627,099		48,356,487		48,406,025		50,692,732		58,083,978
Public works	419,047	1,620,843	1,558,538		1,544,044		6,982,260		1,910,552		1,482,959		1,747,568		1,755,369		1,451,749
Human services	114,091,581	112,461,597	106,417,603		104,780,861		103,694,696		105,755,168		112,562,042		114,896,098		103,618,358		95,063,379
Culture and recreation	9,788,893	10,020,111	10,334,029		11,709,200		12,354,951		12,893,509		13,342,145		13,762,985		16,789,417		18,492,470
Conservation and development	14,018,932	17,992,444	13,184,384		18,515,635		14,900,958		11,625,331		15,653,091		13,435,965		12,988,612		11,473,611
Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt	5,865,430	4,187,999	5,574,564		3,456,514		6,991,197		4,736,404		4,002,741		3,834,082		3,185,232		3,228,211
Indirect Expenses	(791,468)	(838,866)	(801,629)		(718,511)		(736,948)		(534,651)		(506,437)		(534,516)		0,100,202		0,220,211
Total governmental activities expenses	264,646,390	265,827,402	259.145.801		256.894.205		262.634.013		263,951,806		280.066.038		282.766.663		272,618,119		275,850,876
· -	204,040,370	203,027,402	237,143,001		230,074,203		202,034,013		203,731,000		200,000,030		202,700,003		272,010,117		213,030,010
Business-type activities:																	
Human Services - Health Choices Fund	70,242,714	68,091,896	67,066,573		67,323,365		67,936,230		68,502,487		78,709,782		86,139,886		93,152,224		42,709,799
Public Works - Human Service Building	1,107,110	861,411	847,667		847,297		877,526		854,111		945,478		842,357		1,314,452		1,309,121
Public Works - Solid Waste Fund	1,422,164	1,610,431	1,332,335		1,516,202		794,468		783,465		806,608		798,628		841,466		2,181,062
Public Safety - Emergency 911	5,842,220	7,340,029	7,092,262		6,831,369		6,661,578		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and Recreation - Fort Hunter	96,620	116,774	87,970		83,363		87,979		91,639		105,028		80,648		72,122		87,127
Indirect Expenses	791,468	838,866	801,629		718,511		736,948		534,651		506,437		534,516				
•						-		-		-				_	05 200 274	_	4/ 207 100
Total business-type activities expenses	79,502,296	78,859,407	77,228,436		77,320,107		77,094,729	_	70,766,353	_	81,073,333		88,396,035	_	95,380,264	_	46,287,109
Total primary government expenses	\$ 344,148,686	\$ 344,686,809	\$ 336,374,237	\$	334,214,312	\$	339,728,742	\$	334,718,159	\$	361,139,371	\$	371,162,698	\$	367,998,383	\$	322,137,985
Program Revenues:																	
Governmental activities:																	
Charges for services:																	
General government	\$ 6,228,703	\$ 5,911,259	\$ 5,874,147	\$	6,700,196	\$	5,856,365	\$	6,166,936	\$	6,283,231	\$	6,189,074	\$	5,921,763	\$	6,381,691
Judicial	10,058,758	10,172,292	10,719,624	•	11,861,657	•	12,038,691	•	12,892,768	*	12,494,767	*	12,467,022	*	13,570,965	•	13,441,190
Public safety	9,871,150	7,541,430	6,730,187		5,619,650		4,108,454		3,477,601		3,479,940		4,033,103		4,076,182		3,914,203
Human services	2,727,557	2,202,963	2,093,552		2,243,607		1,956,182		2,276,056		1,967,261		2,451,320		2,380,838		2,273,677
Culture and recreation	130,532	130,904	186,806		225,749		261,016		257,882		226,913		233,438		234,514		410,250
Conservation and development	454,381	560,871	540,016		384,293		495,880		974,891		1,061,199		1,052,446		1,043,366		1,270,092
Operating grants and contributions	434,301	300,071	340,010		304,273		473,000		774,071		1,001,177		1,032,440		1,043,300		1,270,072
General government	1,579,222	298,946	137,438		94,598		10,351				21,500				2,820,269		26,570
Judicial	9,033,896		6,298,018		9,515,106		8,557,665		6,314,794		8,903,901		9,055,033		8,188,763		8,043,108
		8,830,390	2,024,115														9,077,035
Public safety Public works	2,809,990	2,134,950 782,389	2,024,115 846,997		2,252,880 1,020,925		2,931,595		7,358,620		8,079,581		7,788,677		6,943,151		502,508
Human services	1,472,385 102,627,850	100,248,912					7,462,593 93,579,940		1,177,199 92,394,086		631,147 99,674,375		678,266 101,497,099		07 2/7 //0		78,563,883
			96,089,660		93,124,678										87,367,669		
Culture and recreation	301,837	341,857	733,262		1,140,022		1,005,810		302,671		271,094		195,982		243,764		380,119
Conservation and development	16,610,189	16,214,856	16,637,881		14,883,136		15,720,657		18,673,389		18,892,272		17,472,716		16,254,154		15,723,575
Capital grants and contributions									4 007 570				0.410.405		0.045.407		0.404.007
Public works	-	-	-		-		-		1,307,572		4,844,784		3,160,135		2,815,436		2,431,836
Human services	•	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,044,316		=
Culture and recreation	-	=	-		-		-		-		2,020,878		527,164		2,488,460		2,982,290
Total governmental activities revenues	163,906,450	155,372,019	148,911,703		149,066,497		153,985,199		153,574,465		168,852,843		166,801,475		155,393,610		145,422,027
Business-type Activities:																	
Charges for services:	70.044.47-	(0.474 :	(3.45::		(7.407./		40.040 :-:		(0.500.055		70.040.05		0/ 070 05-		00.050.74-		10 700 15-
Human Services - Health Choices Fund	70,346,629	68,171,492	67,156,734		67,407,409		68,012,606		68,599,898		78,812,900		86,270,929		93,253,713		42,792,427
Public Works - Human Service Building	1,507,035	1,233,260	1,491,423		1,408,740		1,368,655		1,372,156		1,358,321		1,366,488		1,346,726		1,247,283
Public Works - Solid Waste Fund	895,602	861,306	1,200,381		1,027,329		195,323		203,690		97,752		109,067		99,051		88,062
Public Safety - Emergency 911	5,505,946	4,965,596	4,133,262		3,941,635		4,422,486		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and Recreation - Fort Hunter	41,150	44,835	48,414		38,461		48,672		44,514		44,554		51,435		46,337		41,787
Operating Grants and Contributions																	
Human Services - Health Choices Fund	-	-	67,993		231,482		5,229		95,831		54,268		90,310		-		-
Public Works - Solid Waste Fund	72,630	67,596	-		-		-		-		-		-		41,254		68,831
Public Safety - Emergency 911			-		_		-		-		_		-				
Culture and Recreation - Fort Hunter	_	_	-		52,061		_		-		_		_		-		_
_	70.2/0.022	75 244 625	74.000.007				74.052.074		70.217.022		00 2/7 705		07.000.000		04 707 001	_	44 220 202
Total Business-type Activities Revenues	78,368,992	75,344,085	74,098,207		74,107,117		74,052,971		70,316,089		80,367,795		87,888,229		94,787,081		44,238,390
Total Primary Government Revenues	242,275,442	230,716,104	223,009,910		223,173,614		228,038,170		223,890,554		249,220,638		254,689,704		250,180,691		189,660,417

(continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - LAST TEN YEARS

For Years Ending December 31,

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

	2010	 2011	2012	 2013		2014	 2015		2016	2017	 2018	 2019
Net Expenses Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (100,739,940) (1,133,304)	\$ (110,455,383) (3,515,322)	\$ (110,234,098) (3,130,229)	\$ (107,827,708) (3,212,990)	\$	(108,648,814) (3,041,758)	\$ (110,377,341) (450,264)	\$	(111,213,195) (705,538)	\$ (115,965,188) (507,806)	\$ (117,224,509) (593,183)	\$ (130,428,849) (2,048,719)
Total Primary Government Net Expenses	\$ (101,873,244)	\$ (113,970,705)	\$ (113,364,327)	\$ (111,040,698)	\$	(111,690,572)	\$ (110,827,605)	\$	(111,918,733)	\$ (116,472,994)	\$ (117,817,692)	\$ (132,477,568)
General Revenue and Other Changes In Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes:												
Properly taxes, levied for general purpose Hotel taxes In-lieu of Taxes Unrestricted investment Income Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Market Value of Instruments	\$ 98,914,846 8,458,641 1,700,024 517,651 64,132	\$ 98,588,435 8,900,896 1,261,808 353,772 4,339	\$ 99,828,373 9,074,534 1,900,267 239,826 60,535	\$ 100,484,797 9,725,114 1,772,152 170,979 90,003	\$	101,557,300 10,680,070 1,793,658 267,267 58,978	\$ 102,381,207 10,957,914 2,813,934 (317,957) (24,964)	\$	103,874,126 11,359,510 2,184,946 122,676	\$ 104,379,322 11,717,786 2,157,821 1,046,462	103,088,831 12,077,750 2,225,269 1,844,697	105,637,703 12,562,023 2,198,474 2,340,838
Miscellaneous Gain/(Loss) on Asset Disposal	6,713	6,900	11,311	(36,738)			2,286,775 (441,830)		1,551,190 3,320,275	2,565,544	3,734,897	2,055,487
Loss on Guaranteed Debt Payments Swap Proceeds Swap Option Termination Payments/Swap Termination Fees	(2,363,500)	-	(17,139,378) 505,000	-		-	-		-	-	-	-
Transfers from Component Unit Transfers from/(to) Primary Government	635,589	637,609 0	619,624	1,100,606		1,677,955	(363,745)		-	-	-	-
Transfers in/(out) of Capital Assets and Long-Term Liabilities Transfers in/(out)	0 (1,411,552)	0 (665,116)	(802,494)	(2,669,177)		(3,577,026)	242,026 594,404		(504,741)	(527,094)	(1,479,181)	(1,021,377)
Special Items Proceeds from Incinerator Settlement Allowance for Incinerator Debt Payments			-	7,045,600 (6,043,741)		- -	-		-	-	-	-
Total Governmental Activities	106,522,544	109,088,643	94,297,598	 111,639,595	_	112,458,202	 118,127,764	-	121,907,982	 121,339,841	121,492,263	123,773,148
Business-type Activities: Unrestricted Investment Income	46,524	26,286	12,582	6,887		9,286	2,851		9,769	27,754	48,610	62,021
Gain/(Loss) on Asset Disposal Miscellaneous Transfers in/(out) of Capital Assets and Long-Term Liabilities	-	-	389,426	-		- - -	(242,026)		- -	4,892	- - -	- - -
Transfers in/(out) Total Business-type Activities	 1,411,552 1,458.076	665,116 691,402	802,494 1,204,502	2,669,177 2.676.064		3,577,026 3,586,312	(594,404) (833,579)		504,741 514.510	527,094 559,740	 1,479,181 1,527,791	 1,021,377
Total Primary Government	\$ 107,980,620	\$ 109,780,045	\$ 95,502,100	\$ 114,315,659	\$	116,044,514	\$ 117,294,185	\$	122,422,492	\$ 121,899,581	\$ 123,020,054	\$ 124,856,546
Change In Net Position Governmental activities Business-type Activities	\$ 5,782,604 324,772	\$ (1,366,740) (2,823,920)	\$ (15,936,500) (1,925,727)	\$ 3,811,887 (536,926)	\$	3,809,388 544,554	\$ 7,750,423 (1,283,843)	\$	10,694,787 (191,028)	\$ 5,374,653 51,934	\$ 4,267,754 934,608	\$ (6,655,701) (965,321)
Total Change in Net Position	\$ 6,107,376	\$ (4,190,660)	\$ (17,862,227)	\$	\$	4,353,942	\$ 6,466,580	\$	10,503,759	\$ 5,426,587	\$ 5,202,362	\$ (7,621,022)

Note 1: This schedule is being prepared prospectively in accordance with GASB 63.

Note 2: The County implemented GASB Statement 65 in 2013 and GASB Statement 68 in 2015; and, therefore, prior years have not been adjusted to reflect the implementation of these standards.

(concluded)

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source - Last Ten Years For the Year Ending December 31, (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

Year	Real Estate Tax	Hotel Room Tax	Total
2010	\$ 98,914,846	\$ 8,458,641	\$ 107,373,487
2011	98,588,435	8,900,896	107,489,331
2012	99,628,373	9,074,534	108,702,907
2013	100,484,797	9,725,114	110,209,911
2014	101,577,300	10,680,070	112,257,370
2015	102,381,207	10,957,914	113,339,121
2016	103,874,126	11,359,510	115,233,636
2017	104,379,322	11,717,786	116,097,108
2018	103,088,831	12,077,750	115,166,581
2019	105,637,703	12,562,023	118,199,726

Schedule of Governmental Fund Balances

For the years ended December 31, (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

	 2010		2011	2012	2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	2017		2018		2019
General Fund:													
Reserved	\$ 48,693,315	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved	47,343,928		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-
Nonspendable	-		47,835,377	45,251,837	9,747,318	11,650,424	16,772,783	15,556,960	16,560,026		18,420,481		17,855,172
Assigned	-		20,871,756	13,586,946	-	5,673,324	8,872,094	12,454,580	12,275,149		16,986,306		15,008,563
Unassigned	 		22,492,245	 11,683,415	 27,750,848	 27,247,543	 24,262,396	 21,130,318	 23,194,418	_	11,359,603		14,398,093
Total general fund	\$ 96,037,243	\$	91,199,378	\$ 70,522,198	\$ 37,498,166	\$ 44,571,291	\$ 49,907,273	\$ 49,141,858	\$ 52,029,593	\$	46,766,390	\$	47,261,828
All other governmental funds:													
Reserved													
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Other Nonmajor Funds	25,369,743		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-
Nonspendable	-		2,534,470	3,975,280	3,939,726	3,907,114	3,655,000	1,241,905	1,222,093		1,189,805		1,325,572
Restricted	-		34,245,154	28,776,237	18,862,587	19,238,760	23,298,783	22,988,391	23,515,769		21,117,884		32,074,988
Assigned	-		-	-	5,978,924	2,360,554	2,841,566	6,377,707	8,844,525		15,698,520		7,178,566
Unassigned	 	_		 	 	-	 (24,972)	 	 	_	(143,930)	_	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 44,101,769	\$	36,779,624	\$ 32,751,517	\$ 28,781,237	\$ 25,506,428	\$ 29,770,377	\$ 30,608,003	\$ 33,582,387	\$	37,862,279	\$	40,579,126
Total fund balances of all governmental funds	\$ 140,139,012	\$	127,979,002	\$ 103,273,715	\$ 66,279,403	\$ 70,077,719	\$ 79,677,650	\$ 79,749,861	\$ 85,611,980	\$	84,628,669	\$	87,840,954

Schedule of Changes in Governmental Fund Balances - Last Ten Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

		2010	2011	- 2	2012	2013	2014	2015		2016		2017	2018		2019
Revenues:															
Property Taxes	\$	98,928,619	\$ 98,746,079	\$ 9	99,745,703	\$ 100,610,002	\$ 101,593,952	\$ 102,161,789	\$	104,430,716	\$	104,674,431	\$ 105,236,657	\$	105,926,477
Hotel Taxes		8,458,641	8,900,896		9,074,534	9,725,114	10,580,070	10,957,914		11,359,510		11,717,786	12,077,750		12,562,023
Intergovernmental		135,810,438	128,516,500	12	23,054,965	121,467,341	128,946,120	130,342,265		145,524,478		142,532,893	128,165,982		119,929,398
Charges for services		24,209,696	20,900,323	2	20,586,292	21,465,080	19,112,027	20,816,043		20,365,325		21,904,835	21,689,219		22,610,620
License and Permits		81,145	79,916		111,168	110,694	105,213	107,491		129,273		165,921	160,732		156,495
Court Costs and Fines		5,195,912	5,271,488		5,117,532	5,438,374	5,596,484	5,122,600		5,018,713		4,355,647	5,377,677		4,923,988
Interests and Rents		679,636	432,195		380,933	324,158	294,008	220,956		479,552		1,046,462	1,844,697		2,357,430
Miscellaneous Revenue		211,430	1,791,516		1,861,441	2,293,984	2,051,250	2,286,775		1,551,190		2,565,544	3,601,147		2,055,487
Total revenues	_	273,575,517	264,638,913	25	59,932,568	 261,434,747	268,279,124	272,015,833	_	288,858,757	_	288,963,519	278,153,861		270,521,918
Expenditures															
Current:															
General government:		15,246,114	13,310,093	1	13,632,054	20,606,693	12,568,616	13,795,509		12,546,041		12,774,602	14,822,441		13,724,414
Judicial		56,732,643	57,423,430	Ę	58,345,058	59,453,828	60,991,551	62,896,565		62,834,027		63,825,449	64,651,665		66,041,213
Public safety		11,964,637	40,787,150	4	43,495,804	39,311,668	37,522,009	44,593,238		45,091,034		45,991,418	47,702,335		51,395,630
Public works		4,683,407	1,578,056		1,179,281	1,194,333	6,855,353	1,761,453		1,078,435		1,339,098	1,217,556		915,140
Human services		115,854,754	113,897,014	10	07,793,163	105,885,655	104,690,413	106,878,569		113,039,405		115,871,738	102,816,585		93,445,367
Culture and recreation		10,088,173	10,585,517	1	10,766,861	12,131,061	12,822,560	13,377,664		13,807,651		14,215,710	16,769,900		18,221,632
Conservation and development		14,388,173	18,137,502	1	13,489,492	18,761,162	16,583,950	11,730,470		20,715,865		13,548,786	12,944,387		11,324,949
Debt service:															
Principal		5,571,115	8,607,154		7,571,138	43,660,909	19,088,532	29,655,798		26,047,302		15,917,222	12,035,082		12,577,024
Interest		5,456,580	5,284,554		5,045,163	5,508,225	5,661,010	4,965,306		4,401,171		4,064,872	3,914,890		3,737,706
Bond Issuance Costs		-	-		-	184,383	269,393	238,546		204,773		424,625	351		185,000
Capital outlay		8,376,398	7,827,806		7,331,881	1,087,821	1,396,911	1,210,603		9,216,502		7,875,070	1,422,705		3,569,287
Total expenditures	_	248,361,994	277,438,276	26	68,649,895	307,785,738	278,450,298	291,103,721		308,982,206		295,848,590	278,297,897		275,137,362
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)															
expenditures		25,213,523	(12,799,363)		(8,/1/,32/)	 (46,350,991)	 (10,1/1,1/4)	 (19,087,888)	_	(20,123,449)		(6,885,0/1)	 (144,036)	_	(4,615,444)

(continued)

Schedule of Changes in Governmental Fund Balances - Last Ten Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

	2010	2011		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Other financing sources (uses):	 			 				 		 -	
Transfers in	\$ 16,546,130	\$ 15,286	5,068	\$ 20,788,649	\$ 16,116,304	\$ 15,006,095	\$ 19,094,348	\$ 20,139,834	\$ 17,312,738	\$ 18,871,705	\$ 24,330,240
Transfers out	(17,957,682)	(15,95	1,184)	(21,591,143)	(18,785,481)	(18,583,121)	(18,499,944)	(20,644,575)	(17,839,832)	(20,350,886)	(25,351,617)
Transfer from Component Unit	635,589	63	7,609	619,624	1,100,606	1,677,955	104,544	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Component Unit	-		-	-	-	-	(468,289)	-	-	-	-
Proceeds (loss) from Asset Disposal	6,713	(5,900	11,311	(36,738)	-	27,437	3,321,471	-	-	-
Swap Termination transactions/fees	(2,363,500)		-	-	-	-	(1,146,000)	(1,076,900)	-	-	-
Swap Proceeds	-		-	505,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to Bond Escrow Agent	(23,610,000)	(16,46	5,000)	-	(14,955,000)	(8,080,000)	-	-	(18,645,431)	-	-
Bond premium	560,109	1,09	1,219	-	-	116,368	2,595,006	1,357,680	2,104,367	-	-
Bond discount	-		-	-	-	(33,164)	-	-	-	-	-
Loss on Guaranteed Debt Payments	-		-	(17,139,378)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of General Obligation Debt	34,746,500		-	-	-	-	-	-	4,355,000	-	7,693,000
Issuance of Refunding Bonds	23,380,000	15,65	5,000	-	15,905,000	18,080,000	19,425,000	14,690,000	16,775,000	-	
Issuance of Note	-		-	-	-	4,272,723	7,034,518	1,279,250	-	-	
Issuance of Capital Lease Debt	318,850	378	3,741	817,977	9,010,129	1,412,634	521,199	1,128,900	8,685,348	506,156	1,156,106
Gain on Asset Disposal	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	133,750	
Total other financing sources (uses)	32,262,709	639	9,353	(15,987,960)	8,354,820	13,869,490	28,687,819	 20,195,660	 12,747,190	 (839,275)	7,827,729
Special Items											
Proceeds from Incinerator Settlement	-		-	-	7,045,600	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allowance for Incinerator Debt Payments	-		-	-	(6,043,741)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Special Items	-		-	-	1,001,859	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances	24,476,232	(12,16	0,010)	(24,705,287)	(36,994,312)	3,798,316	9,599,931	72,211	5,862,119	(983,311)	3,212,285
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	115,662,780	140,139	9.012	127,979,002	103,273,715	66,279,403	70,077,719	79,677,650	79,749,861	85,611,980	84,628,669
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 140,139,012	\$ 127,97		 103,273,715	\$ 66,279,403	\$ 70,077,719	\$ 79,677,650	\$ 79,749,861	\$ 85,611,980	\$ 84,628,669	\$ 87,840,954
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4.0%		5.2%	4.8%	16.0%	8.9%	11.9%	10.2%	6.9%	5.8%	6.0%

(concluded)

General Government Expenditures by Function (1)

(modified-accrual basis of accounting)

Year	General Government	Judicial	Public Safety	Public Works	Human Services	Culture and Recreation	Conservation and Development	Capital Projects	(2) (3) Debt Service	Totals
2010	\$ 15,246,114	\$ 56,732,643	\$ 44,964,637	\$ 4,683,407	\$ 115,854,754	\$ 10,088,173	\$ 14,388,173	\$ 8,376,398	\$ 11,027,695	\$ 281,361,994
2011	13,310,093	57,423,430	40,787,150	1,578,056	113,897,014	10,585,517	18,137,502	7,827,806	13,891,708	277,438,276
2012	13,632,054	58,345,058	43,495,804	1,179,281	107,793,163	10,766,861	13,489,492	7,331,881	12,616,301	268,649,895
2013	20,606,693	59,453,828	39,311,668	1,194,333	105,885,655	12,131,061	18,761,162	1,087,821	49,353,517	307,785,738
2014	12,568,616	60,991,551	37,522,009	6,855,353	104,690,413	12,822,560	16,583,950	1,396,911	25,018,935	278,450,298
2015	13,795,509	62,896,565	44,593,238	1,761,453	106,878,569	13,377,664	11,730,470	1,210,603	34,859,650	291,103,721
2016	12,546,041	62,834,027	45,091,034	1,078,435	113,039,405	13,807,651	20,715,865	9,216,502	30,653,246	308,982,206
2017	12,774,602	63,825,449	45,991,418	1,339,098	115,871,738	14,215,710	13,548,786	7,875,070	20,406,719	295,848,590
2018	14,822,441	64,651,665	47,702,335	1,217,556	102,816,585	16,769,900	12,944,387	1,422,705	15,950,323	278,297,897
2019	13,724,414	66,041,213	51,395,630	915,140	93,445,367	18,221,632	11,324,949	3,569,287	16,499,730	275,137,362

NOTES:
(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, Permanent, and Capital Projects Funds.
(2) Includes interest and bond issuance costs on general obligation debt.

⁽³⁾ Does not include Enterprise Funds debt.

Schedule of General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) - Last Ten Years For the years ended December 31,

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

Year	Property and Hotel Tax		Intergovernmental		Charges for Services		nse, Permits, rt Costs, and Fines	st, Rents, and estments	Mi	scellaneous	(1) Totals		
2010	\$	107,387,260	\$	135,810,438	\$	24,209,696	\$ 5,277,057	\$ 679,636	\$	211,430	\$	273,575,517	
2011		107,646,975		128,516,500		20,900,323	5,351,404	432,195		1,791,516		264,638,913	
2012		108,820,237		123,054,965		20,586,292	5,228,700	380,933		1,861,441		259,932,568	
2013		110,335,116		121,467,341		21,465,080	5,549,068	324,158		2,293,984		261,434,747	
2014		112,274,022		128,946,120		19,112,027	5,701,697	294,008		2,051,250		268,379,124	
2015		113,119,703		130,342,265		20,816,043	5,230,091	220,956		2,286,775		272,015,833	
2016		115,790,226		145,524,478		20,365,325	5,147,986	479,552		1,551,190		288,858,757	
2017		116,392,217		142,532,893		21,904,835	4,521,568	1,046,462		2,565,544		288,963,519	
2018		117,314,407		128,165,982		21,689,219	5,538,409	1,844,697		3,601,147		278,153,861	
2019		118,488,500		119,929,398		22,610,620	5,080,483	2,357,430		2,055,487		270,521,918	

NOTES:

⁽¹⁾ Includes General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds.

Schedule of Governmental Funds Tax Revenues by Source - Last 10 Years For the years ended December 31,

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

Year	Re	al Estate Tax	Ho	tel Room Tax	Total
2010	\$	98,928,619	\$	8,458,641	\$ 107,387,260
2011		98,746,079		8,900,896	107,646,975
2012		99,745,703		9,074,534	108,820,237
2013		100,610,002		9,725,114	110,335,116
2014		101,593,952		10,680,070	112,274,022
2015		102,161,789		10,957,914	113,119,703
2016		104,430,713		11,359,510	115,790,223
2017		104,674,431		11,717,786	116,392,217
2018		105,236,657		12,077,750	117,314,407
2019		105,926,477		12,562,023	118,488,500

Schedule of Property Values - Last 10 Years For the years ended December 31,

For the years ended December 31 (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

Year	 (1) Residential Property	 (1) Commercial Property	(1) Agricultural Property	(1) Industrial Property	 (3) Other	 Total	 (2) Exempt	Total Direct Tax Rate	(1) Estimated Market Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Market Value
2010	\$ 8,790,639,500	\$ 4,320,013,750	\$ 310,311,900	\$ 748,251,100	\$ 301,244,000	\$ 14,470,460,250	\$ 4,108,566,150	7.226	\$ 21,146,516,861	68.4%
2011	8,890,294,923	4,338,908,450	313,365,500	730,916,300	295,648,400	14,569,133,573	4,107,421,300	7.226	20,669,325,991	70.5%
2012	8,963,647,300	4,331,973,550	286,507,500	733,711,500	324,170,700	14,640,010,550	4,144,296,920	7.226	19,953,769,047	73.4%
2013	9,420,281,350	4,005,908,800	283,588,100	699,856,700	325,655,700	14,735,290,650	4,030,420,000	7.226	20,262,690,702	72.7%
2014	9,581,558,650	3,936,089,200	281,767,300	684,724,800	316,865,300	14,801,005,250	4,025,899,196	7.226	19,398,434,141	76.3%
2015	9,642,380,250	3,882,252,800	280,645,400	698,184,600	282,003,600	14,785,466,650	4,033,739,400	7.226	20,118,761,927	73.5%
2016	9,721,601,400	4,106,159,450	277,855,700	717,676,400	352,739,700	15,176,032,650	4,157,065,650	7.226	20,252,831,208	74.9%
2017	10,534,967,600	3,494,135,100	314,980,900	709,749,000	485,227,900	15,539,060,500	4,144,214,950	7.226	21,257,264,705	73.1%
2018	10,675,772,800	3,157,567,447	323,096,800	1,155,326,198	388,659,957	15,700,423,202	4,187,161,350	7.226	22,144,461,497	70.9%
2019	10,794,910,748	3,088,944,574	327,261,500	1,258,601,155	361,994,357	15,831,712,334	4,241,890,503	7.226	23,878,902,464	66.3%

Sources:

Notes:

(3) Category includes Lots, Trailers, Land, Seasonal, etc.

⁽¹⁾ PA State Tax Equalization Board

⁽²⁾ Dauphin County Tax Assessment - Includes utilities and exempt properties

Schedule of Real Estate Millage Rates - Last Ten Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

	Cou	unty Direct Rate	S	Overlapp	Total	
(1) Year	Basic Rate	Library Tax	Total Rate	(2) Municipalities	(2) School District	
2010	6.876	0.35	7.226	3.948	18.650	29.824
2011	6.876	0.35	7.226	3.928	18.944	30.098
2012	6.876	0.35	7.226	4.260	19.111	30.596
2013	6.876	0.35	7.226	4.327	19.344	30.897
2014	6.876	0.35	7.226	4.362	19.632	31.221
2015	6.876	0.35	7.226	4.610	19.999	31.835
2016	6.876	0.35	7.226	4.673	20.427	32.326
2017	6.876	0.35	7.226	4.843	20.502	32.571
2018	6.876	0.35	7.226	4.923	20.976	33.125
2019	6.876	0.35	7.226	4.270	20.965	32.462

Notes:

Source: Tax Assessment Office

⁽¹⁾ The fiscal year shown represents the calendar year for the County and Municipalities and the fiscal year for School Districts which begins in July of the year shown and spans six months into the next calendar year.

⁽²⁾ Each unit within these classes levies its own millage rate. The rate shown are an average.

Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
County Direct Rates:											
General	6.876	6.876	6.876	6.876	6.876	6.876	6.876	6.876	6.876	6.876	6.876
Debt	0.350	0.350	0.350	0.350	0.350	0.350	0.350	0.350	0.350	0.350	0.350
Total direct rate	7.226	7.226	7.226	7.226	7.226	7.226	7.226	7.226	7.226	7.226	7.226
School District Rates											
Central Dauphin	13.860	13.860	13.860	14.3170	14.3173	14.6008	14.8622	15.2188	16.1160	16.5672	16.5672
Derry Township	16.520	16.990	16.990	17.5510	17.5541	17.9227	18.1019	18.1019	18.1019	18.5363	18.7958
Halifax Area	18.530	19.750	20.450	20.4500	20.4500	20.4500	21.9600	22.4870	22.4870	22.4870	22.4870
Harrisburg City	25.199	26.307	26.307	26.9650	27.9156	27.9156	27.9156	27.8000	27.8000	28.8008	29.7800
Lower Dauphin	18.100	18.100	18.420	18.4200	18.4200	18.4200	18.4200	18.4200	18.4200	18.4200	18.4200
Middletown Area	19.948	20.660	20.990	21.4000	21.8100	22.1500	22.1500	22.1500	22.1500	22.1500	22.6900
Millersburg Area	16.575	17.221	17.221	17.6170	18.0221	18.5267	18.9898	19.5974	19.5974	20.8109	21.0190
Steelton-Highspire	23.337	24.337	24.337	24.8370	25.4770	25.4770	25.4770	26.2770	26.2770	27.4770	27.4770
Susquehanna Township	15.970	16.430 20.374	16.430 20.374	16.4300	16.8400	17.0200 20.3540	17.0200	17.5306	17.5306	18.5977	19.0254 19.9860
Susquenita Upper Dauphin	20.765 15.400	15.400	15.400	19.5550 16.7566	19.5320 16.7566	17.2425	21.6660 17.6908	22.8100 18.2745	22.8100 18.2745	22.5260 18.8775	18.8775
Williams Valley	14.010	14.370	14.370	15.0300	15.0300	15.5100	15.7300	16.4600	16.4600	16.4600	16.4600
vvinianis valley	14.010	14.570	14.570	10.0000	10.0000	10.0100	10.7500	10.4000	10.4000	10.4000	10.4000
City											
Harrisburg - Land	28.6700	28.6700	28.6700	30.9700	30.9700	30.9700	30.9700	30.9700	30.9700	30.9700	30.9700
Harrisburg - Building	4.7800	4.7800	4.7800	5.1600	5.1600	5.1600	5.1600	5.1600	5.1600	5.1600	5.1600
Borough Rates											
Berrysburg	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500	0.5500
Dauphin	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000
Elizabethville	4.4000	4.4000	4.4000	4.4300	4.9000	4.9000	5.6500	5.6500	5.6500	5.6500	6.0000
Gratz	0.8025	0.8025	0.8025	0.8025	0.8025	0.8025	0.8025	0.8025	0.8025	0.8025	0.8025
Halifax	2.5280 11.3500	2.5280 12.3500	2.5280 12.3500	3.5280 14.3000	3.5280 14.9500	3.5280 15.8000	4.0280 17.5000	4.0280 18.5000	4.0280 18.5000	4.0280 18.5000	5.0280 19.0000
Highspire Hummelstown	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.3500	2.3500	2.3500	2.3500	2.3500	2.8500	2.8500	2.8500
Lykens	3.9200	3.9200	3.9200	4.4200	4.4200	4.4200	4.4200	4.4200	4.4200	4.6700	5.1700
Middletown	5.6310	5.6310	5.6310	5.6310	5.6310	5.6310	5.6310	5.6310	5.6310	5.6310	7.6310
Millersburg	4.7780	4.8780	4.8780	5.1180	5.1180	5.1180	5.2680	5.4180	5.9500	6.2000	7.2750
Paxtang	10.0000	10.7300	10.7300	10.7300	10.7300	11.2300	11.2300	11.2300	11.2300	11.2300	11.2300
Penbrook	8.7500	9.0000	9.0000	9.4500	9.4500	9.7000	9.9500	10.4500	10.9500	11.2000	11.2000
Pillow	0.6000	0.6000	0.6000	0.6000	0.6000	0.6000	0.6000	0.6000	0.6000	1.1000	3.0000
Royalton	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.2000	3.3250	3.5750	4.0000	4.2500
Steelton - Land	12.0000	14.0000	14.0000	15.0000	15.0000	15.0000	17.0000	17.0000	17.0000	17.0000	15.0000
Steelton - Building	14.0000	14.0000	14.0000	15.0000	15.0000	15.0000	17.0000	17.0000	17.0000	17.0000	15.0000
Williamstown	6.6500	6.6500	6.6500	6.6500	6.6500	6.6500	6.6500	6.6500	6.0500	6.6500	6.6500
Townships											
Conewago	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Derry	1.0966	1.0966	1.0966	1.4466	1.4466	1.4466	1.4466	1.4466	1.9881	1.9881	2.5381
East Hanover	0.3600	0.3600	0.3600	0.3600	0.3600	0.3600	0.3600	0.3600	0.3600	0.3600	0.3600
Halifax	0.9300	0.9300	0.9300	0.9300	0.9300	0.9300	0.9300	0.9300	0.9300	0.9300	0.9300
Jackson	0.2200	0.2200	0.2200	0.2200	0.2200	0.2200	0.2200	0.2200	0.2200	0.2200	0.2200
Jefferson	0.7800	0.7800	0.7800	0.7800	0.7800	0.7800	0.7800	0.7800	0.7800	0.7800	0.7800
Londonderry	1.0700	1.0700	1.0700	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000
Lower Paxton	0.8750	0.8750	0.8750	1.3000	1.3000	1.3000	1.7000	1.9500	1.9500	1.9500	2.0565
Lower Swatara	3.2700	3.2700	3.2700	3.2700	4.2400	4.2400	4.2800	4.2800	4.2800	4.3760	4.3760
Lykens Middle Paxton	0.2500 2.0000	0.2500 2.0000	0.2500 1.1700	0.2500 1.1700	0.5000 1.1700	0.5000 1.0000	0.5000 1.1700	0.5000 1.1700	0.5000 N/A	0.5000 N/A	0.5000 N/A
Mifflin	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000
Reed	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000
Rush	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.4200	0.4200
South Hanover	0.4611	0.4611	0.4611	0.4611	0.4611	0.4611	0.4611	0.4611	0.4611	0.4611	0.4611
Susquehanna	1.7980	2.5980	2.5980	3.0980	3.0980	3.0980	3.0980	3.0980	3.4000	3.4000	4.2250
Swatara	1.9400	2.1900	2.1900	3.3957	3.7639	3.7639	3.7639	3.7639	3.7639	3.7639	3.6473
Upper Paxton	0.4780	0.4780	0.4780	0.4780	0.4780	0.4780	0.4780	0.4780	0.4780	0.7725	0.8240
Washington	1.4400	1.4400	1.4400	1.4400	1.4400	1.4400	1.4400	1.4400	1.4400	2.2100	1.4400
Wayne	0.5174	0.5174	0.5174	0.5174	0.5174	0.5174	0.5174	0.5174	0.5174	0.5174	0.5174
West Hanover	1.1857	1.1857	1.1857	1.1857	1.2534	1.2534	1.2534	1.2534	1.2534	1.2534	1.3254
Wiconisco	4.3340	4.3400	4.3400	4.3400	4.3400	4.3400	5.3400	5.3400	5.3400	5.3400	5.9000
Williams	1.4600	1.4600	1.4600	1.4600	1.4600	1.4600	1.4600	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000

Source: Tax Assessment Office

Schedule of Principal Real Estate Tax Payers - Last Ten Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

		2019		2010						
	Taxable		(1) Percentage of Total		Taxable			(2) Percentage of Total		
	Assessed		Assessed		Assessed			Assessed		
	Value	Rank	Value		Value	F	Rank	Value		
Taxpayer:			_							
GLP Capital LP	\$ 191,800,000	1	1.24%							
HERCO	170,800,100	2	1.10%	\$	186,385,500		1	1.34%		
Harristown Dev Corp	155,435,100	3	1.00%		137,874,600		2	0.99%		
Hershey Foods	147,794,150	4	0.95%		120,672,200		3	0.86%		
Boyd and Mahoney Partners	76,381,400	5	0.49%		44,816,900	*	7	0.32%		
Milton Hershey School	72,030,300	6	0.46%		59,584,400		5	0.43%		
Prologis	49,721,100	7	0.32%							
Keystone	38,111,700	8	0.25%							
Tyco Electronics Corp	33,721,300	9	0.22%		54,493,500	*	6	0.39%		
Clabell Management	24,974,400	10	0.16%		41,682,600	*	8	0.30%		
Fledman Lubert Alder Harrisburgh LP					66,495,300		4	0.48%		
M & T					28,008,500	*	9	0.20%		
AmerGen Energy Co.					22,773,700	*	10	0.16%		
Total	\$ 960,769,550	- -	6.19%	\$	762,787,200	- -		5.46%		

Source : Tax Assessment Office

⁽¹⁾ Percentage based on total County taxable assessed valuation for 2019

⁽²⁾ Percentage based on total County taxable assessed valuation for 2010

* 2010 Taxable Assessed Value unable to be located. Used the 2007 Taxable Assessed Value.

Schedule of County Real Estate Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

Collected within the fiscal

				year of th	ie Levy	Co	llections in	Total Collected to Date				
		Taxes Levied		Δ .	Percent of	Sı	ubsequent			Percent of		
December 31		for the Year		Amount	Levy	Years			Amount	Levy		
2010	\$	100,310,788	\$	95,661,211	95.36%	\$	4,443,908	\$	100,105,119	99.79%		
2011		100,581,807		96,079,271	95.52%		4,301,159		100,380,430	99.80%		
2012		101,091,307		96,542,384	95.50%		4,329,161		100,871,545	99.78%		
2013		101,808,655		97,238,430	95.51%		4,341,281		101,579,711	99.78%		
2014		102,447,585		97,977,268	95.64%		4,220,779		102,198,047	99.76%		
2015		103,317,837		98,957,498	95.78%		4,055,495		103,012,993	99.70%		
2016		104,875,872		100,582,872	95.91%		3,881,634		104,464,506	99.61%		
2017		105,445,153		101,346,382	96.11%		2,017,396		103,363,778	98.03%		
2018		106,170,633		102,015,877	96.09%		2,136,914		104,152,791	98.10%		
2019		107,011,181		102,979,745	96.23%		-		102,979,745	96.23%		

Source : Budget & Finance

Schedule of County Library Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

Collected within the fiscal

		year of t	he Levy	Collections in	Total Collected to Date				
Year Ended December 31	Taxes Levied for the Year	Amount	Percent of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Levy			
2010	\$ 4,343,207	\$ 4,125,061	94.98%	\$ 207,728	\$ 4,332,789	99.76%			
2011	4,348,072	4,137,582	95.16%	200,217	4,337,799	99.76%			
2012	4,368,905	4,154,506	95.09%	203,548	4,358,054	99.75%			
2013	4,401,998	4,186,429	95.10%	203,916	4,390,345	99.74%			
2014	4,428,413	4,215,732	95.20%	200,104	4,415,836	99.72%			
2015	4,465,023	4,258,360	95.37%	191,298	4,449,658	99.66%			
2016	4,532,022	4,330,918	95.56%	180,444	4,511,362	99.54%			
2017	4,554,797	4,359,896	95.72%	95,260	4,455,156	97.81%			
2018	4,587,929	4,389,873	95.68%	99,352	4,489,225	97.85%			
2019	4,622,838	4,429,946	95.83%	-	4,429,946	95.83%			

Source: Budget & Finance

Schedule of Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

			Gov	ernment Activi	ties			Business-type	e Activ	vities					
Fiscal Year	General Infrastri Obligation Bank (Bonds Loa			ennsylvania nfrastructure Bank (PIB) Loans	ucture (PIB) Capital			General Obligation Bonds		Capital Lease	(Total Primary Government	Percentage of Total Personal Income		Per Capita
2010	\$	163,315,200	\$	-	\$	5,452,397	\$	441,388	\$	4,936,910	\$	174,145,895	1.62%	\$	649.56
2011		155,457,980		-		5,078,985		-		4,529,546		165,066,511	1.46%		613.36
2012		148,377,283		-		4,985,824		-		4,120,470		157,483,577	1.35%		583.40
2013		105,968,117		-		13,145,044		-		3,831,049		122,944,210	1.04%		452.97
2014		97,751,563		4,272,723		13,305,646		-		3,690,546		119,020,478	0.97%		437.22
2015		92,484,215		10,908,917		12,690,069		-		2,995,000		119,078,201	0.93%		435.90
2016		85,252,312		10,822,351		12,452,238		5,699,665		-		114,226,566	0.89%		416.70
2017		80,409,740		9,631,767		15,495,948		5,444,713		-		110,982,168	0.83%		402.53
2018		70,224,590		8,411,113		14,427,676		5,195,360		-		98,258,739	0.70%		357.94
2019		67,090,391		7,176,225		14,221,647		4,946,242		-		93,434,505	*		340.06

^{*} Information not yet available

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Schedule of Ratios of General Debt to Assessed Value of Real Estate and General Obligation Debt per Capita - Last Ten Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	(1) Population	(2)(3) Assessed Value	(4) General Debt Obligation	Ratio of General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value	Oblig	Seneral gation Debt er Capita
2010	268,100	\$ 14,470,460,250	\$ 163,756,588	1.13%	\$	610.80
2011	269,119	14,569,133,573	155,457,980	1.07%		577.66
2012	269,940	14,640,010,550	148,377,283	1.01%		549.67
2013	271,420	14,735,290,650	105,968,117	0.72%		390.42
2014	272,219	14,801,005,250	97,751,563	0.66%		359.09
2015	273,176	14,785,466,650	92,484,215	0.63%		338.55
2016	274,121	15,176,032,650	90,951,977	0.60%		331.79
2017	275,710	15,293,578,050	85,854,453	0.56%		311.39
2018	274,515	15,386,611,200	75,419,950	0.49%		274.74
2019	278,299	15,511,957,452	72,036,633	0.46%		258.85

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ U.S. Census Bureau, American Factfinder

⁽²⁾ PA State Tax Equalization Board

⁽³⁾ Does not include Exempt and Utility assessments.

⁽⁴⁾ Annual financial statements of Dauphin County

Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

Governmental Unit		Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt (1)		
School District						
Central Dauphin School District	\$	150,429,945	100%	\$	150,429,945	
Derry Township School District	Ψ	34,021,513	100%	Ψ	34,021,513	
Halifax Area School District		19,637,703	100%		19,637,703	
Harrisburg City School District		257,635,153	100%		257,635,153	
Lower Dauphin School District		19,845,000	100%		19,845,000	
Middle Town Area School District		54,248,694	100%		54,248,694	
Millersburg Area School District		8,720,000	100%		8,720,000	
Steelton-Highspire School District		20,790,000	100%		20,790,000	
Susquehanna Township School District		N/A	N/A		N/A	
Upper Dauphin Area School District		N/A	N/A		N/A	
Dauphin County Technical School		15,915,000	100%		15,915,000	
Boroughs						
Berrysburg Borough		_	100%		-	
Dauphin Borough		2,657,000	100%		2,657,000	
Elizabethville Borough		N/A	N/A		N/A	
Gratz Borough		N/A	N/A		N/A	
Halifax Borough		-	100%		-	
Highspire Borough		4,408,678	100%		4,408,678	
Hummelstown Borough		5,878,000	N/A		5,878,000	
Lykens Borough		-	100%		-	
Middletown Borough		1,898,947	N/A		1,898,947	
Millersburg Borough		40,510	100%		40,510	
Paxtang Borough		-	100%		-	
Penbrook Borough		N/A	N/A		N/A	
Pillow Borough		-	100%		-	
Royalton Borough		307,254	100%		307,254	
Steelton Borough		-	100%		-	
Williamstown Borough		-	100%		-	
City						
City of Harrisburg		N/A	100%		N/A	

(continued)

Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	(Debt Dutstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable		Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt (1)
Conewago Township		N/A	N/A		N/A
Derry Township	\$	34,021,513	100%	\$	34,021,513
East Hanover Township	·	641,492	100%	·	641,492
Halifax Township		N/A	N/A		N/A
Jackson Township		-	100%		-
Jefferson Township		28,224	100%		28,224
Londonderry Township		N/A	100%		N/A
Lower Paxton Township		N/A	100%		N/A
Lower Swatara Township		5,657,618	100%		5,657,618
Lykens Township		-	100%		-
Middle Paxton Township		N/A	N/A		N/A
Mifflin Township		-	100%		-
Reed Township		-	100%		-
Rush Township		N/A	N/A		N/A
South Hanover Township		N/A	N/A		N/A
Susquehanna Township		41,293,954	100%		41,293,954
Swatara Township		N/A	N/A		N/A
Upper Paxton Township		-	100%		-
Washington Township		-	100%		-
Wayne Township		N/A	N/A		N/A
West Hanover Township		N/A	N/A		N/A
Wiconisco Township		N/A	N/A		N/A
Williams Township		-	100%		-
Subtotal, overlapping debt				\$	678,076,198
County of Dauphin direct Debt					89,692,263
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	767,768,461

Source: Each Individual governmental unit

N/A - Information Unavailable

Note 1 - Method to calculate overlapping debt is the percentage applicable multiplied by the total debt report by each governmental unit.

(concluded)

Schedule of Computation of Legal Debt Margin - Last Ten Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

	_	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	_	2015		2016		2017		2018	_	2019
Borrowing Base Revenues																				
Two Years Prior Prior Year Current Year	\$	361,385,555 369,624,436 351,871,879	\$	369,624,436 351,871,879 339,915,402	\$	351,871,879 339,915,402 335,651,388	\$	339,915,402 335,651,388 343,533,014	\$	335,651,388 343,533,014 342,426,866	\$	343,533,014 342,426,866 342,236,091	\$	342,426,866 342,236,091 369,172,284	\$	342,236,091 368,692,656 376,914,421	\$	369,172,284 376,761,438 372,899,688	\$	376,761,438 372,899,688 314,691,477
Total Revenues	\$	1,082,881,870	\$	1,061,411,717 -	\$	1,027,438,669	\$	1,019,099,804	\$	1,021,611,268	\$	1,028,195,971	\$	1,053,835,241	\$	1,087,843,168	\$	1,118,833,410	\$	1,064,352,603
Debt Limit for General Obligation Bonds																				
Average borrowing base revenues Debt Limit Percentage Debt Limit Total outstanding bonded debt	x	360,960,623 300% 1,082,881,869 161,616,500	x	353,803,906 300% 1,061,411,718 152,511,500	x	342,479,556 300% 1,027,438,668 145,851,500	x	339,699,935 300% 1,019,099,805 103,991,500	x	340,537,089 300% 1,021,611,267 96,155,000	x	342,731,990 300% 1,028,195,970 89,275,000	x	351,278,414 300% 1,053,835,242 87,180,000	x	362,723,271 300% 1,088,169,813 81,220,000	x	372,944,470 300% x 1,118,833,410 71,745,000		354,784,201 300% 1,064,352,603 69,223,000
Legal Debt Margin	\$	921,265,369	\$	908,900,218	\$	881,587,168	\$	915,108,305	\$	925,456,267	\$	938,920,970	\$	966,655,242	\$	1,006,949,813	\$	1,047,088,410	\$	995,129,603
Total outstanding bonded debt as a percent of debt limit		14.92%		14.37%		14.20%		10.20%		9.41%		8.68%		8.27%		7.46%		6.41%		6.50%
Debt limit for general obligation bonds and lease rental debt																				
Average borrowing base revenues Debt Limit Percentage Debt Limit Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit	x	360,960,623 400% 1,443,842,492 161,616,500	\$ x	353,803,906 400% 1,415,215,624 152,511,500	x	342,479,556 400% 1,369,918,224 145,851,500	x\$	339,699,935 400% 1,358,799,740 103,991,500	x	340,537,089 400% 1,362,148,356 100,427,723	x	342,731,990 400% 1,370,927,960 100,183,917	x	351,278,414 400% 1,405,113,656 98,002,351	x	362,723,271 400% 1,450,893,084 90,851,767	x	372,944,470 400% x 1,491,777,880 80,156,113		354,784,201 400% 1,419,136,804 76,399,225
Legal Debt Margin	\$	1,282,225,992	\$	1,262,704,124	\$	1,224,066,724	\$	1,254,808,240	\$	1,261,720,633	\$	1,270,744,043	\$	1,307,111,305	\$	1,369,229,556	\$	1,411,621,767	\$	1,342,737,579
Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit as a percentage of debt limit		11.19%		10.78%		10.65%		7.65%		7.37%		7.31%		6.97%		6.26%		5.37%		5.38%

Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

Year	Population		Total Personal Income (in thousands)		Personal Income			Pe Cap Pers s) Inco			Median Household Income			School Enrollment (1)	Annual Average Unemployment Rate (2)
2010	268,100	(C)	\$	10,768,929	(B)	\$	40,144	(B)	\$	51,871	(A)	41,105	8.0		
2011	269,119	(A)		11,311,459	(B)		42,031	(B)		52,228	(A)	41,541	7.6		
2012	269,940	(A)		11,651,602	(B)		43,157	(B)		53,816	(A)	41,510	7.4		
2013	271,420	(A)		11,802,266	(B)		43,502	(B)		52,975	(A)	42,369	6.8		
2014	272,219	(A)		12,236,308	(B)		44,974	(B)		54,232	(A)	43,881	5.4		
2015	273,176	(A)		12,789,632	(B)		46,851	(B)		53,754	(A)	44,604	4.5		
2016	274,121	(A)		13,100,657	(B)		47,864	(B)		54,968	(A)	45,166	4.8		
2017	275,710	(A)		13,436,175	(B)		48,733	(B)		54,968	(A)	45,964	4.5		
2018	274,515	(A)		14,027,717	(B)		51,100	(B)		57,071	(A)	47,394	3.9		
2019	278,299	(D)		*	(B)		*	(B)		58,916	(A)	48,732	4.0		

Notes: * - Information not yet available

Sources: (1) Pennsylvania Department of Education

(2) Annual, not seasonally adjusted from Pennsylvania Department of Labor & Industry, Labor Market Information, Center for workforce Information & Analysis

(A) U.S. Census Bureau, American Factfinder

(B) Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce

(C) U.S. Census 2010 Data

(D) U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates Program (PEP)

Schedule of Principal Employers

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

		2019			2010	
			Percentage of Total			Percentage of Total
Employer (1)	Employees (2)	Rank (1)	County Employment	Employees (2)	Rank (1)	County Employment
PA State Gov't	15,358	1	11.05%	17,529	1	13.56%
Milton S Hershey Medical Center	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	2	N/A
Hershey Entertainment & Resorts Co	N/A	3	N/A	N/A	4	N/A
The Hershey Company	N/A	4	N/A	N/A	3	N/A
UPMC Pinnacle Health Hospitals	N/A	5	N/A	N/A	5	N/A
Federal Government *	2,483	6	1.79%	1,062*	6	N/A
United Parcel Service	N/A	7	N/A	N/A	9	N/A
PHEAA	N/A	8	N/A	N/A	8	N/A
Pennsylvania State University	N/A	9	N/A	N/A		N/A
Tyco Electronics Corporation	N/A	10	N/A	N/A	7	N/A
Central Dauphin School District	N/A		N/A	N/A	10	N/A

Total Employees in County (1)

139,000

129,300

Sources:

N/A - Information not available

⁽¹⁾ Pennsylvania Department of Labor & Industry, Labor Market Information, Center for workforce Information & Analysis

⁽²⁾ Employment numbers self-reported by company

^{*} Excludes United States Postal data for 2010

Schedule of Full Time Employees by Function/Program - Last Ten Years For the years ended December 31, (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

		(,							
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund Departments										
Adult Probation and Parole	81	81	82	84	84	89	92	93	94	92
Adult Prob Work Release Center	55	64	65	66	65	66	66	66	67	64
Affordable Housing Admin	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Budget and Finance	4	4	4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Chesapeake Bay Project	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	1
Clerk of Courts	14	13	14	14	12	13	13	14	14	15
Commissioners Office	11	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Conservation District	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	5	5
Controllers Office	12	12	12	12	10	10	10	12	11	11
Cooperative Extension Svc	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Coroner	7	7	8	8	7	7	7	7		
									8	8
Cost and Fines	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	5	5	5
County Solicitor	4	4	4	4	1	2	0	0	0	0
Court Administrators Office	8	7	6	5	6	7	9	9	10	9
Court Cryers	9	9	8	8	10	9	8	8	10	10
Court-Related Support Staff	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Court Reporters	13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	11	12
Criminal Investigation Division	15	15	14	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
District Attorney's Office	38	42	42	44	46	51	50	49	54	54
District Attorney-Drug Forf	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	2
Erosion & Sediment Control	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
District Court Judges	81	75	76	78	75	78	73	75	73	71
District Engineer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
D J Court Administrator	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
									2	2
Economic Development Office	4	4	5	5	6	5	5	6	6	5
Emergency Management Agency	9	9	9	8	7	8	8	8	7	8
Fed Forfeiture Jury Investigate	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Fort Hunter Operations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Human Services Director Office	9	8	9	9	7	10	9	9	10	9
Information Technology	23	22	22	22	22	20	21	21	23	19
Judicial Center	0	0	0	23	23	23	22	23	0	0
Judicial Law Clerks	10	10	10	10	10	9	10	8	11	10
Judicial Secretaries	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	8	10	11
Juvenile Probation	64	62	58	50	49	59	59	58	57	55
Juv Prob Community Base Unit	16	16	14	12	10	0	0	0	0	0
Juvenile Accountability Grant	3	3	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
Juvenile Expansion Grant	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PD Juvenile Unit Enhancement	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Law Library	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Manor Post Divestiture	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Night Court	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
North County Government Center	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Park and Recreation	17	17	17	15	15	15	16	16	15	15
Personnel Office	13	13	13	11	10	10	10	11	11	11
Postal Department	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Printing Department	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prison	293	283	289	279	276	281	282	275	286	298
Prothonotary	16	16	16	16	14	14	14	14	13	13
Public Defender	35	34	35	34	38	36	36	35	36	
							2			37
Purchasing - Central Office	2	2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2
Purchasing Warehouse	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Rapid Response	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Recorded of Deeds	10	9	9	8	6	6	6	5	6	5
Register of Wills	8	8	7	8	7	7	7	7	9	7
Risk Management	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Schaffner Center Detention	21	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Schaffner Center Shelter	28	26	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sheriff	41	44	47	43	41	40	40	38	38	35
Sheriff Licensing Division	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
•										
Security Department	26	23	25	24	24	23	24	24	24	22
Storm Water Projects	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suburban School Based Prob Unit	6	6	6	4	3	2	3	3	3	3
Tax Assessment	22	22	21	19	19	19	18	17	19	21
Tax Assessment Board of Appeals	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

(continued)

Schedule of Full Time Employees by Function/Program - Last Ten Years For the years ended December 31, (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund Departments (Continued)						_				
Tax Collector's	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Treasurers' Office	4	4	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
Veteran Affairs Office	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Voter Registration/Election	5	5	6	5	5	5	5	3	3	5
Water Resource Specialist	1	1 2	1 2	1	1 2	1	1	1	1	1
West Nile Project	2	0		2		1	2	2	1	2
Wildwood Lake Nature Center	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Community Gun Violence Grant	_	-	_		_				0	0
DA D & A RIP Grant	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gaming Board Grant	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PFA Enforcement Grant	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PSP Auto Theft Grant	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
Victim Witness State Grant	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non General Fund Departments										
Adoption Foster Care Analyst	0	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Adult Prob Supervision Fee	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
Agency on Aging	43	43	40	39	36	35	39	38	34	36
Aging Kitchen	12	12	12	12	12	0	0	0	0	0
Alternative Activities	3	3	3	2	5	5	6	6	5	6
C & Y Administration Dep	9	9	8	9	14	14	16	18	22	20
C & Y Adoption Assistance	27	29	30	34	35	67	79	69	65	77
C & Y Family Svcs System Ref	28	35	32	31	15	2	1	2	3	2
C & Y Foster Family Care	33	33	33	26	44	17	12	20	20	22
C & Y Protective Child Abuse	9	8	9	13	11	14	15	16	17	14
C & Y Service Planning	16	18	19	26	15	8	9	8	11	8
C & Y System of Care Grant	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C & Y Independent Living Specialist	6	6	6	6	1	1	1	1	1	1
Criminal Justice Enhancement Grant	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Special FGC Grant	2	3	3	0	6	6	6	6	5	6
D & A Administration	6	5	7	7	7	5	5	4	5	4
D & A Case Management Services	6	6	5	6	6	6	7	8	8	8
D & A Community Based Process	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D & A CRS Case Manage ODAP	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Department of Buildings & Grounds	16	16	16	16	15	15	16	16	14	12
DOJ-PFA Enforcement Grant	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Relations Office	82	89	87	86	87	87	86	86	80	84
EMA 911 Communications	57	60	60	60	59	57	59	56	53	58
Hotel Tax	2	2	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
MH Administration	15	15	15	15	14	15	15	15	14	15
MH/A/DP Emergency Care Services	17	18	18	18	15	16	20	18	22	20
A/DP Administration	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Prison Education Program	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Solid Waste Authority	6 7	6 7	6	6 7	7 0	7 0	6 0	7 0	7	7
Weatherization Weatherization ARRA Program	2	2	8 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
weathenzation Akika Program	Z	2	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U

Source: Human Resources (concluded)

Schedule of Operating Indicators by Function - Last Ten Years For the years ended December 31, (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Government - Administrative Fiscal Affairs										
Deed Transfers	6,375	5,957	6,256	6,854	6,865	7,258	7,765	7,805	8,032	8,115
Mortgages Recorded	12,444	11,072	11,924	11,702	9,042	9,492	9,717	8,972	8,732	9,272
Subdivision plans filed	104	122	88	90	111	118	92	90	105	81
Administration:										
General Election Information	187,760	170,965	173,429	175,862	175,478	173,845	180,020	181,339	404 074	402.004
Registered Voters at time of Primary Election Registered Voters at time of General Election	187,760	170,965	173,429	175,862	175,478	173,845	190,020	181,339	181,371 185,856	182,081 184,055
Votes Cast										
Primary Election	48,825	31,710	43,193 124,443	34,094	30,947	26,544	74,802	38,463	48,339	30,571
General Election Percent of Votes Cast - Primary	89,210 -	38,705	124,443	44,072 -	80,226	44,350	133,740	48,339	109,781	55,981 0
Percent of Votes Cast - General	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	0
Coroner										
Cases Referred	569	604	540	606	600	698	606	688	603	617
Autopsies	147	141	151	158	153	161	157	125	117	134
General Government - Judicial										
Court Services										
Criminal Cases Filed Summary Appeals Filed	6,128 317	5,232 258	6,357 243	6,324 275	6,785 291	7,329 269	7,002 248	6,875 258	6,811 331	6,428 317
Juvenile Delinquency Cases Filed	1,654	1,303	1,254	1,030	1,077	1,052	999	1,015	1,000	874
Juvenile Dependency Cases Filed	198	123	116	164	241	332	317	245	219	222
Marriage Applications Estates and Wills Probated	2,037 1,259	2,104 1,249	2,107 1,241	2,001 1,241	2,255 1,190	2,296 1,217	2,148 1,153	2,174 1,217	2,038 1,165	1,886 1,242
Petitions for Termination or Relinquishment	124	125	158	72	116	112	124	208	153	144
Petitions for Adoption	134	134	142	88	125	108	129	128	122	127
Civil Cases Filed Family Cases Filed	4,767 2,442	3,661 2,459	3,064 2,560	3,128 2,501	2,950 2,294	2,781 2,359	2,687 2,337	2,484 2,935	2,483 2,654	2,818 2,979
Municipal Tax Liens Filed	1,005	661	806	835	484	405	484	172	308	1,086
Notes Filed	7,179	4,888	4,063	4,449	5,217	4,506	3,741	3,011	3,035	3,582
Miscellaneous Criminal Cases Filed	1,407	1,422	1,600	1,706	1,897	1,805	1,727	1,892	1,943	2,175
Domestic Relations Active Cases	15,965	15,467	14,853	14,255	13,702	13,056	12,488	12,056	11,181	10,934
Sheriff:										
Firearm Permits Issued Prison Transports	2,115 6,492	2,396 6,069	3,973 5,182	3,971 7,509	3,251 7,869	3,297 7,023	4,335 7,083	4,560 6,794	3,774 6,742	3,663 6,909
Trison Turisports	0,472	0,007	3,102	7,507	7,007	7,023	7,000	0,774	0,142	0,000
Public Safety										
County Prison: (1)										
Average Daily Population In-house	943	943	999	998	1,055	1,028	1,036	1,037	1,065	1,002
Work Release	177	203	185	228	249	253	235	234	227	232
Total Average Daily Population	1,120	1,146	1,194	1,226	1,304	1,281	1,271	1,271	1,292	1,234
Commitments to Prison Release from Prison	5,918 5,976	5,869 5,848	5,909 5,815	6,165 6,128	6,353 6,265	6,076 6,109	6,082 6,137	6,421 6,360	6,242 6,230	5,723 5,911
	-,	-,	-,	-7	-1	-,	-,	-,	0,200	-,
Adult Probation: Adult Caseload	5,199	5,407	5,298	6,845	6,767	7,051	7,451	6,912	6,729	6,855
Juvenile Referrals	1,255	1,091	1,057	937	937	911	911	850	911	762
Intermediate Punishment Program	1,021	941	1,272	1,158	1,158	1,488	1,279	1,453	954	1,355
Accelerated Rehabilitative Disposition/DUI Program	516	535	729	1,221	1,221	1,585	903	918	901	1,009
Human Services										
Adult Services:										
Emergency Shelter Information/Referral/Cage Mgmt.	196 12,658	23 8,773	20 7,557	16 6,472	10 6,767	10 7,112	8 1,497	3 2,565	3	6
Transportation	12,000	0,773	- 1,331	0,472	0,707	7,112	1,497	2,303	2,510	3,421
Counselling	163	158	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
In Home Personal Care Employment/Job Coach	28 162	19 155		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Employment/300 coden	102	100	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-
Adult/Children Services:										
Case Management Food Assistance	1,199 10,338	1,173 46,756	237 56,014	216 50,477	202 49,105	170 50,633	170 41,459	269 52,570	282 56,941	881 110,838
Child Care	6,951	6,992	6,551	6,113	6,141	6,678	8,706	8,845	9,031	-
										(continued)

Schedule of Operating Indicators by Function - Last Ten Years For the years ended December 31, (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

Herenic Note Continued Personal Per		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Post											
Penel Absolution consumers 1136 1,741 1,761											
Personal process											
Performance 19,00											
Marcia											
Commers	Case Management	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,350	1,368	1,909	2,007	1,567	490
Commerce Company Com	Modical Transportation										
Page	·	4 816	5 672	5.099	5 302	5 558	5 856	6 579	3 611	3 242	3 461
Mail Service Mail											
Mail Service Mail											
No. 185,707 19,516 19,717 19,556 19,18 19,19 19,70 19,10 19,70 19,10 10,70											
Provision No. 1,000 1,		N/A	155 767	129 717	126 565	108 188	106 399	123 978	145 775	166 104	173 816
Month-Served MA											
Part	Congregate Meals Served										
Propose											
This NA 25-14 25-00 19-06 19-0		N/A	554	526	504	388	552	682	661	618	655
Persons served		N/Δ	25 144	25 001	25 944	20.326	17 505	17 007	18 618	17 267	23 970
Performance and Assessment Centeries MA 711 827 MA 828 MA 829 MA 820											
Children on North											
Chickers in Fourth Chickers	Adult day care days provided										
Manufacer Orderwals	Maintenance/Modification of homes	N/A	33	24	13	39	43	20	10	1	-
Manufacer Orderwals	Children & Youth										
Clients receiving homens warskes 413 388 311 309 301 327 277 609 370 529 520 527 478 540 550 527 478 540 520 527 478 540 520 527 478 540 520 527 478 540 520 527 478 540 520 527 478 540 520 527 478 540 520 527 528 520 527 528 520 528 520		4,847	4,806	5,373	4,585	4,639	6,462	6,267	7,367	7,291	8,630
Services provided Remajanory Sheliter Energy Profession Remajanory Sheliter Remajanory Sh										370	
Remital Assistance Park Park Park Park Park Park Park Park		936	825	703	558	365	405	516	527	479	540
Parageney Selector Paragen		A1/A	25		40	F.	447	07	00	00	47
Product		N/A	25	63	42	56	117	97	88	60	47
Papellate HM Rebus (Short Vange)		N/A	4	2	3	14	23	35	30	32	39
Papellate HM Rebay Chery Language 156 116 118 118 129 139 120											
Properties 14											
Highland Hough Jabota											
Page	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
Partial Mognetinal Partial Mognetinal Partial Mognetinal Plance 2,370 1,478 1,042 1,248 1,366 1,1261 1,466 1,867 1,887 1,883 1,866 1,047 1,465 1,667 1,675 1		.,			· ·	Ü					
Outpaleint Progree 2,70 1,74 1,04 1,258 1,366 1,121 1,446 1,845 1,887 1,883 Outpaleint Maintenance 8,3 19 4,33 3,43 4,18 3,26 3,26 2,23 3,77 2,67 3,05 CM Assessments Inspiration psychiatric treatment Inspiration p	Inpatient Hospital Treatment & Rehab					1				-	-
Outpatient Maintenance (uppatient) 54 (a) 330 43 (b) 348 226 (b) 340 363 (b) 348 326 (b) 366 223 (b) 37 (b) 27 (b) 305 365 (b) 365 223 (b) 37 (b											
HealthChoices											
MealthCholens	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
HealthCholics											
In-patient psychiatric treatment 18.00 18.70 1											
Number of In-patient consumers 1802 1809 1870 18,700 18,700 18,700 19,500 18,700 19,500 18,700 19,500 18,700 19,500 18,700 19,500 18,700 19,500 18,700 19,500 18,700 19,500 18,700 19,500 18,700 19,500 18,700 19,500 18,700 19,500 18,700 18,700 19,500 18,70											
Number of Lipsteint clays (15,40) (18,73) (18,73) (18,73) (18,74) (19,75) (19,		902	960	025	940	9.42	902	1 127	1 162	1.004	1 120
Out-patient psychiatric treatment Cout-patient psychiatric treatment 6,060 6,388 6,758 6,840 7,536 8,303 9,928 10,193 10,912 9,826 Number of out-patient days 157,457 150,313 161,394 147,036 19,575 177,477 202,379 157,132 155,400 146,419 Psychiatric Partial Hospitalization 45 380 421 301 378 380 418 422 429 414 Number of Units 71,825 61,574 67,529 51,185 55,920 57,099 55,333 56,232 54,702 55,396 Targeted Case Management 25,80 2,524 2,310 2,274 2,193 2,165 2,207 2,088 2,149 2,102 Number of Units 295,337 289,301 280,697 251,566 194,621 193,193 19,361 190,104 175,805 176,806 SHS 1,000 3,000 8,000 830 6,247 10,990 12,986 14,849 <td></td>											
Number of out-patient days provided though though though though the patient days provided to pat		,	10,100			,		- 1,	,	,	
Psychiatric Partial Hospitalization Number of Consumers 45 380 421 301 378 380 418 422 429 541 428 548		6,060		6,758		7,536	8,303		10,193	10,912	9,985
Number of Consumers 1454 1380 421 301 378 380 418 422 429 4419 Number of Units 77,025 167,025		157,457	150,313	161,394	147,036	19,575	177,477	202,379	157,132	155,400	145,419
Number of Units 71,825 61,574 67,529 51,185 5,920 57,099 55,333 56,232 54,702 55,396 Targeted Case Management Number of Consumers 2,580 2,524 2,310 2,274 2,193 2,165 2,207 2,088 2,149 2,120 Number of Units 293,337 289,301 280,697 251,366 194,621 193,193 193,861 190,104 175,805 176,806		454	200	401	201	270	200	410	422	400	44.4
Targeted Case Management Number of Consumers 2,580 2,524 2,310 2,274 2,193 2,165 2,207 2,088 2,149 2,120 Number of Units 295,337 289,301 280,697 251,366 194,621 193,193 193,661 190,00 176,805 176,805 Crisis Intervention 971 975 1,057 976 950 830 1,237 1,356 1,384 1,499 Number of Consumers 971 9,755 1,057 976 950 830 1,237 1,356 1,384 1,499 Number of Units 8,181 9,459 9,981 8,185 9,836 6,640 9,515 12,56 13,884 1,499 Members 1,850 1,953 2,040 2,118 1,942 1,891 1,844 1,720 1,675 1,645 Julits 1,268,804 1,292,730 1,344,600 1,419,346 1,245,39 1,097,680 923,67 802,201 790,069 732,656 <											
Number of Consumers 2,580 2,580 2,24 2,310 2,274 2,193 2,165 2,207 2,088 2,149 2,120 Number of Units 295,337 289,301 280,697 251,366 194,621 193,193 193,861 190,104 175,805 176,806 Crisis Intervention Number of Consumers 971 975 1,057 976 950 830 1,237 1,356 1,384 1,469 Number of Units 8,181 9,459 9,981 8,845 9,836 6,640 9,515 12,247 10,990 12,968 BHRS Hembers 1,860 1,860 1,963 2,000 2,118 1,942 1,891 1,844 1,720 1,675 1,645 1,045 1,		71,023	01,374	07,527	31,103	33,720	37,077	33,333	30,232	54,762	35,550
Number of Units 295,37 289,301 280,697 251,366 194,621 193,193 193,861 190,104 175,805 176,806 Crisis Intervention Number of Consumers Number of Consumers Number of Units Number of Consumers Number of Units Number of Consumers Number of Units Number of U	3	2,580	2,524	2,310	2,274	2,193	2,165	2,207	2,088	2,149	2,120
Number of Consumers Number of Units 971 975 1,057 976 950 830 1,237 1,356 1,384 1,469 BRRS BRRS Members 1,850 1,953 2,040 2,118 1,942 1,891 1,844 1,720 1,675 1,645 Units 1,268,004 1,292,730 1,344,600 1,419,346 1,245,398 1,097,680 923,607 802,201 790,069 732,656 Family Based Mental Health Number of Consumers 325 322 296 213 198 203 223 255 303 326 Number of Units 146,802 140,314 123,052 83,669 76,198 77,444 97,581 11,048 130,965 117,160 Peer Support Number of Units 10,585 8,986 16,264 17,581 11,91 14,431 11,02 7,996 6,827 In-patient drug & alcohol 20 1,624 17,581 16,74 11,191 14,431 11,02 7,996	Number of Units	295,337	289,301	280,697	251,366	194,621	193,193	193,861	190,104	175,805	176,806
Number of Units 8,181 9,459 9,981 8,845 9,836 6,640 9,515 12,247 10,990 12,968 BHRS Members 1,850 1,953 2,040 2,118 1,492 1,891 1,844 1,720 1,675 1,645 Units 1,268,804 1,292,730 1,344,600 1,419,346 1,245,398 1,097,680 982,607 802,201 790,069 732,656 Family Based Mental Health Number of Consumers 325 322 296 213 198 203 236 255 303 326 Number of Units 146,802 140,314 123,052 83,669 76,198 77,444 97,581 11,048 130,965 117,160 Peer Support 8 98 121 102 99 113 110 110 116 102 Number of Consumers 8 8,98 16,264 17,581 16,741 11,191 14,431 11,002 7,996 6,827		074	075	4.057	07/	050	000	1 007	4.05/	4 004	4 400
BHRS Members 1,850 1,952 2,040 2,118 1,942 1,891 1,844 1,720 1,675 1,646 Units 1,268,804 1,292,730 1,344,600 1,419,346 1,245,398 1,097,680 923,607 802,201 790,069 732,656 Family Based Mental Health Number of Consumers 325 322 296 213 198 203 236 255 303 326 Number of Consumers 325 322 296 213 198 203 236 255 303 326 Peer Support 890 121 102 99 113 110 110 116 102 Number of Consumers 898 188 16,264 17,581 16,741 11,191 14,431 11,002 7,996 6,827 Number of Consumers 898 898 16,264 17,581 16,741 11,191 14,431 11,002 7,996 6,827 Number of Consumers <											
Members 1,850 1,953 2,040 2,118 1,942 1,891 1,844 1,720 1,675 1,645 Units 1,268,804 1,292,730 1,344,600 1,419,346 1,245,398 1,097,680 923,607 802,201 790,069 732,656 Family Based Mental Health Number of Consumers 325 322 296 213 198 203 235 255 303 326 Number of Units 146,802 140,314 123,052 83,669 76,198 77,444 97,581 11,048 130,965 117,160 Peer Support Number of Consumers 88 98 121 102 99 113 110 11 116 102 Number of Units 10,585 8,98 16,264 17,591 16,741 11,191 14,431 11,020 7,996 6,827 In-patient drug & alcohol 8 12 25 19 18 19 34 16 22 20 <		0,101	7,437	7,701	0,043	7,030	0,040	7,515	12,277	10,550	12,500
Family Based Mental Health Number of Consumers 325 322 296 213 198 203 236 255 303 326 Number of Units 146,802 140,314 123,052 83,669 76,198 77,444 97,581 11,048 130,965 117,160 Peer Support Number of Consumers 88 98 121 102 99 113 110 110 116 102 Number of Units 10,585 8,986 16,264 17,581 16,741 11,191 14,431 11,002 7,996 6,827 In-patient drug & alcohol 8 12 25 19 18 19 34 16 22 20 Members 18 12 25 19 18 19 34 16 22 20 Units 23 195 344 270 160 361 386 246 130 126 Non-hospital drug & alcohol 8 15 592		1,850	1,953	2,040	2,118	1,942	1,891	1,844	1,720	1,675	1,645
Number of Consumers 325 322 296 213 198 203 236 255 303 326 Number of Units 146,802 140,314 123,052 83,669 76,198 77,444 97,581 11,048 130,965 117,160 Peer Support Number of Consumers 88 98 121 102 99 113 110 110 116 102 Number of Units 10,585 8,986 16,264 17,581 16,741 11,191 14,431 11,020 7,996 6,827 In-patient drug & alcohol Members 18 12 25 19 18 19 34 16 22 20 Units 231 195 344 270 160 361 386 246 130 126 Non-hospital drug & alcohol Members 448 510 592 476 585 605 960 1,055 1,104 1,046 <t< td=""><td>Units</td><td>1,268,804</td><td>1,292,730</td><td>1,344,600</td><td>1,419,346</td><td>1,245,398</td><td>1,097,680</td><td>923,607</td><td>802,201</td><td>790,069</td><td>732,656</td></t<>	Units	1,268,804	1,292,730	1,344,600	1,419,346	1,245,398	1,097,680	923,607	802,201	790,069	732,656
Number of Units 146,802 140,314 123,052 83,669 76,198 77,444 97,581 11,048 130,965 117,160 Peer Support Number of Consumers 88 98 121 102 99 113 110 110 116 102 Number of Units 10,585 8,986 16,264 17,581 16,741 11,191 14,431 11,020 7,996 6,827 In-patient drug & alcohol Members 18 12 25 19 18 19 34 16 22 20 Units 231 195 344 270 160 361 386 246 13.0 126 Non-hospital drug & alcohol Members 48 510 592 476 585 605 960 1,055 1,104 1,046 Units 20,345 21,404 21,404 20,960 24,999 24,853 39,914 41,115 43,257 42,260				e							
Peer Support Number of Consumers 88 98 121 102 99 113 110 110 116 102 Number of Units 10,585 8,986 16,264 17,581 16,741 11,191 14,431 11,020 7,996 6,827 In-patient drug & alcohol 48 12 25 19 18 19 34 16 22 20 Units 231 195 344 270 160 361 386 246 130 126 Non-hospital drug & alcohol 48 510 592 476 585 605 960 1,055 1,104 1,046 Units 20,345 21,404 21,404 20,960 24,999 24,853 39,914 41,115 43,257 42,260											
Number of Consumers 88 98 121 102 99 113 110 110 116 102 Number of Units 10,585 8,986 16,264 17,581 16,741 11,191 14,431 11,020 7,996 6,827 In-patient drug & alcohol Wembers 18 12 25 19 18 19 34 16 22 20 Units 231 195 344 270 160 361 386 246 130 126 Non-hospital drug & alcohol Members 448 510 592 476 585 605 960 1,055 1,104 1,046 Units 20,345 21,404 21,404 20,960 24,999 24,853 39,914 41,115 43,257 42,260		140,802	140,314	123,032	03,009	/0,198	11,444	186,16	11,048	130,900	117,100
Number of Units 10,585 8,986 16,264 17,581 16,741 11,191 14,431 11,020 7,996 6,827 In-patient drug & alcohol Members 18 12 25 19 18 19 34 16 22 20 Units 231 195 344 270 160 361 386 246 130 126 Non-hospital drug & alcohol Members 448 510 592 476 585 605 960 1,055 1,104 1,046 Units 20,345 21,404 21,404 20,960 24,999 24,853 39,914 41,115 43,257 42,260		88	98	121	102	99	113	110	110	116	102
In-patient drug & alcohol Members 18 12 25 19 18 19 34 16 22 20 Units 231 195 344 270 160 361 386 246 130 126 Non-hospital drug & alcohol Members 448 510 592 476 585 605 960 1,055 1,104 1,046 Units 20,345 21,404 21,404 20,960 24,999 24,853 39,914 41,115 43,257 42,260											
Units 231 195 344 270 160 361 386 246 130 126 Non-hospital drug & alcohol Members 448 510 592 476 585 605 960 1,055 1,104 1,046 Units 20,345 21,404 21,404 20,960 24,999 24,853 39,914 41,115 43,257 42,260											
Non-hospital drug & alcohol Members 448 510 592 476 585 605 960 1,055 1,104 1,046 Units 20,345 21,404 21,404 20,960 24,999 24,853 39,914 41,115 43,257 42,260											
Members 448 510 592 476 585 605 960 1,055 1,104 1,046 Units 20,345 21,404 21,404 20,960 24,999 24,853 39,914 41,115 43,257 42,260		231	195	344	2/0	160	361	386	246	130	126
Units 20,345 21,404 21,404 20,960 24,999 24,853 39,914 41,115 43,257 42,260		448	510	592	476	585	605	960	1,055	1,104	1,046
(continued)											42,260
											(continued)

Schedule of Operating Indicators by Function - Last Ten Years For the years ended December 31, (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Other Services										
Members	305	307	320	470	515	417	381	1,812	1,837	2,917
Units	4,359	4,760	5,181	6,507	10,146	10,810	14,832	119,219	136,078	188,394
RTF accredited										
Members	108	95	76	47	38	32	32	44	34	27
Units	18,352	16,633	12,123	9,114	5,602	5,602	5,737	7,816	4,071	4,736
RTF non-accredited										
Members	8	9	8	8	8	6	6	9	8	6
Units	1,233	1,463	1,826	2,135	1,620	1,180	1,302	1,909	1,928	1,494
Mental Health/Autism/Developmental Programs										
Mental Health										
Crisis Intervention Services	2,394	2,235	2,457	2,023	2,431	2,371	2,409	2,359	2,489	2,371
Emergency Services	1,115	1,026	1,052	1,321	1,731	1,574	1,623	1,815	1,692	1,753
Community treatment team consumers	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	25	19	19	15	13	13
Community residential team consumers	403	436	413	401	397	389	405	396	399	393
Community employment consumers	28	22	12	9	9	4	28	79	93	138
Community vocational rehab consumers	36	35	27	17	15	8	6	-	-	-
Administrative case management consumers	2,966	4,552	4,395	4,518	3,426	3,688	3,428	3,174	2,088	1,603
Partial Hospitalization consumers	70	74	67	67	55	38	38	41	33	28
Psychiatric outpatient consumers	993	970	800	800	734	572	282	197	192	114
Social rehab consumers	504	483	480	480	201	196	196	123	119	129
Family based consumers	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
Housing support consumers	9	8	8	5	234	253	234	201	219	168
Psychiatric inpatient consumers	6	7	5	15	17	10	6	1	1	5
Community Services	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	1	2,100	1,196	1,183	1,169
Targeted Case Management	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	903	823	752	748	901	852
Family Support Services	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3	1	38	103	51	32
Psychiatric Rehabilitation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	1	81	102	12	-
Peer Support Services	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	11	36	27	24	24
Consumer driven services	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	-	197	97	101
Intellectual Disabilities										
Community hab (ADT) consumers	-	70	68	285	71	71	64	57	57	61
Number of workshop/vocational consumers	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supported employment consumers	-	47	51	55	70	54	47	25	18	11
Respite service consumers	-	19	22	23	-	-	-	-	-	-
Behavioral Specialist consumers	-	8	4	2 7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Number of transportation consumers Family support consumers	-	3 111	4 110	7 85	18 90	25 97	16 86	10 84	9 88	8 89
Residential consumers	-	40	28	18	33	26	17	10	11	7
Case Management services	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	217	233	227	333	563	588
•										
Early intervention Program consumers	526	573	707	705	677	659	730	794	853	1,020

Source: By reporting data.

N/A - Information not available

(concluded)

 $^{^{\}star}$ Drug and Alcohol Services - Data based on fiscal year.

⁽¹⁾ County Prison - Prior to 2011, Work Release figures did not include males sent directly to Work Release from the Courts nor did the figures include Work Release males who were from another County. Since mid-March 2011, all inmates at Male Work Release have been processed through DCP before being transferred to Work Release and are, therefore, captured in the Work Release.

Schedule of Capital Asset Statistics by Function - Fleet - Last Ten Years For the years ended December 31, (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function											
	Government Fund										
	Corrections										
	Motor Vehicles	4.0									
	Juvenile Probation	17	17	20	20	19	16	15	23	22	22
	Adult Probation	45	37	34	33	30	26	25	27	29	29
	Youth Detention Center	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-		
	Prison	10	9	9	10	10	9	10	10	11	11
	Work Release Ctr.	12	14	12	18	18	13	13	13	13	13
	Booking Center	•	-	-	-	•	-	•	1	-	
	Cultural and Recreations										
	Motor Vehicles										
	Parks	8	11	11	12	12	12	11	12	12	12
	General Government										
	Motor Vehicles										
	Commissioners	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	3	3
	Conservation District	6	7	6	9	9	9	12	9	10	10
	Coroner	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	5	5
	Information Technology	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Maintenance	13	19	16	14	13	19	18	20	17	17
	Purchasing	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
	Solid Waste	6	9	8	13	12	12	11	13	13	13
	Penn State Coop Extension	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Tax Assessment		1	1	1	1	1	1	3	4	4
	Weatherization	6	3	6	7	-	-	-	-	-	
	Human Services										
	Motor Vehicles										
	Aging	25	26	25	27	19	17	16	17	16	16
	Children and Youth				1	2	1	2	3	3	3
	MHID	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Drug and Alcohol	-	1	-	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
	Domestic Relations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Judicial										
	Motor Vehicles										
	District Attorney	_	_	_	_	_	27	25	26	_	
	CID	59	68	57	30	32	-	-	-	22	22
	Drug Task Force	3,	-	-	30	25	25	19	18	21	21
	Pre Trial	-	-	-	1	1	1	17	-		۷.
	Sheriff	27	27	27	33	22	21	20	19	21	21
	Public Safety										
	Motor Vehicles										
	Emergency Management	12	13	15	17	16	16	14	14	14	14
	Security	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	3	3

Source: Commissioners Office

N/A: Information not available

Schedule of Capital Asset Statistics by Function - Square Footage For the years ended December 31, (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function										
Square Footage of Buildings Owned by the County Court House	161,866	161,866	161,866	161,866	161,866	161,866	161,866	161,866	161,866	161,866
Administration Building	126,170	126,170	126,170	126,170	126,170	126,170	126,170	126,170	126.170	126,170
Human Services & Parking Garage	-	-	-	-	-	-	214,169	214,169	214,169	214,169
Adult Probation Officers	11,286	11,286	11,286	11,286	11,286	11,286	11,286	11,286	11,286	11,286
Work Release Center	50,270	50,270	50,270	50,270	50,270	50,270	50,270	50,270	50,270	50,270
EMA/Schaffner	54,403	54,403	54,403	54,403	54,403	54,403	54,403	54,403	54,403	54,403
EMA/Storage	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200
County Prison	223,838	223,838	223,838	223,838	223,838	223,838	223,838	223,838	223,838	223,838
Rutherford House	12,979	12,979	12,979	12,979	12,979	12,979	12,979	12,979	12,979	12,979
Coroners/Transportation Bulk Storage	31,247	31,247	31,247	31,247	31,247	31,247	31,247	31,247	31,247	31,247
AAA Kitchen	8,184	8,184	8,184	8,184	8,184	8,184	8,184	8,184	8,184	8,184
Detweiler Park Dwelling	=	-	=	•	-	-	1,768	1,768	-	
Detweiler Park Pole Building	=	-	=	•	-	-	6,075	6,075	-	=
Detweiler Park Barn	=	-	=	•	-	-	3,376	3,376	-	=
Detweiler Park Garage	=	-	=	•	-	-	680	680	-	=
Detweiler Park w/ Garage	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,759	5,759	-	-
Detweiler Park Garage/Carport	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,992	1,992	-	-
Detweiler Park Pool House	-	-	-	-	-	-	664	664	-	-
Lykens Glan Park - shop	912	912	912	912	912	912	912	912	912	912
Lykens Glan Park - storage shed	288	288	288	288	288	288	288	288	288	288
Lykens Glan Park - Lg. Pavillion	3,136	3,136	3,136	3,136	3,136	3,136	3,136	3,136	3,136	3,136
Lykens Glan Park - Sm Pavillion	861	861	861	861	861	861	861	861	861	861
Henninger Brifge - Covered Bridge	1,314	1,314	1,314	1,314	1,314	1,314	1,314	1,314	1,314	1,314
Wiconisco Park - maint. Garage 1	861	861	861	861	861	861	861	861	861	861
Wiconisco Park - maint. Garage 2	588	588	588	588	588	588	588	588	588	588
Wiconisco Park - pump house 1	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132
Wiconisco Park - pump house 2	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132
Wiconisco Park - irrigation house shed	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
Wiconisco Park - concession bldg.	840	840	840	840	840	840	840	840	840	840
Wiconisco Park - pavilion	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512
Wiconisco Park - maint. Garage 3	960	960	960	960	960	960	960	960	960	960
Fort Hunter Complex - mansion	9,920	9,920	9,920	9,920	9,920	9,920	9,920	9,920	9,920	9,920
Fort Hunter Complex - dairy bldg.	408	408	408	408	408	408	408	408	408	408
Fort Hunter Complex - ice house	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140
Fort Hunter Complex - barn Fort Hunter Complex - corn crib	12,700 135									
Fort Hunter Complex - controls Fort Hunter Complex - maint. Storage	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
Fort Hunter Complex - Haint: Storage	2.000	2,000	2.000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Fort Hunter Complex - bait shop	452	452	452	452	452	452	452	452	452	452
Fort Hunter Complex - maint. Bldg.	3,658	3,658	3,658	3,658	3,658	3,658	3,658	3,658	3,658	3,658
Fort Hunter Complex - closed storage	1,104	1,104	1,104	1,104	1,104	1,104	1,104	1,104	1,104	1,104
Fort Hunter Complex - open storage	912	912	912	912	912	912	912	912	912	912
Fort Hunter Complex - farm house	1,648	1,648	1,648	1,648	1,648	1,648	1,648	1,648	1,648	1,648
Fort Hunter Complex - tavern	3,432	3,432	3,432	3,432	3,432	3,432	3,432	3,432	3,432	3,432
Fort Hunter Complex - spring house	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630	630
Fort Hunter Complex - smoke house	36	36 2,332	36 2.332	36 2,332	36 2,332	36 2,332	36	36 2,332	36 2,332	36 2,332
Fort Hunter Complex - stable Fort Hunter Complex - east restroom	2,332 435	2,332 435	435	2,332 435	2,332 435	2,332 435	2,332 435	2,332 435	2,332 435	435
Fort Hunter Complex - west restrooms	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112
Fort Hunter Complex - east pavilion	688	688	688	688	688	688	688	688	688	688
Fort Hunter Complex - west pavilion	704	704	704	704	704	704	704	704	704	704
Fort Hunter Complex - church	2,248	2,248	2,248	2,248	2,248	2,248	2,248	2,248	2,248	2,248
Fort Hunter Complex - covered bridge replica	795	795	795	795	795	795	795	795	796	796
Wildwood Lake Nature Center	13,094	13,094	13,094	13,094	13,094	13,094	13,094	13,094	13,094	13,094
Wildwood Park Teaching Pavillion	526	526	526	526	526	526	526	526	526	526
Pavillion	- 404	665	665	665	665	665	665	665	665	665
Restroom Storage Building	121 1,064									
Storage Building Pavillion	880	1,064	880	1,064	1,064	1,064	1,064	1,064 880	880	880
Booking Center/Night Court	-	-	-	14.786	14,786	14,786	14.786	14.786	14.786	14,786
Magisterial District Court 12-1-04 O'Leary	6,085	6,085	6,085	6,085	6,085	6,085	6,085	6,085	6,085	6,085
Magisterial District Court 12-1-05 George Zo Zo	3,149	3,149	3,149	3,149	3,149	3,149	3,149	3,149	3,149	3,149
Magisterial District Court 12-2-01 Smith	2,392	2,392	2,392	2,392	2,392	2,392	2,392	2,392	2,392	2,392

229 (continued)

Schedule of Capital Asset Statistics by Function - Square Footage For the years ended December 31, (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Unaudited)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Square Footage of Buildings Leased by the County										
Veterans Memorial Building	57,000	57,000	57,000	57,000	57,000	57,000	57,000	57,000	57,000	57,000
Children and Youth Services	18,959	18,959	18,959	18,959	18,959	18,959	18,959	18,959	36,504	36,504
Human Services-Hoffman St.	2,512	2,512	2,512	2,512	2,512	2,512	2,512	2,512	2,512	2,512
Chestnut Street	39,250	39,250	39,250	39,250	39,250	39,250	39,250	39,250	39,250	39,250
Northern Dauphin Government Ctr	10,292	10,292	10,292	10,292	10,292	10,292	10,292	10,292	11,050	11,050
1100 Cameron Street	41,415	41,415	41,415	41,415	41,415	41,415	41,415	41,415	41,415	41,415
Magisterial District Court 12-1-01 J. Lenker	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,018
Magisterial District Court 12-1-02 Pianka	5,016	5,016	5,016	5,016	5,016	5,016	5,016	5,016	5,016	5,016
Magisterial District Court 12-1-06 Lindsey	2,455	2,455	2,455	2,455	2,455	2,455	2,455	4,955	4,955	4,955
Magisterial District Court 12-2-02 K. Lenker	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,018
Magisterial District Court 12-2-03 Judy	5,016	5,016	5,016	5,016	5,016	5,016	5,016	5,016	5,016	5,016
Magisterial District Court 12-2-04 McKnight	3,160	3,160	3,160	3,160	3,160	3,160	3,160	3,160	3,160	3,160
Magisterial District Court 12-2-05 Paul Zo Zo	3,354	3,354	3,354	3,354	3,354	3,354	3,354	3,354	3,354	3,354
Magisterial District Court 12-3-01 Margerum	3,545	3,545	3,545	3,545	3,545	3,545	3,545	3,545	3,545	3,545
Magisterial District Court 12-3-03 Johnson	2,064	2,064	2,064	2,064	2,064	2,064	2,064	2,064	2,064	2,064
Magisterial District Court 12-3-03 Wenner	20,480	20,480	20,480	20,480	20,480	20,480	20,480	20,480	20,480	20,480
Magisterial District Court 12-3-04 Pelino	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200

(concluded)